
Ranchview County Water District Grid Integrated Solar Power for Water Delivery

Preliminary Engineering Report



117-750919-24001
May 2025



TETRA TECH

Ranchview County Water District

Grid Integrated Solar Power for Water Delivery

Preliminary Engineering Report

PRESENTED TO

Ranchview County Water District Board of Directors

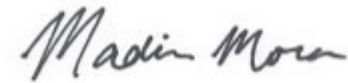
7735 N Montana Avenue
Helena, MT 59602

PRESENTED BY

Tetra Tech, Inc.

825 West Custer Ave. 406-443-5210
Helena, MT 59602 tetratech.com

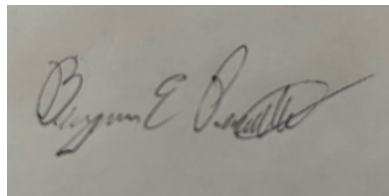
Prepared by:



Madison Moran,
Environmental Scientist

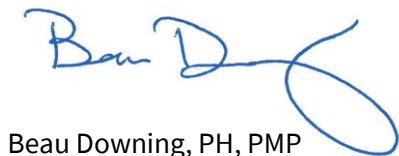
4/30/2025

Prepared by:



Eddie Persondek, Electrical Design
Engineer
4/30/2025

Reviewed by:



Beau Downing, PH, PMP
Project Manager

4/30/2025

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY 1

2.0 PROJECT PLANNING 1

 2.1 Location 2

 2.2 Environmental Resources Present..... 3

 2.3 Population Trends..... 4

 2.4 Community Engagement 4

3.0 EXISTING FACILITIES..... 4

 3.1 Location Map 4

 3.2 History..... 4

 3.3 Condition of Existing Facilities..... 5

 3.4 Financial Status of Any Existing Facilities..... 5

 3.5 Water/Energy/Waste Audits 5

4.0 NEED FOR PROJECT 5

 4.1 Health, Sanitation, and Security..... 5

 4.2 Aging Infrastructure 6

 4.3 Reasonable Growth 6

5.0 ALTERNATIVE CONSIDERED 6

 5.1 Alternative Design #1 Single Axis Tracker..... 7

 5.2 Alternative Design #2 Fixed Tilt..... 10

 5.3 Alternative Design #3: Fix Tilt System with BESS 13

6.0 SELECTED ALTERNATIVE DESIGN 16

 6.1 Life Cycle Cost Analysis 17

7.0 PROPOSED PROJECT 17

 7.1 Preliminary Project Design..... 17

 7.2 Project Schedule 18

 7.3 Permit Requirements 18

 7.4 Sustainability Considerations..... 18

 7.5 Total Project Cost Estimate 19

7.6 Annual Operating Budget.....19

8.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS..... 19

9.0 REFERENCES..... 21

LIST OF TABLES

Table 5-1. System Summary Table for Each Alternative 6

Table 5-2. Alternative #1 System Specifications.....8

Table 5-3. Alternative #2 System Specifications.....11

Table 5-4. Alternative #3 System Specifications.....14

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 2-1. Topographic map of Site Location. 2

Figure 5-1. Alternative #1 Map.....9

Figure 5-2. Alternative #2 Map.....12

Figure 5-3. Alternative #3 Map.....15

APPENDICES

Appendix A: Figures

Appendix B: Environmental Checklist

Appendix C: Site Photographs

Appendix D: Design Documents

Appendix E: NWE Electrical Permit

Appendix F: NWE Project Qualifications and Proposal Requirements

ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS

Acronyms/Abbreviations	Definition
AC	Alternating Current
AEP	Annual Energy Production (in kilowatt-hours or kWh)
BOP	Balance of Plant
BESS	Battery Energy Storage System
CE	Categorical Exclusion
CREST	Cost of Renewable Energy Spreadsheet Tool (NERL)
DC	Direct Current
DNRC	Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation
EA	Environmental Assessment
EIS	Environmental Impact Statement
FT	Fixed Tilt
GEW	Great West Engineering
ITC	Investment Tax Credit
kW	Kilowatts
kWh	Kilowatt hours
LOD	Limits of Disturbance; assumed equal to the Site, Site boundary and buildable area
NREL	National Renewable Energy Labs
NEW	NorthWestern Energy
PER	Preliminary Engineering Report
PTC	Production Tax Credit
PVPEL	Kiwa's PV Evolution Labs
RCWD	Ranchview County Water District
ROM	Rough Order of Magnitude
RRPG	Renewable Resources Planning Grant
SAT	Single-Axis Tracker(s)
SLD	Single-Line Diagram
SWDA	Safe Water Drinking Act
TBD	To be determined

Acronyms/Abbreviations	Definition
USB	Universal System Benefits
USD	United States Dollar
W2ASACT	Water, Wastewater, and Solid Waste Action Coordinating Team

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Tetra Tech Inc. (Tetra Tech) has prepared this Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) and three accompanying conceptual solar plant design alternatives for a Grid-Integrated Solar Plant for the Ranchview County Water District (RCWD), with funding provided by a Montana Department of Natural Resources and Conservation (DNRC) Renewable Resource Planning Grant (RRPG).

This PER and the accompanying design documents are part of a task order Tetra Tech received from the DNRC to assist the RCWD Board of Directors with their Renewable Resource Planning Grant Application. The focus of the planning grant application was to secure funding to evaluate grid-integrated solar energy alternatives to supplement, or fully offset, the approximate 75,000 kilowatt-hours (kWh) consumed by the RCWD water delivery system that serves the Ranchview subdivision in Helena, Montana.

The RCWD maintains a public water system (Department of Environmental Quality Public Water System #MT0003782) under Lewis and Clark County Water and Sewer District, which consists of an irrigation supply system and potable domestic water. The RCWD currently serves 107 homes with an estimated population of 257 people.

Previous upgrades to the Ranchview Estates community water system were completed under the suggested alternatives of the Water System PER submitted by Great West Engineering (GWE) in 2020 (GWE, 2020). Though this conceptual solar plant design PER focuses on upgrades to the existing electrical source system, the previous Water System PER completed by GWE is referenced throughout this report.

Tetra Tech was tasked with developing three conceptual designs for a ground-mounted solar array including equipment recommendations, electric supply system designs, plant and equipment layouts, and energy production estimates for the proposed location on property owned by Lewis and Clark County, currently under a public utility easement to RCWD.

This PER provides background information on the Ranchview Estates water distribution electrical components, their water delivery systems, describes the solar plant design alternatives analysis, results of the analysis, and selects the preferred alternative of the fixed tilt solar array, and related electronic systems. This PER meets the requirements of the PER Outline within the Uniform Application Supplement for Montana Public Facility Projects, as required by Montana's Water, Wastewater, and Solid Waste Action Coordinating Team (W2ASACT, 2022).

2.0 PROJECT PLANNING

The RCWD board of directors, following implemented water efficiency upgrades based on the Water System PER (GWE, 2020), is evaluating opportunities to integrate solar energy into the RCWD water delivery system to increase system efficiencies and offset grid-supplied energy sources and costs.

The RCWD submitted the Renewable Resources Planning Grant (RRPG) application Tetra Tech assisted in developing and subsequently was awarded \$30,000 to evaluate grid integrated solar energy alternatives to

supplement, or fully offset, the approximate 75,000 kilowatt-hours (kWh) consumed annually by the RCWD's water delivery system.

2.1 LOCATION

The existing service area consists of the RCWD service area boundary, which primarily covers the entirety of the Ranchview Estates subdivision. The RCWD is located within Lewis and Clark County, approximately 8 miles north of the City of Helena. The subdivision is bordered by Montana Avenue to the west, I-15 to the east, the Helena Valley Canal to the south, and undeveloped state and private land to the north. The address for the pump house is 7735 N Montana Ave, Helena, Montana 59602.

More specifically, the RCWD is located at:

- Township/Range/Section: Township 11N, Range 3W, Section 17.
- Average elevation: 3,800 feet.

Topography in the planning area generally slopes to the southeast toward Lake Helena, located approximately 3 miles southeast of Ranchview Estates. Elevations within the planning area range from 3,812 feet above mean sea level at the northwestern corner of the subdivision, to 3,778 feet above mean sea level at the southern portion of the boundary. **Figure 2-1**, below, presents a topographic map of the planning area. A full 7.5 minute topographic map, legal property boundaries, and aerial imagery are presented in **Appendix A**.

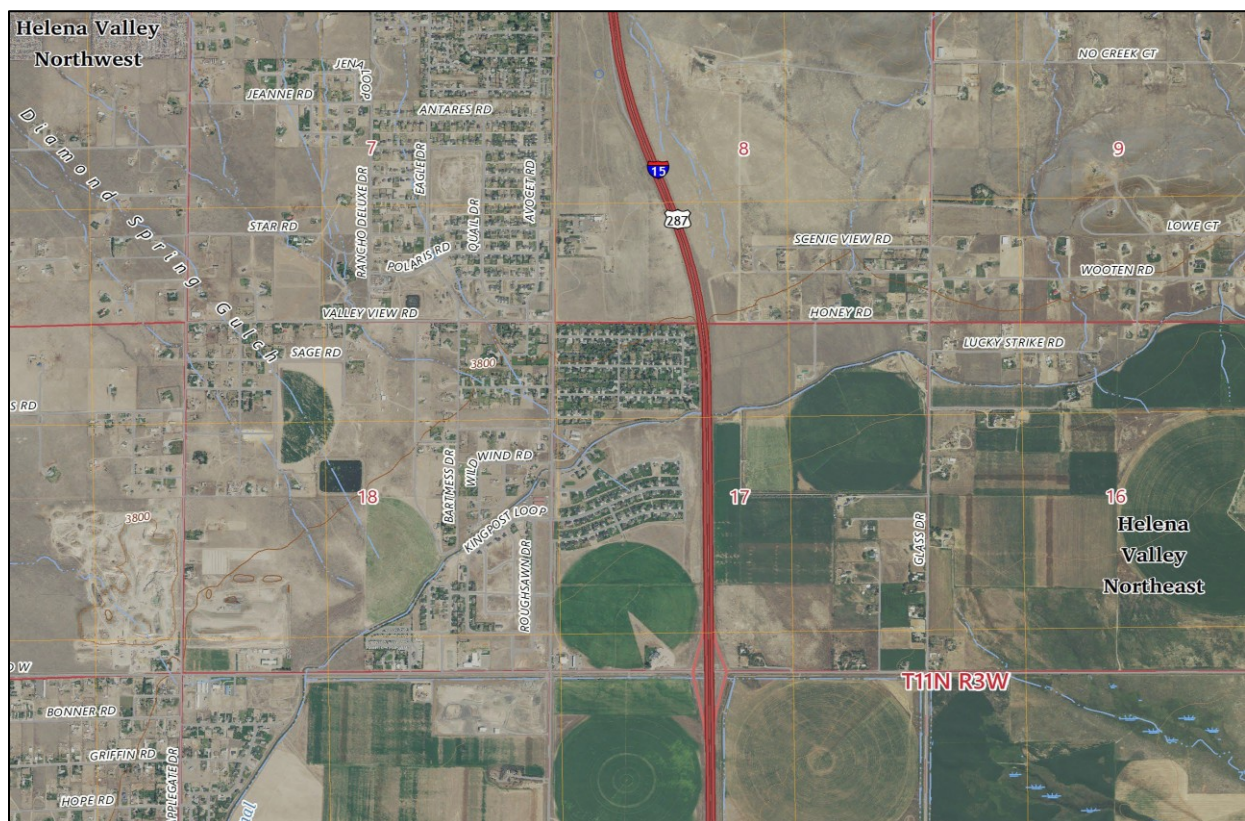


Figure 2-1. Topographic map of Site Location.

2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES PRESENT

The alternative selected by RCWD will impact approximately 0.5 acres of previously disturbed and currently undeveloped land. Prior to the development of these alternatives, the surrounding environmental resources were reviewed for potential impacts. A completed Uniform Environmental Checklist for the proposed solar panel conceptual design is included in **Appendix B**. Minimal impact resulting from the proposed improvements has been identified. Description of the environmental resources that may be impacted within and surrounding the site boundary are provided below.

Land Resources. Land use within the site boundary is previously disturbed and currently undeveloped grasslands surrounding the pumphouse and potential construction areas. The parcel being considered for solar panel construction is owned by Lewis and Clark County and contains grasses and shrubs or small trees (MTNHP). Tetra Tech personnel contacted Chrystal Ness, at the Community Development and Planning division, to initially assess if there would be additional permits required by the County for construction and electrical work. There will be construction and electrical permits required through NorthWestern Energy (NWE) and Lewis and Clark County. Permission will be needed to conduct construction on county land, regardless of minimal permanent impacts and avoidance of utilities within the designs.

Minimal permanent impacts are anticipated in association with the construction of the solar panels. Natural revegetation of the disturbances due to construction are likely to be effective, due to the limited size of the footprint of the site area. Areas of disturbance will be restored to original conditions, to the greatest extent possible, upon completion of construction. Minimal adverse impacts to biological resources are anticipated and the grasslands that would be permanently impacted are not classified as critical habitat (MTNHP).

Biological Resources. The solar panels will permanently impact the grasslands; however, the preferred selected alternative has a minimal footprint of only impacting approximately 0.5 acres of undeveloped grasslands. The site boundary does not fall within sage grouse habitat. There are no mapped wetlands within the preferred alternative location. The preferred alternative is not classified as an Important Bird Area or an Important Plant Area by the Montana Natural Heritage Program. Canadian Lynx, Grizzly Bears, Rufa Red Knot, Monarch Butterfly, Suckley's Cuckoo Bumble Bee, and Bald and Golden Eagles are species that may be potentially impacted due to construction. The preferred alternative is not likely to impact these species as it does not impact critical habitat and has a minimal permanent footprint of approximately 0.5 acres, (MTNHP).

Visual Resources. The addition of the solar panels and fencing will cause visual obstructions. The fenced area would be approximately less than one acre and would remain within the Lewis and Clark County Utility Easement. The mechanical and electrical components of the solar panels would create a low volume, low frequency humming noise that may be audible when near the panels.

The proposed alternatives were designed to intentionally minimize permanent impacts to the residents of Ranchview Estates and the surrounding natural environment. Additional information including the sources used to make these assessments are listed within the completed environmental checklist, presented in **Appendix B**. Depending on the source of funding acquired to construct the selected alternative, additional review of the temporary and permanent impacts associated with the selected alternative may be required.

2.3 POPULATION TRENDS

The alternative analyses presented in this report are based on the existing population of Ranchview Estates and will not consider future growth.

There are 107 total households in the Ranchview Subdivision. Assuming 2.4 persons per household, as determined from Lewis and Clark County census data, equates to an existing population of approximately 257 people living within the planning area (GWE, 2020).

2.4 COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

RCWD Board meetings are publicly available and have been used to discuss and provide feedback for the PER alternatives. A website is established for RCWD to communicate updates regarding the Ranchview Estates community, www.ranchviewwaterusers.com, and regular board meetings are held to discuss community needs. Bob Bennett, RCWD Board President, will post this PER to the website which will then become publicly available for RCWD and surrounding community members to review. Ongoing discussion will be held within the community to provide the RCWD Board with feedback regarding the proposed project and future funding options.

3.0 EXISTING FACILITIES

3.1 LOCATION MAP

The existing water system configuration was mapped in the Water System PER (GWE, 2020) and is shown in **Appendix A**. A site walk was completed by Tetra Tech personnel and a RCWD representative in January 2025. Photographs of existing facilities are presented in **Appendix C**.

3.2 HISTORY

The water system that currently services Ranchview Estates was completed in phases throughout the 1990s and early 2000s. Additional upgrades were completed in 2018 and 2019, including installation of new riser pipe sections installed in potable wells, new submersible pumps at one potable well, and one new irrigation well pump (GWE, 2020).

At the suggestion of the Water System PER in November 2020, RCWD completed several updates which included replacement of two in-well pumps to improve water pressure across the potable water system; the purchase of a backup pump in preparation for mechanical pump failures or supply chain issues; replacement of aging PVC within the pumphouse and wellhouse areas to improve earthquake and natural disaster resiliency; installation of a new fence to increase security; and upgrades on the electrical system to its current configuration by replacing the flow and pressure meters.

3.3 CONDITION OF EXISTING FACILITIES

The condition of existing facilities pertaining to water supply and distribution was assessed utilizing information acquired through the Water System PER conducted in November 2020 by Great West Engineering (GWE, 2020). Additional updates to the water supply system that have occurred since the previous PER were reported to Tetra Tech personnel by RCWD Board personnel. Visual inspection of the current facility's electrical components was conducted in January 2025 by Tetra Tech personnel. The following assessments were made:

- The facility's main electrical service is a 3-Phase, 4-Wire, 480V/277V, Grounded Y configuration,
- The existing utility meter is a single-direction consumption meter,
- The existing main service panel is a 250A 480V NEMA 3R rated panel with an Eaton surge protection device installed, located on the exterior of the facility. The current rating of the main breaker in this service panel could not be determined at the time of the site visit. Loads include irrigation pumps and a step-down transformer,
- A Central Pacific 480V/240V step-down transformer located on the exterior of the facility feeds a subpanel on the interior of the facility utilizing variable frequency devices for the facility water pumps, facility lighting, and a data acquisition system.

3.4 FINANCIAL STATUS OF ANY EXISTING FACILITIES

RCWD does not currently have any debt related to the water system. To assess electricity and energy usage, energy bills from 2021 through 2024 were analyzed by Tetra Tech personnel. Financial statements were not included as part of the solar panel conceptual assessment; however, the offset cost of installing and operating solar panels is considered in each alternative.

3.5 WATER/ENERGY/WASTE AUDITS

No water, energy, or waste audits were conducted for RCWD's electrical supply to the water systems.

4.0 NEED FOR PROJECT

4.1 HEALTH, SANITATION, AND SECURITY

There are no concerns regarding health, sanitation, or security regulations in regard to the presented alternative actions for conceptual solar array design. Safe work practices will be implemented and followed during the construction process. The installation of solar panels may require additional security measures, including a fence surrounding the panel area. The RCWD regularly meets the requirements set forth in drinking water standards and regulations, as reviewed in the previous water systems and meets the requirements for the Safe Water Drinking Act (SWDA) (GWE, 2020) (Ranchview Estates, CCR 2024).

4.2 AGING INFRASTRUCTURE

The RCWD has identified energy conservation and energy sources as the next phase in potential system improvements. Implementing a solar array will conserve resources, improve the resiliency and efficiency of operations, and upgrade the current electrical system.

4.3 REASONABLE GROWTH

Ranchview Estates is fully developed within their current boundary. The District Board is not considering extending water service beyond the district boundary.

5.0 ALTERNATIVE CONSIDERED

Tetra Tech developed three conceptual designs, estimated each alternative's Annual Energy Production (AEP) through modeling and simulation, and reviewed 3+ years of RCWD utility bills to estimate future energy costs for the RCWD. Table 5-1, below, provides a summary, including preliminary stage cost and financial data, for the three alternative conceptual designs.

Table 5-1. System Summary Table for Each Alternative

Design	Alternative #1 SAT	Alternative #2 FT	Alternative #3 FT w/ BESS
System Size [kW-DC]	66.1	66.1	86.4
System Size [kW-AC]	50	50	48
System Footprint [Acres]	0.547	0.292	0.402
AEP (Est.) [kWh/Yr.]	112,900	88,217	99,232
Performance Ratio	80.92%	81.03%	69.7% ¹
Construction Cost [\$USD/kW-DC] ² , Estimate	\$2,120	\$1,940	\$2,680
Construction Cost Total [\$USD] Estimate	\$172,071	\$160,092	\$209,579
Annual Operating Expense [\$USD/kW-DC/Yr] Estimate ²	\$17.21	\$17.21	\$17.21
Annual Operating Expense [\$USD/Yr] Estimate	\$1,137.581	\$1,137.581	\$1,486.94
Average Annual Energy Use ³ [kWh]	74,412		
Average Energy Cost [\$USD/kWh]	\$0.14175		
Average Annual Energy Cost (Av. over 3.31 Yrs) [\$USD/Yr.]	\$10,547.00		
Predicted Annual Costs (w\Solar) [\$USD/Yr] Estimate	TBD – Pending inputs to CREST model		

NOTES:

AC – Alternating Current

BESS – Battery Energy Storage System

DC – Direct Current

FT – Fixed Tilt

SAT – Single-Axis Tracker(s)

TBD – To Be Determined

¹ PVsyst is currently unable to model BESS accurately, so Alternative #3 performance ratio does not represent actual performance, as the BESS will use excess energy. The performance ratio will likely be significantly higher, depending on battery discharge profiles.

² U.S. Solar Photovoltaic System and Energy Storage Cost Benchmarks, With Minimum Sustainable Price Analysis: Q1 2022.

³ Data derived from 3.3 years of energy bills. Data gaps filled in by averaging same months in different years.

The energy and cost information in the table above is based on early-stage desktop analysis using publicly available data and incomplete data from the end client. As such, the cost and AEP data provided should be considered as a rough order of magnitude (ROM) estimate that will change as the project converges on one option and the design is refined.

The Cost of Renewable Energy Spreadsheet Tool (CREST) is a tool that contains economic, cash-flow models that were utilized to estimate the costs associated with the proposed alternatives. The CREST tool considers the effects of different economic drivers including tax rates and inflation while considering project characteristics such as location and land ownership. The awarded \$30,000 RRP funding already expended for the preliminary design and presentation of this PER is included within the Construction Cost Totals for each alternative. The associated costs with construction and operations and maintenance were derived utilizing the CREST tool by inputting information such as:

- the project size and performance,
- capital costs,
- operations and maintenance,
- construction financing,
- permanent financing,
- Tax Information,
- Cost-Based Tariff Rate Structure,
- Capital Expenditures during operations.

Beyond convergence on one design, further refinement would include, but not limited to, a more rigorous energy analysis using more comprehensive detailed design, more accurate weather data, refined system losses, details of any grants awarded, and any additional data not accounted for, such as:

- Interconnection costs,
- Interconnection application to the local utility,
- Updated equipment costs,
- PTC/ITC changes,
- Detailed environmental and engineering assessment of the land and vicinity (as needed).

The alternatives discussed throughout this PER were designed with a widely utilized simulation software tool, PVsyst, for modeling, simulation, and analysis of PV systems ranging from residential rooftop arrays to utility-scale solar farms. PVsyst generates detailed system specifications, visuals and simulates energy performance, presented in **Appendix D**.

5.1 ALTERNATIVE DESIGN #1 SINGLE AXIS TRACKER

Alternative design 1 is presented in **Appendix D** and includes the installation of solar panels across an approximate 0.54 acres located within the Lewis and Clark County utility easement property and with a

minimum setback of 50 feet from the canal. The solar array is located east of the pumphouse and within the required minimum of 20 feet setback from residential parcel lines. The preliminary design for Alternative 1 includes a 50 kW inverter and AC trenching west of the solar array towards the utility meter and point of connection, located at the pumphouse. This alternative would potentially require the removal of trees and installation of an array boundary fence.

50kW-AC capacity is the design criteria limitation for the Northwestern Energy utility grant this project will be applying for. The solar photovoltaic (PV) system was designed with a total DC capacity of 66.08 kW, based on standard test conditions, and a boosted DC capacity of 72.28 kW under best-case (BSTC) conditions. The system is supported by a single SMA Sunny Tripower CORE1 50-US inverter, offering an AC capacity of 50 kVA. This results in a DC/AC ratio of 1.32, and 1.45 under BSTC, providing a balanced performance between energy harvest and inverter capacity.

The design utilizes 112 Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590 modules, configured into 7 strings, ensuring optimal voltage and current matching. The system is mounted on a single-axis tracker, allowing for dynamic adjustment to the sun's position throughout the day. The array is oriented with an azimuth of 180° (true south) and installed at a tilt angle of $\pm 55^\circ$, which is conducive to maximizing annual energy yield.

Alternative 1 is estimated to cost \$172,071 at \$2,120/kW DC, with an annual operating expense of \$1,137.58. The design criteria and system specifications are detailed in table 5-2 and are presented within the PVsyst reports and included as **Appendix D**.

Table 5-2. Alternative #1 System Specifications

SYSTEM SPECS	
DC CAPACITY (kW)	66.08
DC CAPACITY - BSTC (kW)	72.28
AC CAPACITY (KVA)	50
DC/AC RATIO (%)	1.32
DC/AC RATIO - BSTC (%)	1.45
MODULE MODEL	Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590
TOTAL NUMBER OF MODULES	112
TOTAL NUMBER OF STRINGS	7
INVERTER MODEL	SMA SUNNY TRIPOWER CORE1 50-US
TOTAL NUMBER OF INVERTERS	1
TILT	+/- 55
AZIMUTH	180
RACKING	SINGLE-AXIS TRACKER

Map

The work will take place on the Lewis and Clark County owned parcel that is adjacent to the pumphouse. Maps and design drawings are presented in **Appendix D**.



Figure 5-1. Alternative #1 Map

Environmental Impacts

The removal of trees to the south of the fenced-in PV array area and within its boundaries may be required for constructability, minimizing shading on the array, and maximizing energy production. Leveling/grading of the fenced-in PV array area may be required and is to be determined at a later date by a chosen solar installation professional. There are no expected impacts on critical habitats, floodplains, wetlands, historic properties or endangered species. There are minimal permanent impacts associated with the solar panels and fencing including changes to the visual scenery and a low volume humming noise.

Land Requirements

The construction of this alternative would require approximately 0.54 acres of land. The parcel is currently owned by Lewis and Clark County and is under a utility easement for RCWD. Prior to construction, RCWD will need to obtain necessary permissions to construct on Lewis and Clark County land.

Potential Construction Problems

Electrical routing paths and methods within the proposed PV array area and from the proposed PV array area to the water pump house may be impacted by the pre-existing underground water line routing and pump locations and any other existing infrastructure. Prior to construction of the solar array, a 3rd party utility survey may be necessary to ensure that electrical and water utility services are not impacted by array or fencing construction.

Sustainability Considerations

This is a renewable energy project without net metering availability from the utility and is considered to be 'green' infrastructure. The system is intended to offset present electrical energy usage on site of the proposed facility and any excess energy is not credited to the facility owner, instead going to the grid free of charge. Efficiency measures have already been taken to upgrade the water pumping infrastructure prior to the consideration of a photovoltaic energy production system. Current preliminary designs address on site energy consumption with these measures already in place.

5.2 ALTERNATIVE DESIGN #2 FIXED TILT

The solar photovoltaic (PV) system was designed with a total DC capacity of 66.08 kW, based on standard test conditions, and a boosted DC capacity of 72.28 kW under best-case (BSTC) conditions. The solar array is located within the Lewis and Clark County utility easement property and with a minimum setback of 50 feet from the canal.

The solar arrays will occupy a footprint of approximately 0.3 acres. The system is supported by a single SMA Sunny Tripower CORE1 50-US inverter, offering an AC capacity of 50 kVA. This results in a DC/AC ratio of 1.32, and 1.45 under BSTC, providing a balanced performance between energy harvest and inverter capacity.

The design utilizes 112 Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590 modules, configured into 7 strings, ensuring optimal voltage and current matching. The system is mounted on a fixed-tilt racking system, providing structural stability and consistent solar exposure throughout the year. The array is oriented with an azimuth of 180° (true south) and installed at a tilt angle of 15°, which is conducive to maximizing annual energy yield.

A fixed-tilt racking system is a structural framework used to support and orient solar photovoltaic models at predetermined, non-adjustable angles relative to the horizontal plane. Within the design of Alternative 2, the racking system is set at a tilt angle of 15°, facing due south to increase winter performance by improving solar incidence during low sun angles.

Alternative 2 is estimated to cost \$160,092 at \$1,940/kW DC, with an annual operating expense of \$1,137.58. The design criteria and system specifications are detailed in table 5-3 and are presented within the PVsyst reports and included as **Appendix D**.

Table 5-3. Alternative #2 System Specifications

SYSTEM SPECS	
DC CAPACITY (kW)	66.08
DC CAPACITY - BSTC (kW)	72.28
AC CAPACITY (KVA)	50
DC/AC RATIO (%)	1.32
DC/AC RATIO - BSTC (%)	1.45
MODULE MODEL	Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590
TOTAL NUMBER OF MODULES	112
TOTAL NUMBER OF STRINGS	7
INVERTER MODEL	SMA SUNNY TRIPOWER CORE1 50-US
TOTAL NUMBER OF INVERTERS	1
TILT	15
AZIMUTH	180
RACKING	FIXED-TILT

Map

The work will take place on the Lewis and Clark County owned parcel that is adjacent to the pumphouse. Maps and design drawings are presented in **Appendix D**.



Figure 5-2. Alternative #2 Map

Environmental Impacts

The removal of trees and shrubs to the south of the fenced-in PV array area and within its boundaries may be required for constructability, minimizing shading on the array, and maximizing energy production. Leveling/grading of the fenced-in PV array area may be required and is to be determined at a later date by a chosen solar installation professional. There are no expected impacts on critical habitats, floodplains, wetlands, historic properties or endangered species. There are minimal permanent impacts associated with the solar panels and fencing including changes to the visual scenery and a low volume humming noise.

Land Requirements

The construction of this alternative would require approximately 0.3 acres of land. The parcel is currently owned by Lewis and Clark County and is under a utility easement for RCWD. Prior to construction, RCWD will need to obtain necessary permissions to construct on Lewis and Clark County land.

Potential Construction Problems

Electrical routing paths and methods within the proposed PV array area and from the proposed PV array area to the water pump house may be impacted by the pre-existing underground water line routing and pump locations and any other existing infrastructure. Prior to construction of the solar array, a 3rd party utility survey may be necessary to ensure that electrical and water utility services are not impacted by array or fencing construction.

Sustainability Considerations

This is a renewable energy project without net metering availability from the utility and is considered to be 'green' infrastructure. The system is intended to offset present electrical energy usage on site of the proposed facility and any excess energy is not credited to the facility owner, instead going to the grid free of charge. Efficiency measures have already been taken to upgrade the water pumping infrastructure prior to the consideration of a photovoltaic energy production system. Current preliminary designs address on site energy consumption with these measures already in place.

5.3 ALTERNATIVE DESIGN #3: FIX TILT SYSTEM WITH BESS

The system integrates fixed-tilt racking on a footprint of approximately 0.4 acres, modular battery storage, and grid-interactive inverters to support both self-consumption and resiliency.

The designed solar photovoltaic (PV) and energy storage system features a total DC capacity of 86.40 kW under standard test conditions and 94.50 kW under best-case (BSTC) conditions. The system is configured with an AC capacity of 48 kVA, resulting in a DC/AC ratio of 1.80 (1.97 under BSTC), which ensures high energy harvest with limited power clipping during peak solar conditions. The array consists of 180 Q.PEAK DUO XL-G10.3/BFG 480 W modules, organized into 20 strings for optimal electrical balance and energy distribution.

Energy conversion is handled by five SMA Sunny Boy Smart Energy-US 9.6 inverters, which are hybrid units capable of managing both solar production and battery integration. Energy storage is provided by five SMA Home Storage-US 18.9 batteries, each with a capacity of 18.9 kWh, for a combined system capacity of 94.5 kWh. This battery bank enables load shifting, supports backup power during outages, and enhances overall system resiliency.

The PV modules are mounted on a fixed-tilt racking system set at a 15° angle, facing due south (180° azimuth).

Alternative 3 is estimated to cost \$209,579 at \$2,680/kW DC, with an annual operating expense of \$1,486.94. The design criteria and system specifications are detailed in table 5-4 and are presented within the PVsyst reports and included as **Appendix D**.

Table 5-4. Alternative #3 System Specifications

SYSTEM SPECS	
DC CAPACITY (kW)	86.40
DC CAPACITY - BSTC (kW)	94.50
AC CAPACITY (KVA)	48
DC/AC RATIO (%)	1.80
DC/AC RATIO - BSTC (%)	1.97
MODULE MODEL	Q.PEAK DUO XL-G10.3/BFG 480
TOTAL NUMBER OF MODULES	180
TOTAL NUMBER OF STRINGS	20
INVERTER MODEL	SMA SUNNY BOY SMART ENERGY-US 9.6
TOTAL NUMBER OF INVERTERS	5
BATTERY MODEL	SMA HOME STORAGE-US 18.9
BATTERY CAPACITY (kWh)	18.9
TOTAL NUMBER OF BATTERIES	5
TOTAL BATTERY CAPACITY (kWh)	94.5
TILT	15
AZIMUTH	180
RACKING	FIXED-TILT

Map

The work will take place on the Lewis and Clark County owned parcel that is adjacent to the pumphouse. Maps and design drawings are presented in **Appendix D**.

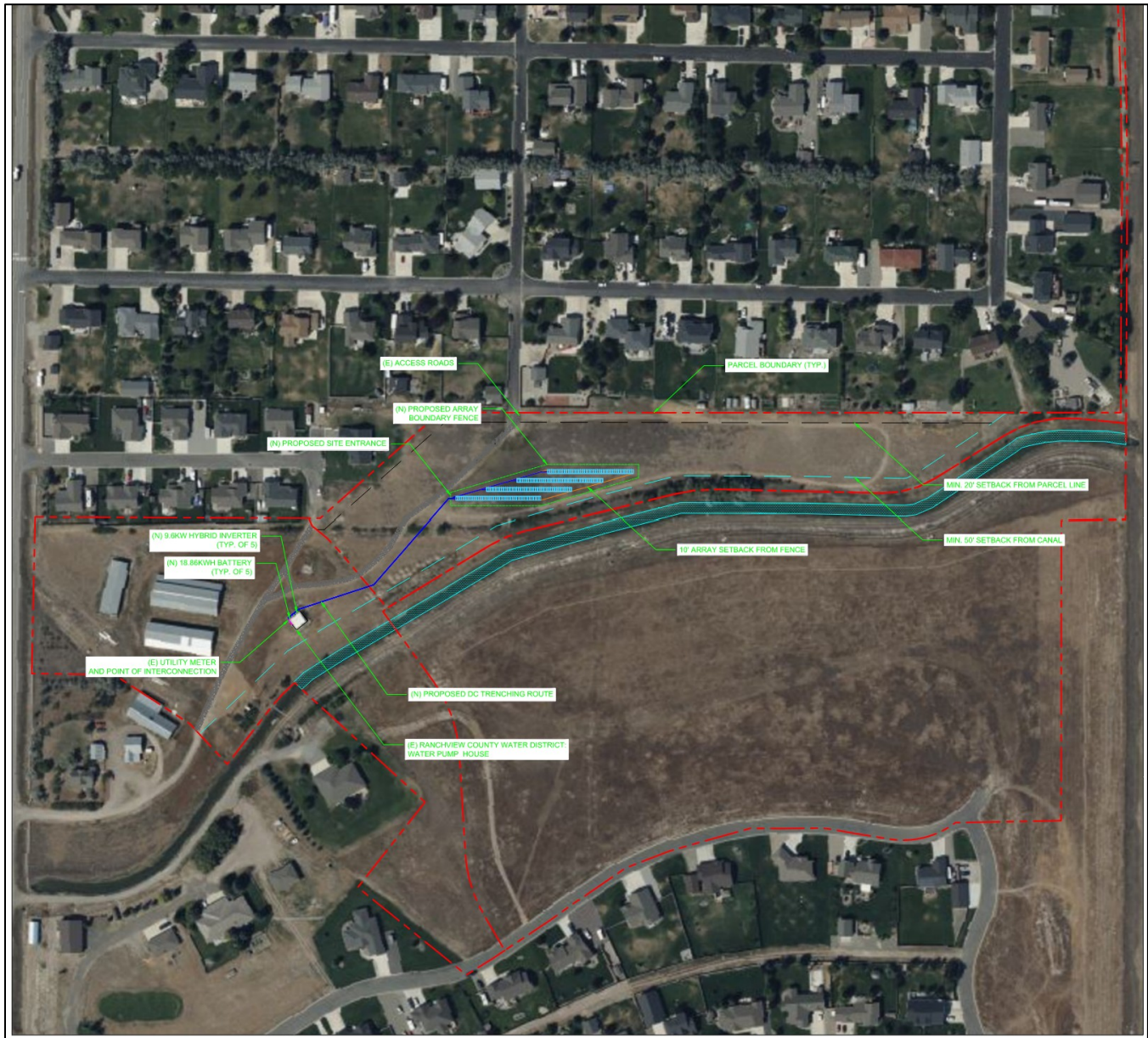


Figure 5-3. Alternative #3 Map

Environmental Impacts

The removal of trees to the south of the fenced-in PV array area and within its boundaries may be required for constructability, minimizing shading on the array, and maximizing energy production. Leveling/grading of the fenced-in PV array area may be required and is to be determined at a later date by a chosen solar installation professional. There are no expected impacts on critical habitats, floodplains, wetlands, historic

properties or endangered species. There are minimal permanent impacts associated with the solar panels and fencing including changes to the visual scenery and a low volume humming noise.

Land Requirements

The construction of this alternative would require approximately 0.4 acres of land. The parcel is currently owned by Lewis and Clark County and is under a utility easement for RCWD. Prior to construction, RCWD will need to obtain necessary permissions to construct on Lewis and Clark County land.

Potential Construction Problems

Electrical routing paths and methods within the proposed PV array area and from the proposed PV array area to the water pump house may be impacted by the pre-existing underground water line routing and pump locations and any other existing infrastructure. Prior to construction of the solar array, a 3rd party utility survey may be necessary to ensure that electrical and water utility services are not impacted by array or fencing construction.

Sustainability Considerations

This is a renewable energy project without net metering availability from the utility and is considered to be 'green' infrastructure. The system is intended to offset present electrical energy usage on site of the proposed facility and any excess energy is not credited to the facility owner, instead going to the grid free of charge. Efficiency measures have already been taken to upgrade the water pumping infrastructure prior to the consideration of a photovoltaic energy production system. Current preliminary designs address on site energy consumption with these measures already in place.

6.0 SELECTED ALTERNATIVE DESIGN

The alternatives described above are stand-alone, and do not require a detailed comparative analysis. Feedback received from RCWD representatives during the design process indicates that they have determined that the fixed-tilt system (Alternative 2) and single 50kW inverter alternative will be selected as the conceptual solar plant design.

Compared to Alternative 1, which uses a single-axis tracker, Alternative 2 offers equal power output and identical electrical specs (66.08 kW DC capacity, 50 kVA AC capacity, and a DC/AC ratio of 1.32), but with a fixed-tilt racking system. Fixed-tilt systems are mechanically simpler, require less maintenance and are more reliable in harsh or variable weather conditions. Though the tracking system in Alternative 1 may marginally improve energy yield, it introduces mechanical complexity and long-term maintenance costs. Alternative 3 provides a higher capacity (86.4 kW DC and 94.5 kWh battery storage) while requiring higher installation and equipment costs, increased system complexity and greater operational needs as the solar array system ages.

Additional non-monetary factors were considered by RCWD during the design process. These included efforts to minimize the system's permanent footprint in order to reduce potential impacts on natural resources, as well as the assessment of potential noise and visual disturbances associated with the tracker system proposed in Alternative 1.

Alternative 2 offers the lowest construction costs, a compact footprint, and meets the majority of energy demand. Alternative 2 provides optimal energy performance with reduced maintenance and construction costs, making it the most practical and efficient design option for RCWD.

6.1 LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

Life Cycle Cost Analysis (LCCA) is a method used to evaluate the costs associated with the solar array system over its life span, which is assumed to be 25 years, and includes construction costs and operational and maintenance costs. The initial construction cost of the selected alternative has been estimated at \$160,092 using the CREST tool. This total includes \$30,000 in RRP funding already expended for the preparation of this PER, and a remaining balance of \$130,092 representing anticipated implementation costs.

The selected design for a 50 kW AC and 66.08 kW DC photovoltaic system is categorized as a small commercial solar installation, utilizing the SMA Sunny Tripower CORE1 50-US inverter. The estimated market price for this ground-mounted system is \$1.94 per watt DC, based on Q1 2022 U.S. PV cost benchmarks. As project funding will come from a grant, the interest and discount rates are set to zero. Energy production and capacity factor calculations were conducted using PVSyst modeling software, included in **Appendix D**. The fixed Operations and Maintenance (O&M) expense for the first year is projected at \$17.21 per kW-yr DC, reflecting a 2.5% inflation rate based on Q1 2022 U.S. PV cost benchmarks. Additionally, inverter replacement costs are estimated at \$0.150 per watt DC, based on the average price of the SMA Sunny Tripower CORE1 inverter, which is approximately \$7,500.

When accounting for installation, maintenance, equipment replacement, Alternative 2 is the most cost-effective and reliable option for RCWD.

7.0 PROPOSED PROJECT

7.1 PRELIMINARY PROJECT DESIGN

Alternative 2 represents a fixed-tilt solar photovoltaic (PV) system optimized for energy performance, simplicity, and long-term operational efficiency. This system is particularly well-suited for RCWD, where durability, low maintenance, and consistent energy delivery are critical.

The array consists of 112 Hanwa Q-Cells Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3/BFG 590W modules. The combination of efficiency, power output, technology, durability, and the manufacturer's reputation make the Hanwha Q-Cells Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3/BFG 590W modules a strong choice for solar energy solutions. The system is designed with a DC capacity of 66.08 kW under STC, which increases to 72.28 kW under BSTC. This enhanced capacity reflects the theoretical maximum power output under ideal environmental conditions. The PV array is situated approximately 200 feet northwest of the main facility within the easement boundaries provided to Tetra Tech.

The PV array feeds into a single SMA Sunny Tripower CORE1 50-US inverter, located within the array boundary, which has an AC output capacity of 50 kVA. The inverter was placed in this location to minimize electrical losses

and provide ease in commissioning and O&M procedures. The Selected Alternative design presented in **Appendix D** is preliminary and will need additional refinement before its implementation.

7.2 PROJECT SCHEDULE

Tetra Tech recommends that RCWD utilize this PER to apply for funding to provide the capital needed to install the solar array and associated construction costs. The E+ Renewable Incentives provide a limited amount of Universal System Benefits (USB) for renewable energy installations on non-profit or government/public buildings. Proposals are considered twice a year with Spring proposals due on May 1 and Fall proposals due on November 1.

Following the acquisition of funding for the construction costs and solar array installation, a final design of the selected alternative will need to be completed. Additionally, RCWD will need to contact Lewis and Clark County representatives for required permits and permissions for the installation of the solar array on county land. RCWD will also need to apply for interconnection permitting with NWE, discussed in section 7.3 Permit Requirements.

Due to the minimal potential of grading, tree removal and small footprint of the solar arrays, construction is estimated to take less than one month. This estimate was applied within the CREST model. Additional construction, including the fencing and potential need for revegetation of surrounding impacted areas may include additional needed time.

7.3 PERMIT REQUIREMENTS

Tetra Tech personnel contacted Lewis and Clark County representative, Chrystal Ness, regarding permits needed for construction on county property. The associated designs do not interfere with current utilities and the construction of the solar array will produce minimal impacts. Due to the permanence of these solar panels, and the potential sources of funding received, additional environmental review may be required, including a Categorical Exclusion (CE), Environmental Assessment (EA), or Environmental Impact Statement (EIS).

Additional electrical permitting through Northwestern Energy will be required. Projects that receive funding through the E+ Renewable Energy Incentive must be installed by a NorthWestern Energy Qualified Installer. RCWD will need to perform a Level 1 Small Generator Facility Interconnect Request for interconnecting an electric small generator facility with aggregate nameplate capacity of up to 50kW AC using certified interconnection equipment. An example of this form is provided in **Appendix E**.

7.4 SUSTAINABILITY CONSIDERATIONS

The installation of a solar array by RCWD to power potable water distribution to Ranchview estates will offset energy usage that was previously provided by NorthWestern Energy. Reliable and affordable clean energy will benefit the Ranchview Estates community by offsetting energy costs, while providing a demonstrated example of the implementation of solar arrays for small community water systems.

RCWD is an early adopter within the Helena Valley of solar array systems; demonstrating success within this community may encourage other systems within the region to consider sustainable options for energy production.

The board of directors of the RCWD are aware there are approximately 60 other county water districts registered with the Montana Secretary of State. Upon successful implementation of a solar powered water delivery system within RCWD, the board intends to reach out to all other county water districts to provide detailed background information about the planning and implementation within the RCWD and encourage further consideration by other water districts to develop alternative options for power production.

7.5 TOTAL PROJECT COST ESTIMATE

The total project cost estimate for the selected alternative is based on the preliminary design and is subject to alteration during the finalization of design and implementation of the project during construction. Total project cost estimate is represented in Table 5-1, and was derived from estimates input in the CREST model. The total project cost estimate for the selected alternative is \$160,092, which includes the construction and material costs, the design cost, and the RRPB award. This total includes \$30,000 in RRPB funding already expended for the preparation of this PER, and a remaining balance of \$130,092 representing anticipated implementation costs.

7.6 ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET

RCWD does not currently have outstanding debt. There is no anticipated debt associated with the construction of the selected alternative or the operating costs, as the implementation of these alternatives will rely on the successful acquisition of funding from grant sources.

The annual operating budget is subject to change based on the yearly required maintenance of the solar panels, fencing and other material costs as the system ages. The annual operating expense is estimated at \$1,137.58 per year based on a unit rate of \$17.21 per kW-DC for a system size of 66.1 kW/DC.

8.0 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The Selected Alternative offers a strategic balance of performance, cost, and simplicity, making it the most suitable option for RCWD. Its high-performance ratio and reduced maintenance burden make it a strong long-term investment with the potential for rapid payback and substantial operational savings. Unlike more complex systems involving trackers or energy storage, this fixed-tilt system ensures mechanical simplicity and resilience, ease of maintenance, and predictable output, which are priorities for infrastructure systems with limited operational resources.

Tetra Tech recommends that the RCWD continues to pursue grant-based funding options to supply funds for the implementation of the solar array. Tetra Tech encourages RCWD to apply for the Renewable Resource Grant and Loan Program administered by the Resource Development Bureau of the DNRC. This program limits grant funding to a maximum of \$125,000 and Project Planning Grants are limited to \$15,000. Another funding option

is the NorthWestern Energy E+ Renewable Incentives program for renewable energy installations on non-profit or government/public buildings. Applications for this Universal System Benefits (USB) program are acceptable bi-annually and include the need for a cover letter and a written proposal. The project qualifications and proposal requirements are located in **Appendix F**.

Based on the sources of the funding received, additional environmental review may be required, including a CE, EA or an EIS. These permits are not exhaustive, and Tetra Tech personnel recommends RCWD contact a Lewis and Clark County representative regarding potential permitting needs for the selected alternative's construction.

Additionally, due to the current land use of the parcel of the selected alternative, the RCWD will need to apply for the proper permits regarding conducting construction within their easement. Additional permits from NWE for electric work, operations, and maintenance will be necessary.

9.0 REFERENCES

- Conservation Map. Accessed on April 28, 2025. <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/ProgramMap>.
- FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL) Viewer. [FEMA Flood Map Service Center | Search By Address](#).
- Gifford, Jason S. and Robert C. Grace. 2013. CREST: Cost of Renewable Energy Spreadsheet Tool: A Model for Developing Cost-Based Incentives in the United States. Version 4. August 2009 – March 2011. Subcontract Report NREL/SR-6A20-50374. July 2013.
- Great West Engineering. Preliminary Engineering Report: Water System Improvements. Ranchview Water District. November 2020.
- Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology (MBMG). Montana Groundwater Information Center.
- Montana Department of Commerce, Community Development Division. Montana Census Geography Viewer. [Census Geography Map | Montana Department of Commerce](#).
- Montana Department of Environmental Quality. Sanitary Survey Inspection of Ranchview Estates WUA (PWSID: MT0003782). December 4, 2017.
- Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP). Protected Areas/Irrigation/Important Bird Areas/Important Plant Areas/Predicted Habitat Suitability Models/Range Maps/Generalized Observation. [NHP Generalized Observations](#).
- Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) and Montana Fish, Wildlife and Parks (FWP). Montana Animal Montana Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program. Montana Sage Grouse Habitat.
- Montana State Library. Geographic Information Clearinghouse. [Geographic Information Home](#)
- Montana Water and Wastewater Infrastructure Act (W2ASACT). UNIFORM APPLICATION W2ASACT – DNRC. 13th Edition. March 2022.
- Office of Environment and Energy (OEE). Tribal Directory Tool. Accessed 4/28/2025. [TDAT](#)
- Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration. 88 Stat. 1660 - Safe Drinking Water Act. U.S. Government Printing Office, [88 Stat. 1660 - Safe Drinking Water Act - Content Details - STATUTE-88-Pg1660-2](#)).
- Ranchview Estates. Annual Consumer Confidence Report (CCR). 2024. Publicly accessible and accessed through Home - Ranchview Water Users. <https://www.ranchviewwaterusers.com>.
- Ramasamy, Vignesh, Jarett Zuboy, Eric O'Shaughnessy, David Feldman, Jal Desai, Michael Woodhouse, Paul Basore, and Robert Margolis. 2022. U.S. Solar Photovoltaic System and Energy Storage Cost Benchmarks, With Minimum Sustainable Price Analysis: Q1 2022. Golden, CO: National Renewable Energy Laboratory. NREL/TP-7A40-83586. <https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy22osti/83586.pdf>
- Species of Concern Report. Retrieved on April 28, 2025. [MTNHP.org - SOC Report](#).

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service. Web Soil Survey. [Web Soil Survey](#).

United States Fish and Wildlife Service. National Wetlands Inventory NWI Mapper. [National Wetlands Inventory](#)
Water Well Data. Helena, Montana: Montana State Library.

APPENDIX A: FIGURES



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



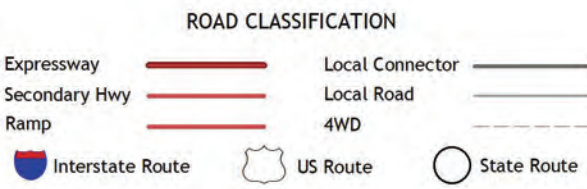
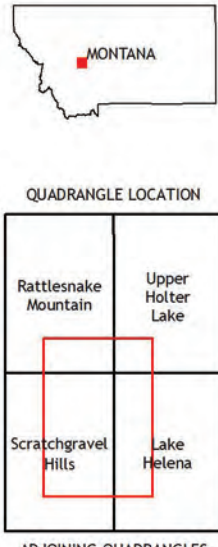
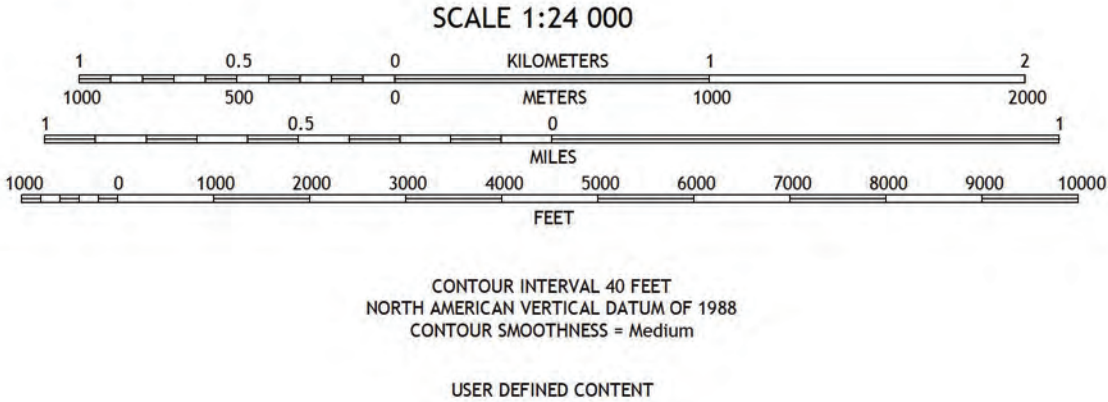
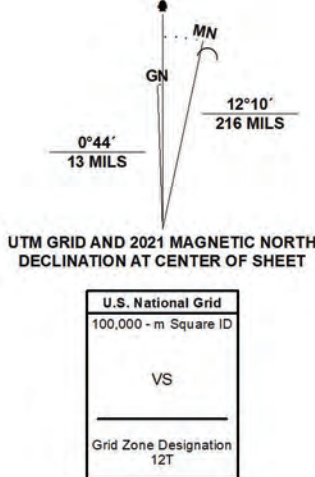
7.5-MINUTE TOPO QUADRANGLE
Custom Extent
7.5-MINUTE TOPO



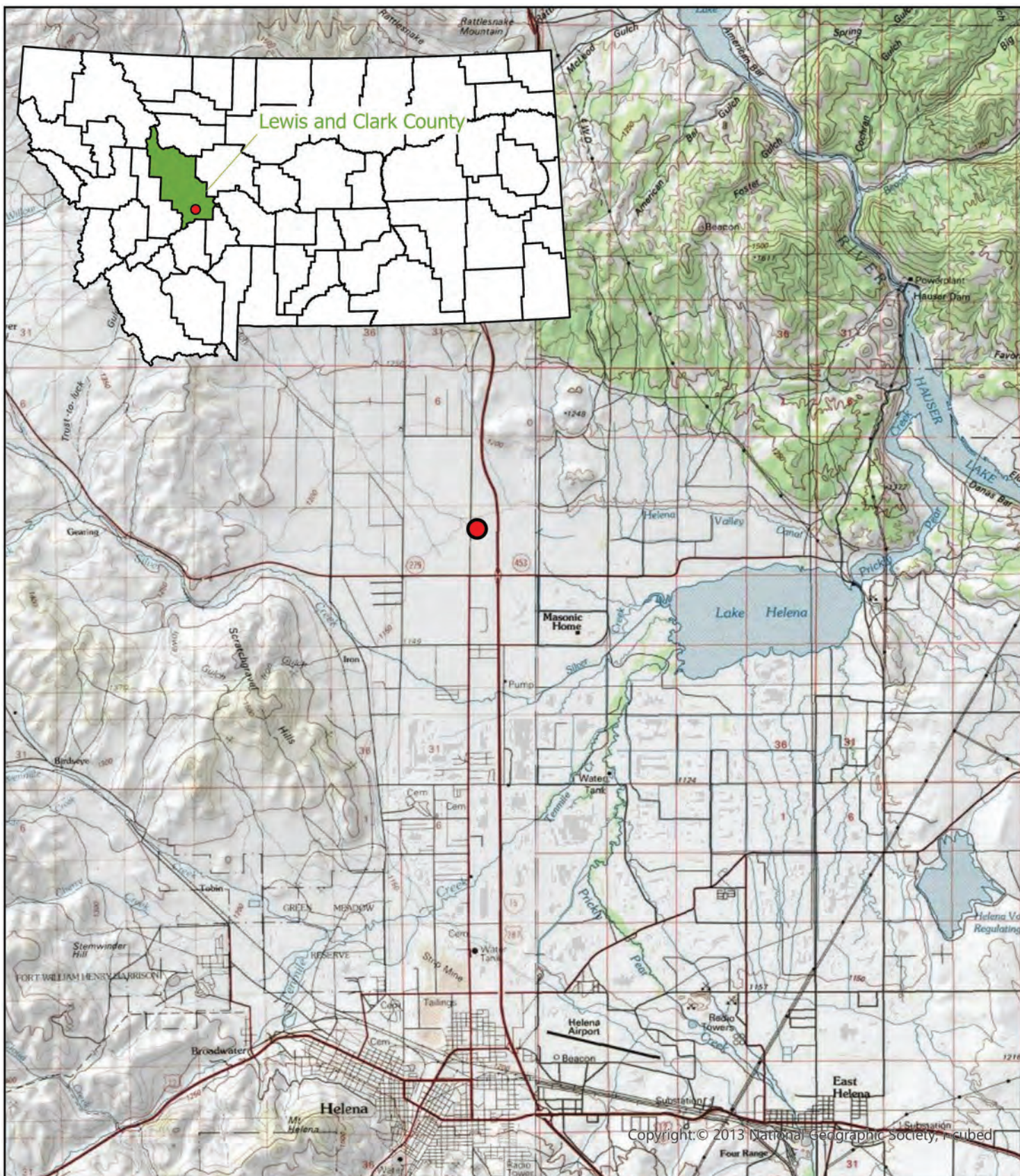
Produced by the United States Geological Survey
North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83)
World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS84). Projection and
1 000-meter grid/Universal Transverse Mercator, Zone 12T
Data is provided by The National Map (TNN), is the best available at the time of map
generation, and includes data content from supporting themes of Elevation,
Hydrography, Geographic Names, Boundaries, Transportation, Structures, Land Cover,
and Orthoimagery. Refer to associated Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC)
Metadata for additional source data information.

This map is not a legal document. Boundaries may be generalized for this map scale.
Private lands within government reservations may not be shown. Obtain permission
before entering private lands. Temporal changes may have occurred since these data
were collected and some data may no longer represent actual surface conditions.

Learn About The National Map: <https://nationalmap.gov>



7.5-MINUTE TOPO, MT
2025



Project No.: 117-750919-24001
10/01/2024



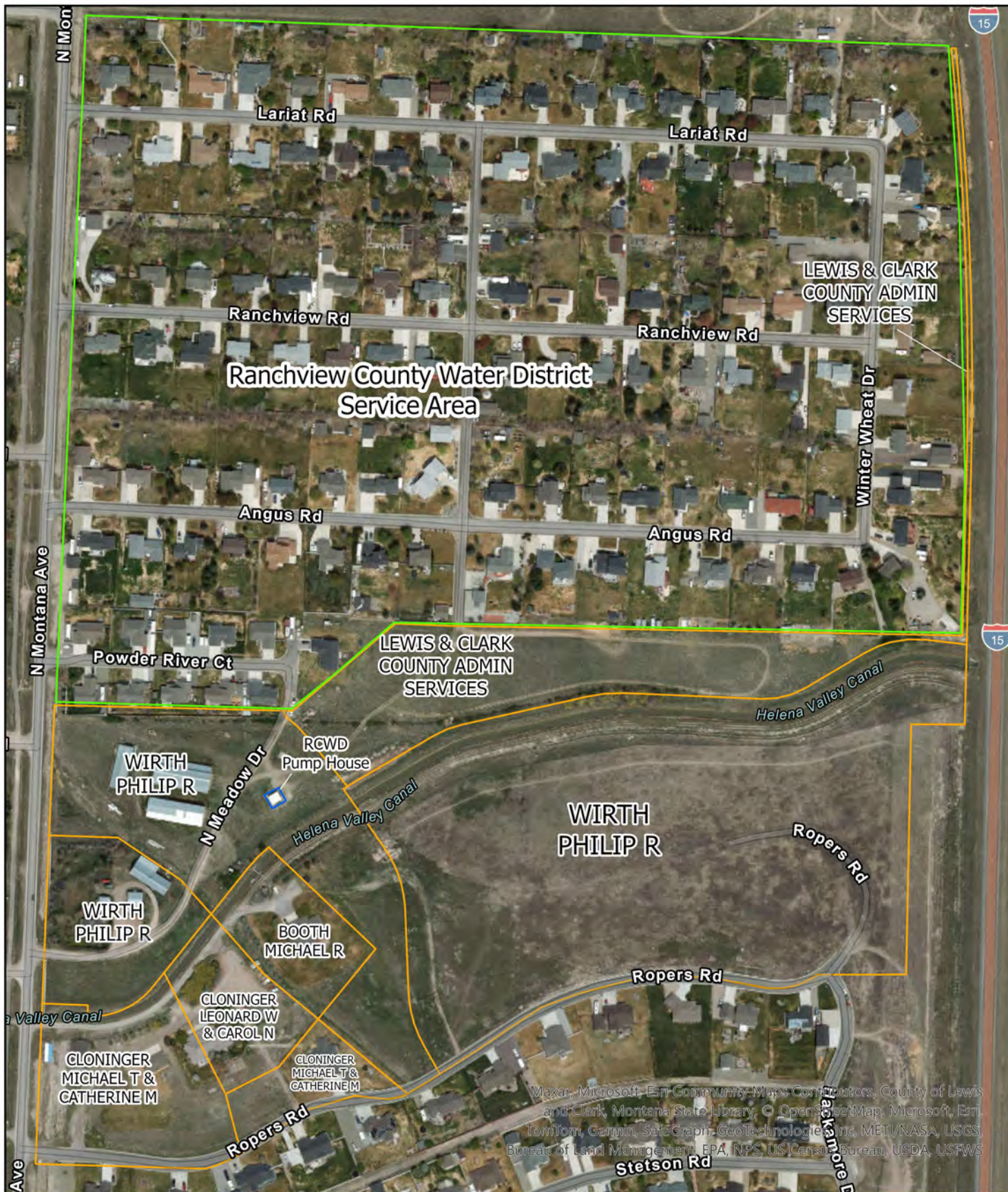
Location Map

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DISTRICT
LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY, MONTANA

● Ranchview County Water District

0 1.25 2.5 5 Miles



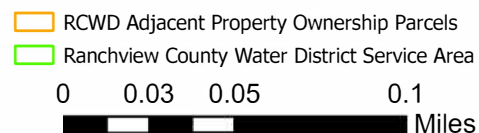


Project No.: 117-750919-24001
10/02/2024



Property Ownership

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DISTRICT
LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY, MONTANA



F:\1-19148-Ranchview Estates Water District\CADD 1-19148\Exhibits\1-19148-Existing Water Lines.dwg



- NOTES:
1. ALL POTABLE WATER PIPING WITHIN SUBDIVISION IS 2" PVC. ALL IRRIGATION PIPING WITHIN SUBDIVISION IS 3" PVC
 2. ALL WATER PIPING IS WITHIN A 30 FT WATER EASEMENT

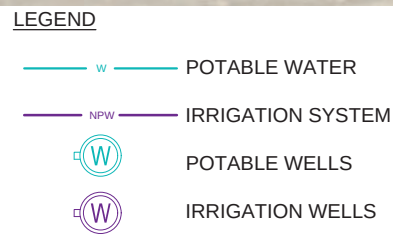
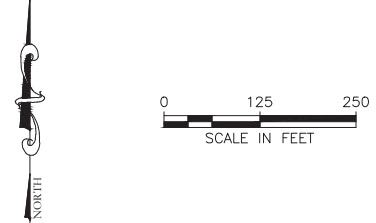


Figure 3-1
Existing Water System
RANCHVIEW ESTATES WATER PER

APPENDIX B: ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Environmental Checklist

Environmental Checklist Prepared by:

On: 4-29-2025

Name of Person 1
Beau Downing

Phone Number
406-437-9865

Name of Person 2
Madison Moran

Phone Number
406-410-4964

Organization
Tetra Tech, Inc.

Email
Beau.Downing@tetrattech.com

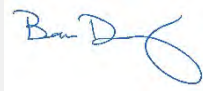
Organization
Tetra Tech, Inc.

Email
Madison.Moran@tetrattech.com

List additional people above. Include organization, phone number and email for all.

As the environmental specialist for the Engineer that prepared the preliminary engineering report I, **Beau Downing, PH, PMP**, have reviewed the information presented in this checklist and believe that it accurately identifies the environmental resources in the area and the potential impacts that the project could have on those resources. In addition, the required state and federal agencies were provided with the required information about the project and requested to provide comments on the proposed public facility project. Their comments have been incorporated into and attached to the Preliminary Engineering Report.

Engineer's Signature:



Date: 4-29-2025

Physical Environment

Impact Code	Impact Type	Permits/ Mitigation Required?	Explanation of Impact to Resource
1. Soil Suitability, Topographic and/or Geologic Constraints (example: soil slump, steep slopes, subsidence, seismic activity)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> Musselshell-Crago complex 2 to 8 percent slope, and Thess-Scravo complex 0 to 8 percent slope. Farmland of Local importance, but out of production. Land is designated as a county park with not infrastructure. There are no geologic constraints. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will require minimal trenching to bury electrical lines that connect the solar panel array to the inverter and meter. The conceptual designs were created to minimize potential need for grading. USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service database.

2. Hazardous Facilities (example: power lines, hazardous waste sites, acceptable distance from explosive and flammable hazards including chemical/petrochemical storage tanks, underground fuel storage tanks, and related facilities such as natural gas storage facilities and propane storage tanks)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The pumphouse stores utilities that supply water to the surrounding community. There is no historical storage of hazardous materials there. There are no <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will not interfere with hazardous facilities. The Montana DEQ Leaking Underground Tank Database, PFAS sites, Solid Waste Facilities, Tank Substances Releases, Potential Contaminant Source Review Areas are available at Untitled map .
3. Surrounding Air Quality (example: dust, odors, emissions)			
☐ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☒ Adverse	☐ Direct ☒ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☒ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> There are no current impacts to air quality. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> Adverse minimal impacts to air quality due to dust may occur during construction. Any impacts would be temporary, and reasonable efforts would be taken during construction to minimize impacts to air quality.
4. Groundwater Resources and Aquifers (example: quantity, quality, distribution, depth to groundwater, sole source aquifers)			
☐ No Impact ☒ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☒ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The groundwater depth and static water level averages 38- 60 feet below ground surface. The wells that supply the RCWD were drilled in 1993, and supply water to Ranchview Estates. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will not directly impact the quantity or quality groundwater resources. It will indirectly impact the distribution of groundwater resources to Ranchview Estates residents by reducing costs, improving efficiency and providing access to a renewable energy resource. Montana Groundwater Information Center (GWIC)
5. Surface Water/Water Quality, Quantity and Distribution (example: streams, lakes, storm runoff, irrigation systems, canals)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> There are no surface water resources present. The Helena Valley Canal is the nearest surface water <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will not impact surface water or water quality.

6. Floodplains and Floodplain Management (Identify any floodplains within one mile of the boundary of the project.)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> There are no FEMA mapped floodplains identified within one mile of the boundary of the project. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> There are no FEMA mapped floodplains identified within one mile of the boundary of the project. Fema Flood Map Service Center
7. Wetlands (Identify any wetlands within one mile of the boundary of the project and state potential impacts.)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> No wetlands occur within the project boundary. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative does not impact wetland or riparian areas. USFWS National Wetlands Inventory
8. Agricultural Lands, Production, and Farmland Protection (example: grazing, forestry, cropland, prime or unique agricultural lands) Identify any prime or important farm ground or forest lands within one mile of the boundary of the project.			
☐ No Impact ☒ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☒ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The current owner of the land is Lewis and Clark County. The RCWD has an easement to operate and distribute water to Ranchview Estates. The land is classified as farmland of local importance, but the area is out of production and designated as undeveloped parkland. There are areas within one mile of the project that are classified as farmland of statewide or local importance or prime farmland. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative would permanently impact 0.5 acres of undeveloped, unused by Lewis and Clark County land that is classified as farmland of local importance. The construction of solar panels on this area will minimally impact the surrounding land and will provide a renewable energy source.
9. Vegetation and Wildlife Species and Habitats, Including Fish (example: terrestrial, avian and aquatic life and habitats)			
☐ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☒ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project boundary is not within sage grouse habitat. The current land resources within the project footprint of the preferred alternative is undeveloped grasses. Canadian Lynx, Grizzly Bears, Rufa Red Knot, Monarch Butterfly, Suckley's Cuckoo Bumble Bee, Bald and Golden Eagles are species that are listed as threatened or potentially threatened within the project region. Due to the residential surroundings and undeveloped but previously disturbed grasslands, this area is not likely to provide habitat for these species. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative has a small footprint of approximately 0.5 acres and impacts a plot of grassland owned by Lewis and

			Clark County with a utility easement for RCWD. The area that will potentially house the solar array will be permanently impacted (approximately 0.5 acres of undeveloped previously disturbed grasses) but the surrounding areas will likely not receive permanent adverse impacts. Montana Natural Heritage Program Montana Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program USFWS Resources – Listed in reference section of PER
10. Unique, Endangered, Fragile, or Limited Environmental Resources, Including Endangered Species (example: plants, fish or wildlife)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact unique, endangered, fragile, or limited environmental resources. Montana Natural Heritage Program Montana Sage Grouse Habitat Conservation Program USFWS Resources – Listed in reference section of PER
11. Unique Natural Features (example: geologic features)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> There are no unique natural features that were present at the site during the site walks. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands.
12. Access to, and Quality of, Recreational and Wilderness Activities, Public Lands and Waterways (including Federally Designated Wild & Scenic Rivers), and Public Open Space			
☐ No Impact ☒ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location is located within Lewis and Clark County and the RCWD has a utility easement. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will require a portion (approximately less than 1 acre) of the Lewis and Clark County easement to be fenced off from the public for safety and security purposes. All other access will remain as it is currently. Interpretive signs and educational requirements of potential grant funding sources would provide a public educational benefit for park users.

Human Environment			
Impact Code	Impact Type	Resource	
1. Visual Quality – Coherence, Diversity, Compatibility of Use and Scale, Aesthetics			
☐ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☒ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The solar panels and fencing will create a slight visual obstruction within the open space. Fence type and solar array siting will mitigate the adverse effects by limiting the size of the solar array and choosing fencing that blends with natural surroundings.
2. Nuisances (example: glare, fumes)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☒ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative may cause temporary and minimal impacts associated with construction such as increased construction traffic, dust, and exhaust fumes from construction equipment.
3. Noise – Suitable Separation Between Housing and Other Noise Sensitive Activities and Major Noise Sources (example: aircraft, highways and railroads.)			
☐ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☒ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> There may be temporary increases in noise activity during construction. There may be low vibrational humming associated with the mechanical aspects of the solar panels.
4. Historic Properties, Cultural, and Archaeological Resources			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> There is not a federally required cultural resources assessment needed for this property, but those requirements may change depending on the funding sources utilized to fund the preferred alternative. The Montana Cultural Resources Database Map Layers were reviewed for Historical Sites Present and Inventoried Sites Present, which were not present on this site. Montana Cultural Resources Database- State Historic Preservation Office

			Samantha McGowen, Montana SHPO Review and Compliance Team (contacted by Tetra Tech personnel via phone call on 4-29-2025).
5. Changes in Demographic (Population) Characteristics (example: quantity, distribution, density)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the demographics within Ranchview Estates.
6. General Housing Conditions – Quality, Quantity, Affordability			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the general housing conditions within Ranchview Estates.
7. Businesses or Residents (example: loss of, displacement, or relocation)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to cause impact including loss of, displacement or relocation of residents.
8. Public Health and Safety			
☐ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☒ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☒ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands. <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will introduce temporary construction health and safety concerns. Worker hazards can be mitigated through safe work practices applicable to the nature of the work. The solar paneled area will be fenced and inaccessible from public access, which is unlikely to cause impact to public health and safety.
9. Local Employment – Quantity or Distribution of Employment, Economic Impact			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the quantity or distribution of employment or economic impact.
10. Income Patterns – Economic Impact			

☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the income patterns of the Ranchview Estates community.
11. Local and State Tax Base and Revenues			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact local and state based taxes and revenues.
12. Community and Government Services and Facilities (example: educational facilities; health and medical services and facilities; police; emergency medical services; and parks, playgrounds and open space)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact community and government services and facilities.
13. Commercial and Industrial Facilities – Production and Activity, Growth or Decline			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact commercial and industrial facilities. There are not industrial facilities present on the project site.
14. Social Structures and Mores (example: standards of social conduct/social conventions)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact social structures and mores.
15. Land Use Compatibility (example: growth, land use change, development activity, adjacent land uses and potential conflicts)			
☐ No Impact ☒ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☒ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u>

			The preferred alternative will be permanently changing from undeveloped, unutilized grasslands to solar panels. The land will remain developed.
16. Energy Resources – Consumption and Conservation			
☐ No Impact ☒ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☒ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will create the addition of solar panels which will beneficially contribute towards reducing RCWD's energy impact.
17. Solid Waste Management			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact solid waste management.
18. Wastewater Treatment – Sewage System			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the wastewater treatment and sewage systems.
19. Storm Water – Surface Drainage			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the quantity or distribution of employment or economic impact.
20. Community Water Supply			
☐ No Impact ☒ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☒ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☒ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative will directly benefit the RCWD by providing access to solar energy to offset energy consumption of the water delivery system.
21. Fire Protection – Hazards			

☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact fire protection.
22. Cultural Facilities, Cultural Uniqueness and Diversity			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact cultural facilities, uniqueness and diversity.
23. Transportation Networks and Traffic Flow Conflicts (example: rail; auto including local traffic; airport runway clear zones – avoidance of incompatible land use in airport runway clear zones)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact transportation networks.
24. Consistency with Local Ordinances, Resolutions, or Plans (example: conformance with local comprehensive plans, zoning, or capital improvement plans.)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact local ordinances, resolutions or plans.
25. Private Property Rights (example: a regulatory action or project activity that reduces, minimizes, or eliminates the use of private property.)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact the quantity or distribution of employment or economic impact.
26. Environmental Justice (example: does the project avoid placing lower income households in areas where environmental degradation has occurred, such as adjacent to brownfield sites?)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands

			<u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact environmental justice.
27. Lead Based Paint and/or Asbestos (example: does the project replace asbestos-lined pipes? Do any structures qualify as containing lead-based paint?)			
☒ No Impact ☐ Beneficial ☐ Adverse	☐ Direct ☐ Indirect ☐ Cumulative	☐ Permit ☐ Mitigation ☐ NA	<u>Current Conditions:</u> The project location will take place within a utility easement area that is comprised of previously disturbed and undeveloped grasslands <u>Preferred Alternative Environmental Narrative:</u> The preferred alternative is unlikely to impact lead based paint and asbestos.

Additional Information

List all sources of information used to complete the Environmental Checklist. Sources may include studies, plans, documents, or the individuals, organizations, or agencies contacted for assistance. For individuals, groups, or agencies, please include a contact person and phone number. List any scoping documents or meetings and/or public meetings during project development.

The RCWD holds board meetings that were utilized to provide concerns and feedback regarding the solar panel project. The Board will discuss the potential environmental impacts, within the PER's selected alternative, with community members to consider their concerns during the design process. The sources of information used to prepare this environmental checklist are listed within the sections they are applicable to. Depending on the sources of funding, additional information to generate an Environmental Assessment or Environmental Impact Statement may be required.

Below is a list of electronic resources available for data gathering to aid in the development of the Environmental Checklist:

Abandoned Mines (DEQ): <https://deq.mt.gov/cleanupandrec/Programs/aml>

Agricultural Statistics (USDA): [USDA - National Agricultural Statistics Service - Data and Statistics](#) Air Quality

- Nonattainment Areas: [Plan and Rule Development | Montana DEQ \(mt.gov\)](#)
- Opening Burning Guidelines: [Open Burning | Montana DEQ \(mt.gov\)](#)

Army Corps of Engineers: <http://www.usace.army.mil/Home.aspx>

Bureau of Business and Economic Research, UM: <http://www.bber.umt.edu/>

Cadastral (for property ownership info): <http://svc.mt.gov/msl/mtcadastral>

Census Information, MT Dept. of Commerce: <http://ceic.mt.gov>

Conservation Districts, MT: <http://macdnet.org/>

Cultural Records

- Montana Historical Society: <https://mhs.mt.gov/Shpo/CulturalRecords>

DEQ data search tools: [Montana DEQ's GIS Portal \(mt.gov\)](#)

- Including Clean Water Act Info Center, Hazardous Waste Handlers, Petroleum Release Fund Claims, Unpermitted Releases, Underground Storage Tanks, Source Water Protection

EPA Enforcement and Compliance History Online <http://echo.epa.gov/>

Farmland Classification: <http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx>

Fish (Also See Wildlife)

- Montana Fisheries Information System: [Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks GIS Data \(arcgis.com\)](#)
- Aquatic Invasive Species: [Montana FWP AIS Surveys Dashboard 2021 \(arcgis.com\)](#)
- Floodplain Maps, FEMA: <https://msc.fema.gov/portal>

Geographic Information, Natural Resources Information System: <http://nr.is.mt.gov/gis>

Geologic Information - [MBMG - Publications - Download Geologic Maps \(mtech.edu\)](#)

Maps of Montana for species observations, land cover, wetland and riparian areas, land management: [Montana Natural Heritage Program \(mtnhp.org\)](#); <http://mtnhp.org/mapviewer/?t=6>

Montana Department of Transportation: <https://www.mdt.mt.gov/>

- Environmental Manual: <http://www.mdt.mt.gov/publications/docs/manuals/env/preface.pdf>
- Environmental Manual - Chapter 29, Permits Required: <https://www.mdt.mt.gov/publications/docs/manuals/env/Chapter%2029%20PERMITS%20REQUIRED.pdf>

Montana Board of Oil and Gas Conservation Information System:

- <https://dnrc.mt.gov/BOGC/> Plants
- Plant database, USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service: <http://plants.usda.gov/java>
- Plant Species, MT Field Guide: <http://fieldguide.mt.gov/default.aspx>
- Plant Species of Concern: <http://mtnhp.org/SpeciesOfConcern/Default.aspx?AorP=p>
- Threatened, Endangered and Rare Plants, USDA: <https://plants.usda.gov/home/raritySearch>

Soils

- USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service database: <https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/>
- Montana soil and water conservation districts: <http://swcdmi.org/>

State Historic Preservation Office: <http://mhs.mt.gov/Shpo>

Tourism, UM – Institute of Tourism & Recreation Research: <http://www.itrr.umn.edu>

Tribal Resources:

- Blackfeet Tribal Environmental Permits: <http://www.blackfeetenvironmental.com>
- CSKT Natural Resources Department: <http://nrd.csktribes.org/>
- Montana Office of Indian Affairs: <http://tribalnations.mt.gov/>

- Tribal Historic Preservation Officer List: [Search - NATHPO](#)
- Tribal Directory Assessment Tool (TDAT): <https://egis.hud.gov/tdat/>

Vehicle Traffic Count (MDT): <http://www.mdt.mt.gov/publications/datastats/traffic.shtml>

Water

- Stream Record Extension Facilitator, USGS: [USGS | National Water Dashboard](#)
- Streamstats basin characteristics, USGS: <http://water.usgs.gov/osw/streamstats/>
- Water Resources Division, DNRC: <https://dnrc.mt.gov/Water-Resources/> [ArcGIS Web Application \(mt.gov\)](#)
- Water Rights Bureau, DNRC: <https://dnrc.mt.gov/Water-Resources/Water-Rights/>
- Water Right Query System, DNRC: [DNRC Water Right Query System \(mt.gov\)](#)
- Wetlands database, USFWS: <http://www.fws.gov/wetlands/Data/mapper.html>
- Wild and Scenic Rivers: <http://www.rivers.gov/montana.php>

Wildlife

- Animal Species, MT Field Guide: <http://fieldguide.mt.gov/default.aspx>
- Animal Species of Concern: <http://mtnhp.org/SpeciesOfConcern/Default.aspx?AorP=a>
- Aquatic Invasive Species: [Montana FWP AIS Surveys Dashboard 2021 \(arcgis.com\)](#)
- Critical Habitat Mapper, USFWS: <http://ecos.fws.gov/crithab/>
- Crucial Areas Planning System/Habitat Assessment Tool: [Habitat MT \(HB 526\) Funded Lands \(arcgis.com\)](#)
- FWP Contact Map: <http://fwp.mt.gov/gis/maps/contactUs/> (includes biologist responsibility areas)
- Maps and GIS Data, FWP: [Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks GIS Data \(arcgis.com\)](#)
- Sage grouse management, FWP: [Montana Fish, Wildlife & Parks GIS Data : Sage-grouse Habitat/Current Distribution \(Montana\) : Sage-grouse Habitat/Current Distribution \(Montana\) \(arcgis.com\)](#)
- Sage grouse habitat conservation program, DNRC: <http://sagegrouse.mt.gov/>
- Sage grouse habitat map: <https://sagegrouse.mt.gov/ProgramMap>

APPENDIX C: SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

**RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DISTRICT
LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY, MONTANA
TETRA TECH PROJECT NO. 117-750919-24001**



PHOTOGRAPH 1 View of the pumphouse and the surrounding area.



PHOTOGRAPH 2 View of the access road to the pumphouse and the surrounding area.



PHOTOGRAPH 3 NWE meter and breaker box.



PHOTOGRAPH 4 Flowmeter.

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DISTRICT
LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY, MONTANA
TETRA TECH PROJECT NO. 117-750919-24001



PHOTOGRAPH 5 Transducer.



PHOTOGRAPH 6 Current electrical configuration for potable water.



PHOTOGRAPH 7 Current electrical configuration for irrigation supply.

APPENDIX D: DESIGN DOCUMENTS

PVsyst - Simulation report

Grid-Connected System

Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_SAT

Tracking system

System power: 66.1 kWp

Helena Valley Northwest - United States

Author

Gemini - Tetra Tech (United states)



complex world | CLEAR SOLUTIONS®



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_SAT

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC4, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:46

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

Project summary

Geographical Site	Situation	Project settings
Helena Valley Northwest	Latitude 46.72 °N	Albedo 0.20
United States	Longitude -112.02 °W	
	Altitude 1152 m	
	Time zone UTC-7	
Weather data		
Helena Valley Northwest		
Meteonorm 8.2 (1991-2005) - Synthetic		

System summary

Grid-Connected System	Tracking system	
Orientation #1	Near Shadings	User's needs
Tracking plane, horizontal N-S axis	According to strings : Slow (simul.)	Unlimited load (grid)
Axis azimuth 0 °	Electrical effect 100 %	
Phi min / max. -/+ 55 °		
Diffuse shading all trackers		
Tracking algorithm		
Astronomic calculation		
System information		
PV Array	Inverters	
Nb. of modules 112 units	Nb. of units 1 unit	
Pnom total 66.1 kWp	Pnom total 50.0 kWac	
	Pnom ratio 1.322	

Results summary

Produced Energy 112.90 MWh/year	Specific production 1709 kWh/kWp/year	Perf. Ratio PR 80.92 %
---------------------------------	---------------------------------------	------------------------

Table of contents

Project and results summary	2
General parameters, PV Array Characteristics, System losses	3
Near shading definition - Iso-shadings diagram	5
Main results	6
Loss diagram	7
Predef. graphs	8



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_SAT

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC4, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:46

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

General parameters

Grid-Connected System

Orientation #1

Tracking plane, horizontal N-S axis

Axis azimuth 0 °

Phi min / max. +/- 55 °

Diffuse shading all trackers

Tracking algorithm

Astronomic calculation

Models used

Transposition Perez

Diffuse Perez, Meteonorm

Circumsolar separate

User's needs

Unlimited load (grid)

Tracking system

Trackers configuration

Nb. of trackers 7 units

Tracking plane, horizontal N-S axis

Shading limit angles

Phi limits +/- 78.2 °

Sizes

Tracker Spacing 12.0 m

Collector width 2.46 m

Average GCR 20.6 %

Near Shadings

According to strings : Slow (simul.)

Electrical effect 100 %

PV Array Characteristics

PV module

Manufacturer Hanwha Q Cells

Model Q.Peak-Duo-XL-G11S.3 / BFG-590

(Original PVsyst database)

Unit Nom. Power 590 Wp

Number of PV modules 112 units

Nominal (STC) 66.1 kWp

Modules 7 string x 16 In series

At operating cond. (50°C)

Pmpp 60.4 kWp

U mpp 656 V

I mpp 92 A

Total PV power

Nominal (STC) 66 kWp

Total 112 modules

Module area 313 m²

Inverter

Manufacturer

SMA

Model Sunny Tripower STP50-US-41-Core1

(Original PVsyst database)

Unit Nom. Power 50.0 kWac

Number of inverters 1 unit

Total power 50.0 kWac

Operating voltage 150-800 V

Pnom ratio (DC:AC) 1.32

Power sharing within this inverter

Total inverter power

Total power 50 kWac

Number of inverters 1 unit

Pnom ratio 1.32

Array losses

Array Soiling Losses

Loss Fraction 3.0 %

Thermal Loss factor

Module temperature according to irradiance

Uc (const) 29.0 W/m²K

Uv (wind) 0.0 W/m²K/m/s

DC wiring losses

Global array res. 118 mΩ

Loss Fraction 1.5 % at STC

Serie Diode Loss

Voltage drop 0.7 V

Loss Fraction 0.1 % at STC

LID - Light Induced Degradation

Loss Fraction 2.0 %

Module Quality Loss

Loss Fraction -0.4 %

Module mismatch losses

Loss Fraction 2.0 % at MPP

IAM loss factor

Incidence effect (IAM): Fresnel, AR coating, n(glass)=1.526, n(AR)=1.290

0°	30°	50°	60°	70°	75°	80°	85°	90°
1.000	0.999	0.987	0.963	0.892	0.814	0.679	0.438	0.000



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_SAT

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC4, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:46

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

System losses

Unavailability of the system

Time fraction 2.0 %
7.3 days,
3 periods

Auxiliaries loss

Night aux. cons. 200 W

AC wiring losses

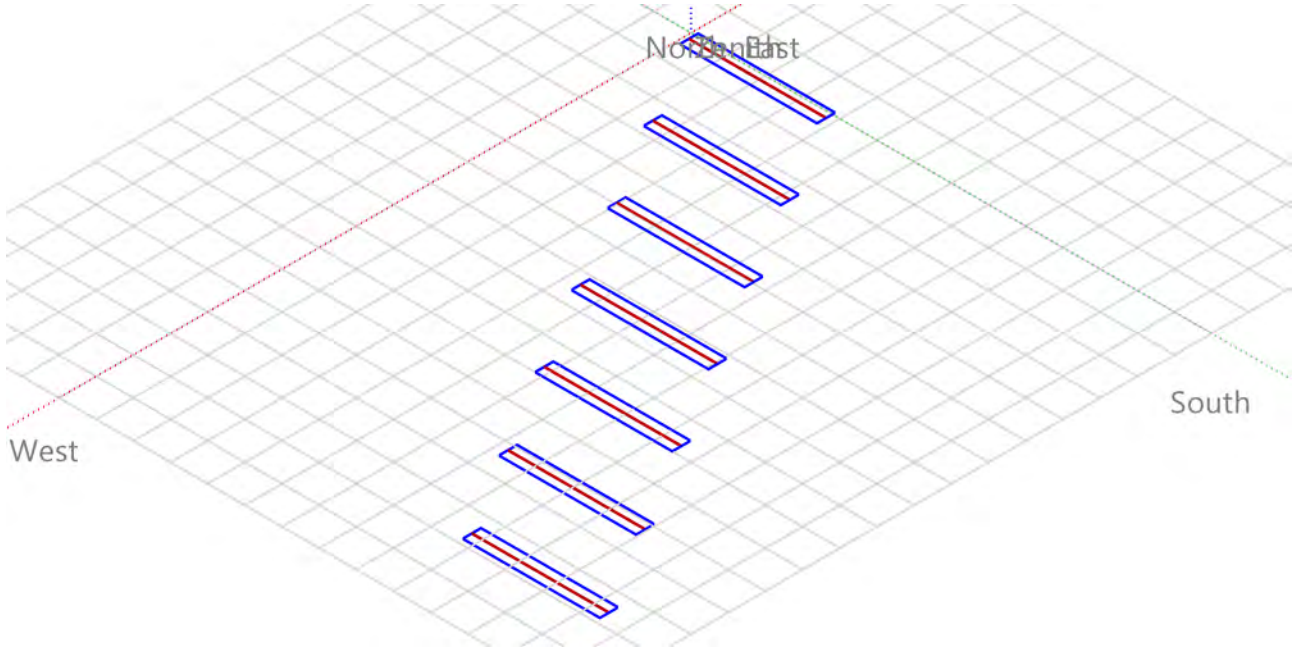
Inv. output line up to injection point

Inverter voltage 480 Vac tri
Loss Fraction 0.00 % at STC
Inverter: Sunny Tripower STP50-US-41-Core1
Wire section (1 Inv.) Copper 1 x 3 x 25 mm²
Wires length 0 m



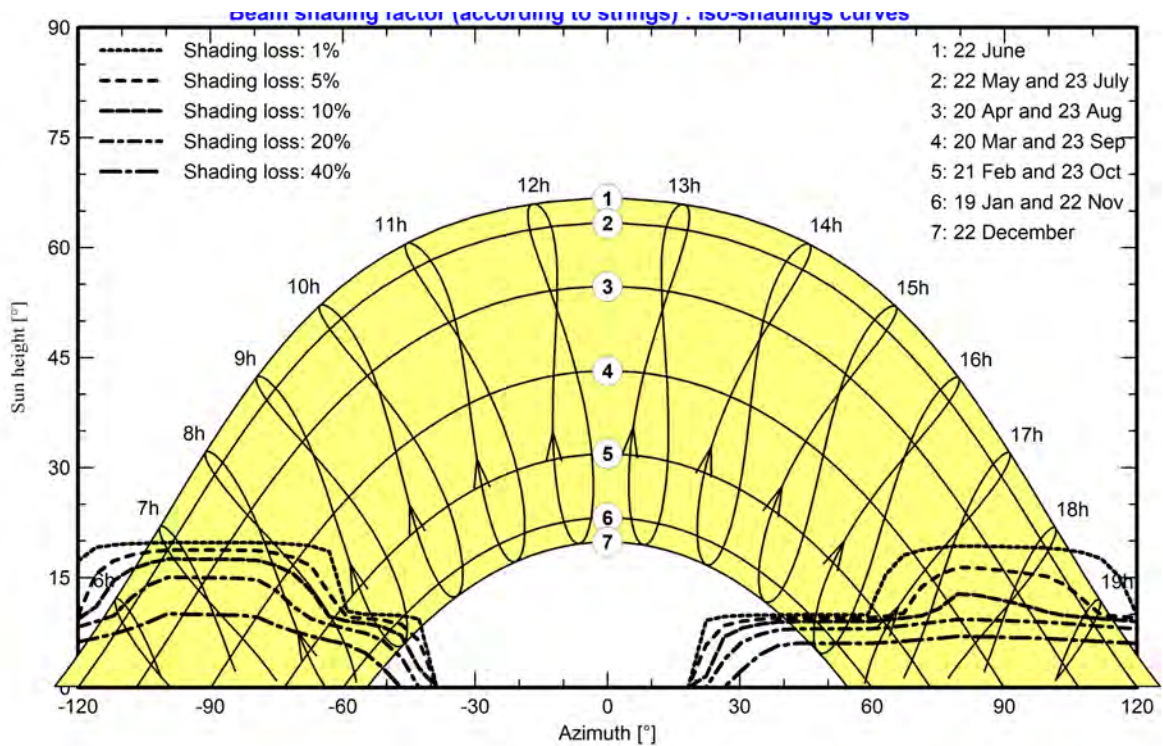
Near shadings parameter

Perspective of the PV-field and surrounding shading scene



Iso-shadings diagram

Orientation #1 -





Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_SAT

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC4, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:46

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

Main results

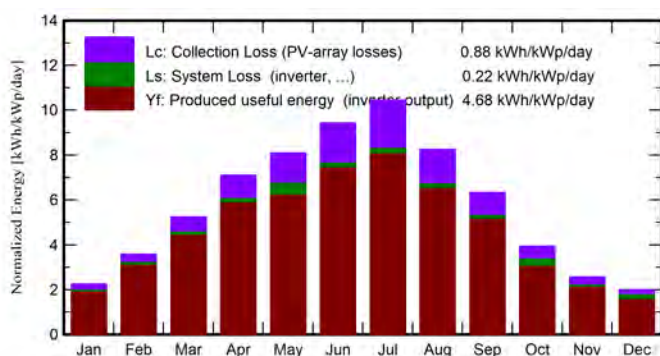
System Production

Produced Energy 112.90 MWh/year Specific production 1709 kWh/kWp/year
Perf. Ratio PR 80.92 %

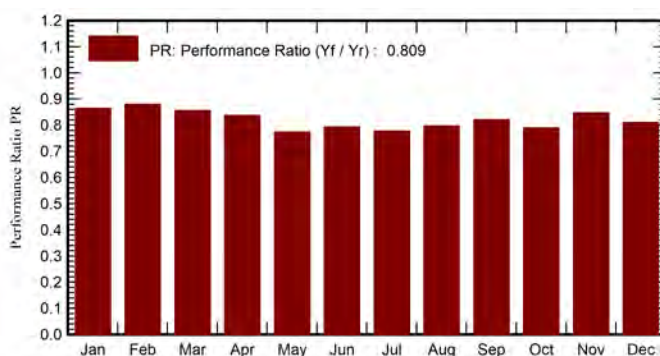
Economic evaluation

Investment Yearly cost LCOE
Global 587,340.00 USD Annuities 0.00 USD/yr Energy cost 0.02 USD/kWh
Specific 8.89 USD/Wp Run. costs 2,550.00 USD/yr
Payback period Unprofitable

Normalized productions (per installed kWp)



Performance Ratio PR



Balances and main results

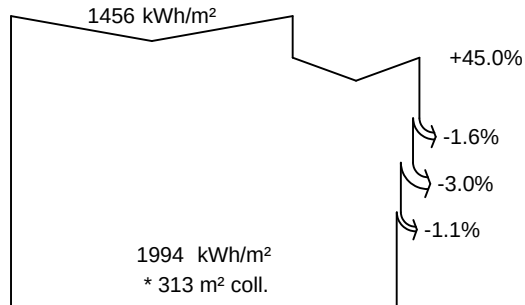
	GlobHor kWh/m ²	DiffHor kWh/m ²	T_Amb °C	GlobInc kWh/m ²	GlobEff kWh/m ²	EArray MWh	E_Grid MWh	PR ratio
January	45.7	19.52	-4.60	70.1	64.2	4.19	4.00	0.864
February	66.3	25.80	-3.55	100.4	94.1	6.06	5.84	0.880
March	110.5	44.43	1.98	162.7	153.4	9.50	9.19	0.855
April	148.2	59.26	6.69	212.8	201.5	12.15	11.77	0.837
May	181.3	71.69	11.99	251.2	238.5	13.95	12.85	0.774
June	201.5	74.26	16.75	283.0	268.2	15.29	14.83	0.793
July	221.4	59.49	23.16	324.0	307.6	17.15	16.63	0.777
August	178.9	64.99	21.04	256.0	243.3	13.91	13.48	0.797
September	128.6	44.07	14.82	190.0	179.9	10.67	10.32	0.822
October	82.3	36.14	7.35	122.0	114.7	7.04	6.37	0.790
November	50.8	21.23	0.38	77.1	71.2	4.51	4.31	0.847
December	40.3	17.99	-4.61	62.0	57.1	3.77	3.32	0.810
Year	1455.8	538.86	7.69	2111.4	1993.7	118.19	112.90	0.809

Legends

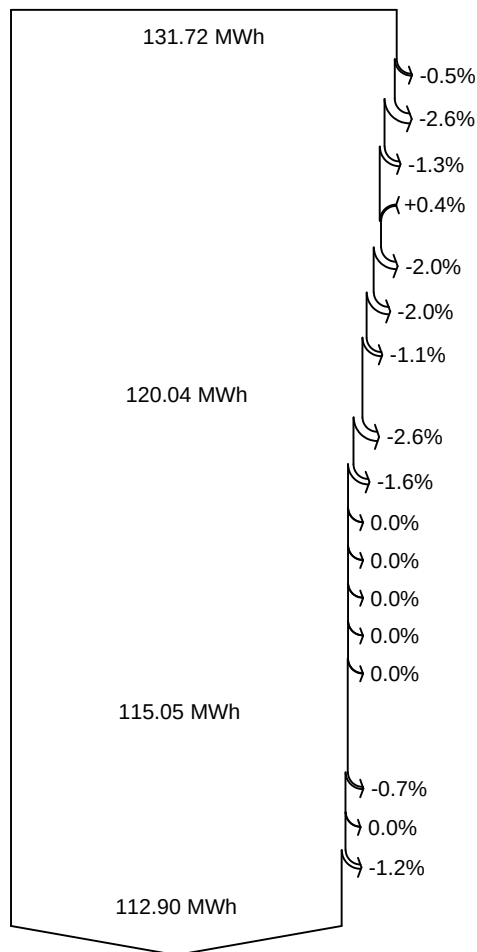
GlobHor Global horizontal irradiation
DiffHor Horizontal diffuse irradiation
T_Amb Ambient Temperature
GlobInc Global incident in coll. plane
GlobEff Effective Global, corr. for IAM and shadings
EArray Effective energy at the output of the array
E_Grid Energy injected into grid
PR Performance Ratio



Loss diagram



efficiency at STC = 21.13%



Global horizontal irradiation

Global incident in coll. plane

Near Shadings: irradiance loss

Soiling loss factor

IAM factor on global

Effective irradiation on collectors

PV conversion

Array nominal energy (at STC effic.)

PV loss due to irradiance level

PV loss due to temperature

Shadings: Electrical Loss acc. to strings

Module quality loss

LID - Light induced degradation

Module array mismatch loss

Ohmic wiring loss

Array virtual energy at MPP

Inverter Loss during operation (efficiency)

Inverter Loss over nominal inv. power

Inverter Loss due to max. input current

Inverter Loss over nominal inv. voltage

Inverter Loss due to power threshold

Inverter Loss due to voltage threshold

Night consumption

Available Energy at Inverter Output

Auxiliaries (fans, other)

AC ohmic loss

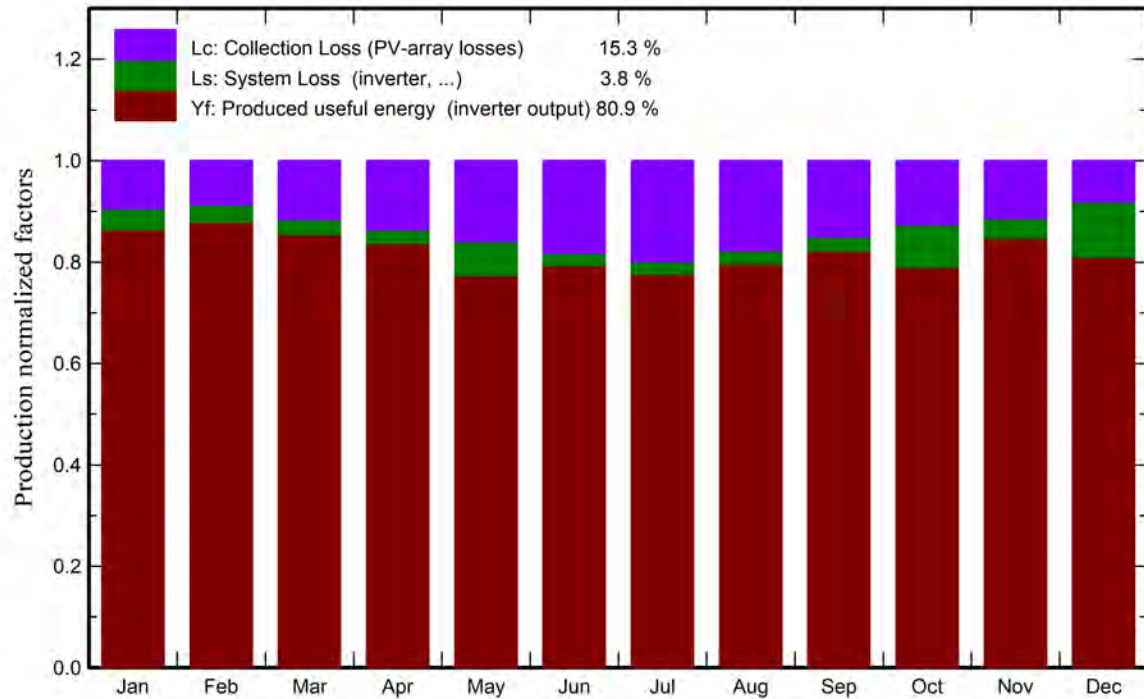
System unavailability

Energy injected into grid

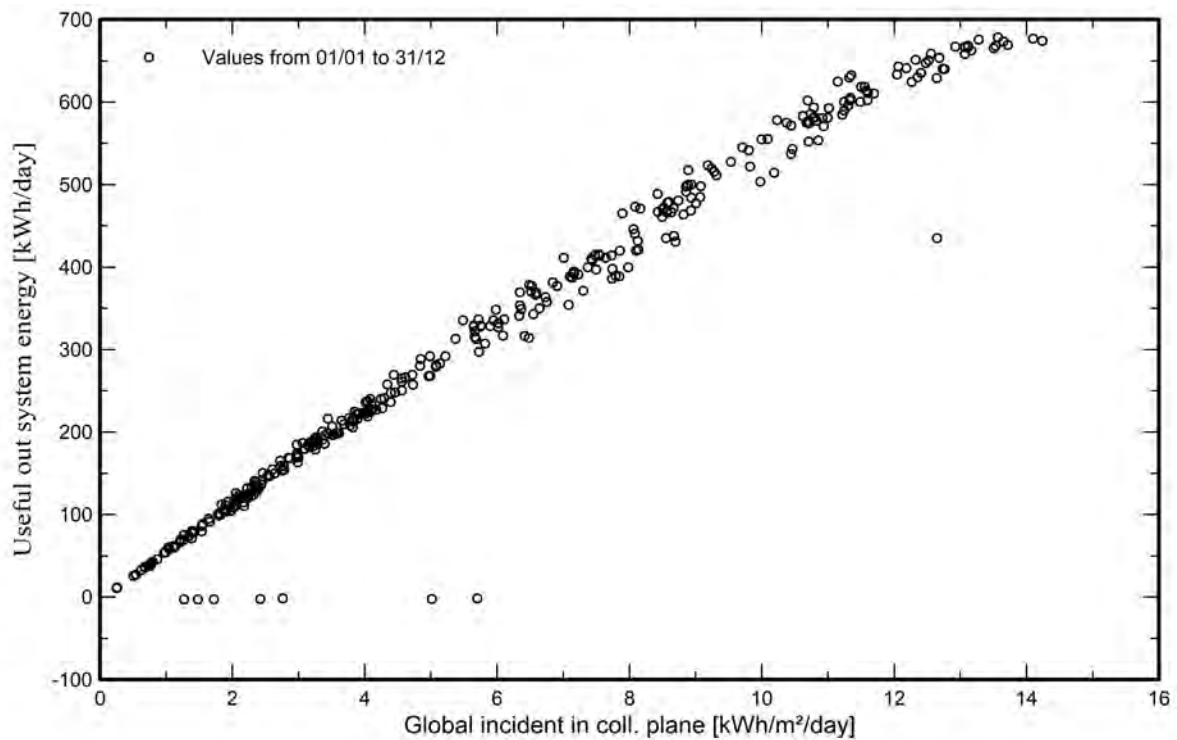


Predef. graphs

Normalized Production and Loss Factors



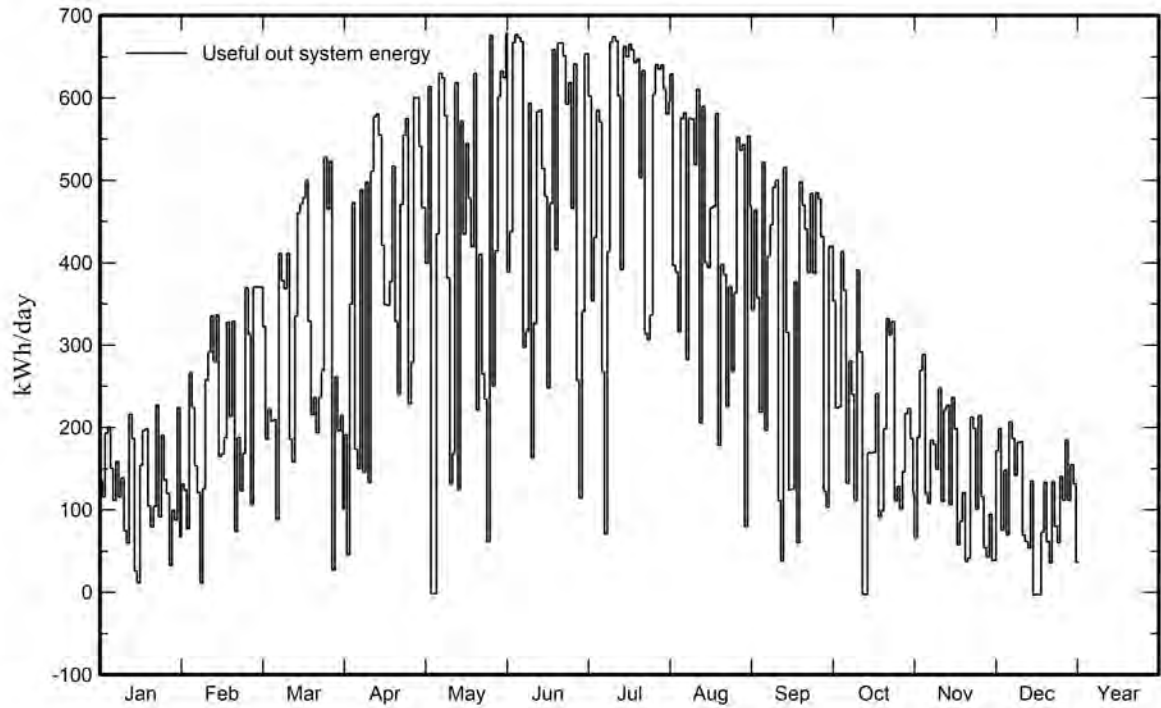
Daily Input/Output diagram



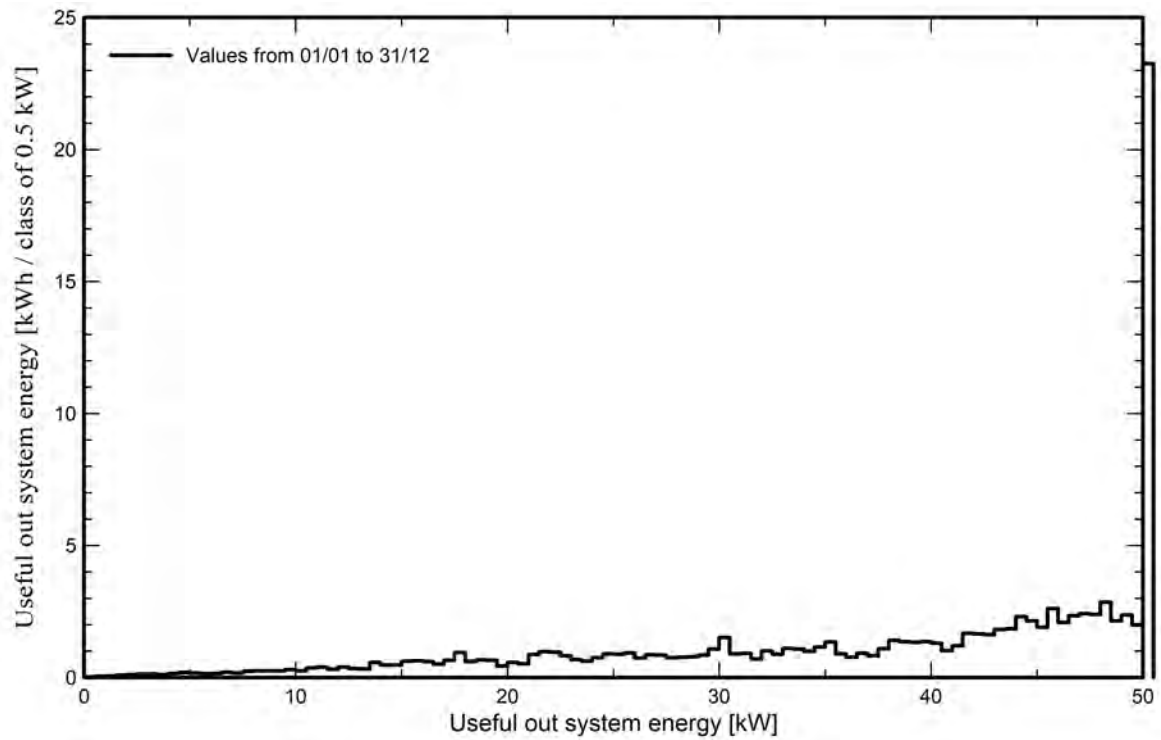


Predef. graphs

Daily System Output Energy



System Output Power Distribution



PVsyst - Simulation report

Grid-Connected System

Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED

Sheds on ground

System power: 66.1 kWp

Helena Valley Northwest - United States

Author

Gemini - Tetra Tech (United states)



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC3, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:53

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

Project summary

Geographical Site	Situation	Project settings
Helena Valley Northwest	Latitude 46.72 °N	Albedo 0.20
United States	Longitude -112.02 °W	
	Altitude 1152 m	
	Time zone UTC-7	
Weather data		
Helena Valley Northwest		
Meteonorm 8.2 (1991-2005) - Synthetic		

System summary

Grid-Connected System	Sheds on ground	
Orientation #1	Near Shadings	User's needs
Fixed plane	According to strings : Slow (simul.)	Unlimited load (grid)
Tilt/Azimuth 15 / 0 °	Electrical effect 100 %	
System information		
PV Array	Inverters	
Nb. of modules 112 units	Nb. of units 1 unit	
Pnom total 66.1 kWp	Pnom total 50.0 kWac	
	Pnom ratio 1.322	

Results summary

Produced Energy 88217 kWh/year	Specific production 1335 kWh/kWp/year	Perf. Ratio PR 81.03 %
--------------------------------	---------------------------------------	------------------------

Table of contents

Project and results summary	2
General parameters, PV Array Characteristics, System losses	3
Near shading definition - Iso-shadings diagram	5
Main results	6
Loss diagram	7
Predef. graphs	8



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC3, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:53

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

General parameters

Grid-Connected System

Sheds on ground

Orientation #1

Fixed plane

Tilt/Azimuth 15 / 0 °

Sheds configuration

Nb. of sheds 7 units

Set of tables

Shading limit angle

Limit profile angle 12 °

Sizes

Sheds spacing 5.38 m

Collector width 2.46 m

Average GCR 45.7 %

Models used

Transposition Perez

Diffuse Perez, Meteonorm

Circumsolar separate

Horizon

Free Horizon

Near Shadings

According to strings : Slow (simul.)

Electrical effect 100 %

User's needs

Unlimited load (grid)

PV Array Characteristics

PV module

Manufacturer Hanwha Q Cells

Model Q.Peak-Duo-XL-G11S.3 / BFG-590

(Original PVsyst database)

Unit Nom. Power 590 Wp

Number of PV modules 112 units

Nominal (STC) 66.1 kWp

Modules 7 string x 16 In series

At operating cond. (50°C)

Pmpp 60.4 kWp

U mpp 656 V

I mpp 92 A

Total PV power

Nominal (STC) 66 kWp

Total 112 modules

Module area 313 m²

Inverter

Manufacturer

SMA

Model Sunny Tripower STP50-US-41-Core1

(Original PVsyst database)

Unit Nom. Power 50.0 kWac

Number of inverters 1 unit

Total power 50.0 kWac

Operating voltage 150-800 V

Pnom ratio (DC:AC) 1.32

Power sharing within this inverter

Total inverter power

Total power 50 kWac

Number of inverters 1 unit

Pnom ratio 1.32

Array losses

Array Soiling Losses

Loss Fraction 3.0 %

Thermal Loss factor

Module temperature according to irradiance

Uc (const) 29.0 W/m²K

Uv (wind) 0.0 W/m²K/m/s

DC wiring losses

Global array res. 118 mΩ

Loss Fraction 1.5 % at STC

Serie Diode Loss

Voltage drop 0.7 V

Loss Fraction 0.1 % at STC

LID - Light Induced Degradation

Loss Fraction 2.0 %

Module Quality Loss

Loss Fraction -0.4 %

Module mismatch losses

Loss Fraction 2.0 % at MPP

IAM loss factor

Incidence effect (IAM): Fresnel, AR coating, n(glass)=1.526, n(AR)=1.290

0°	30°	50°	60°	70°	75°	80°	85°	90°
1.000	0.999	0.987	0.963	0.892	0.814	0.679	0.438	0.000



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC3, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:53

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

System losses

Unavailability of the system

Time fraction 2.0 %
7.3 days,
3 periods

Auxiliaries loss

Night aux. cons. 200 W

AC wiring losses

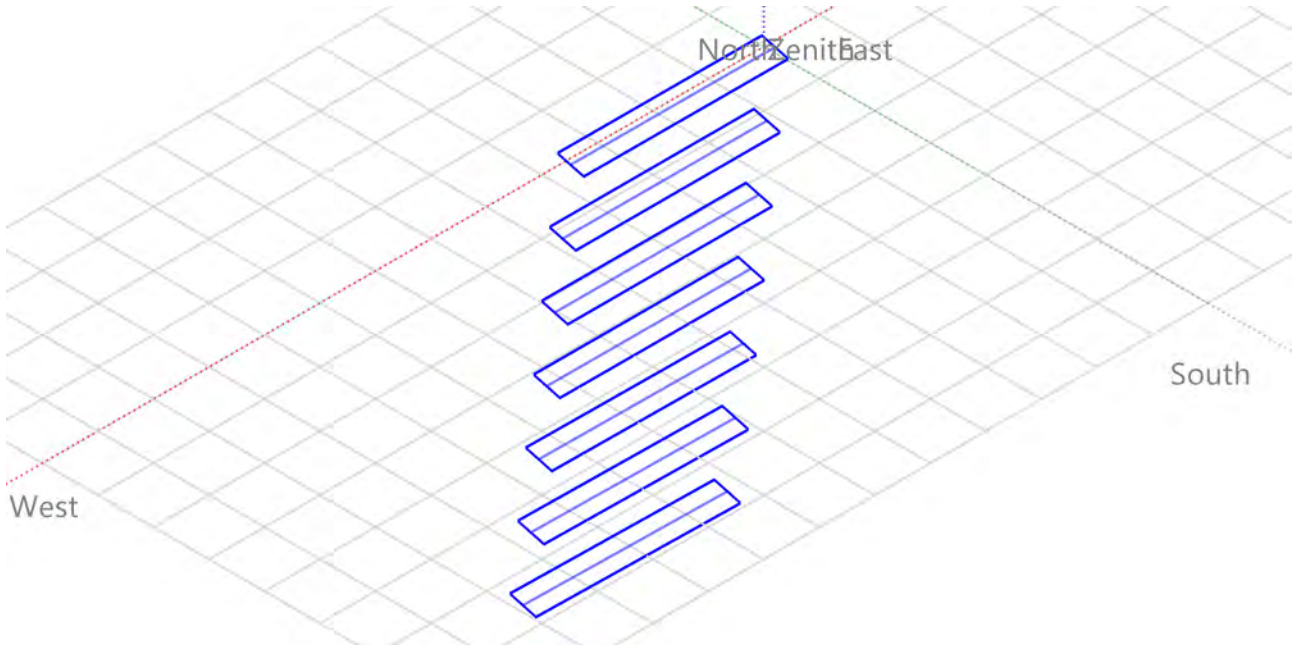
Inv. output line up to injection point

Inverter voltage 480 Vac tri
Loss Fraction 0.00 % at STC
Inverter: Sunny Tripower STP50-US-41-Core1
Wire section (1 Inv.) Copper 1 x 3 x 25 mm²
Wires length 0 m



Near shadings parameter

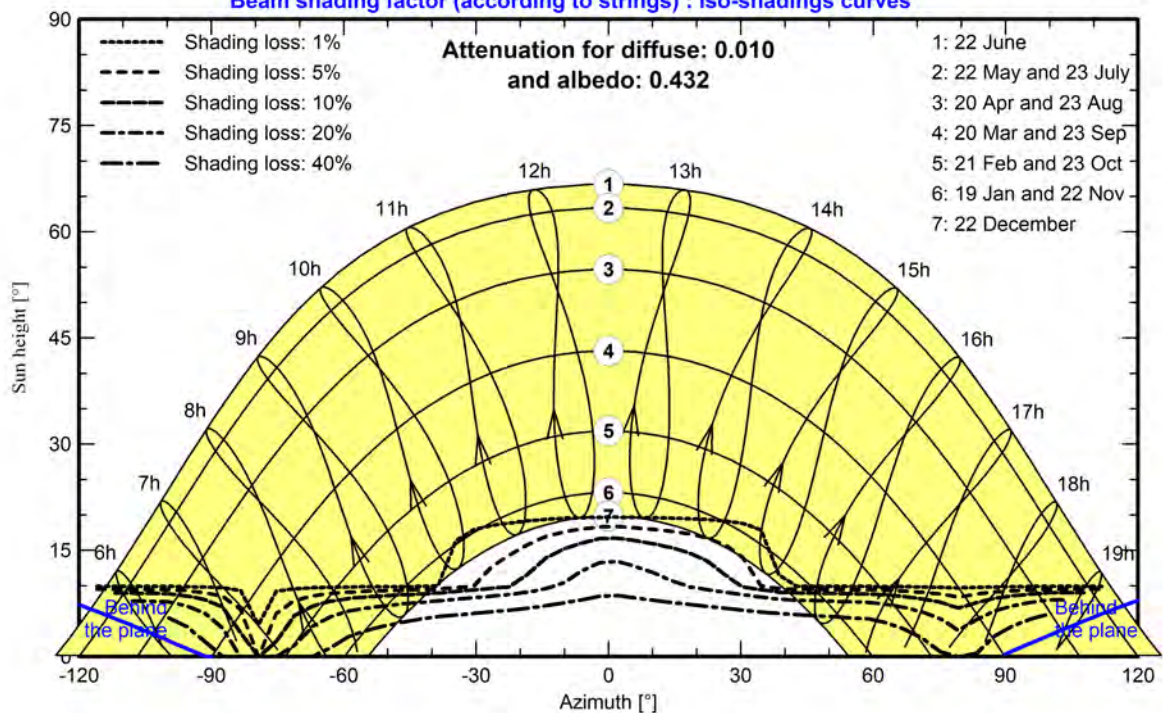
Perspective of the PV-field and surrounding shading scene



Iso-shadings diagram

Orientation #1 - Fixed plane, Tilts/azimuths: 15°/ 0°

Beam shading factor (according to strings) : Iso-shadings curves





Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC3, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:53

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

Main results

System Production

Produced Energy

88217 kWh/year

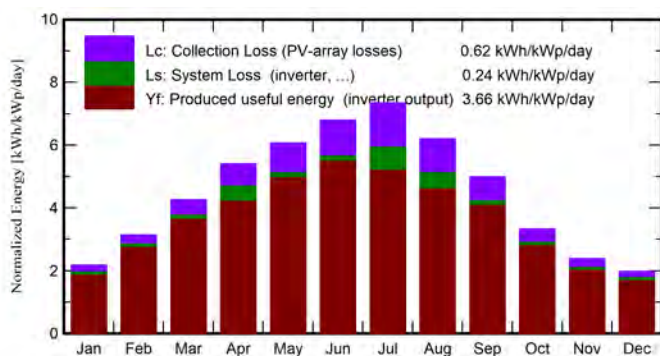
Specific production

1335 kWh/kWp/year

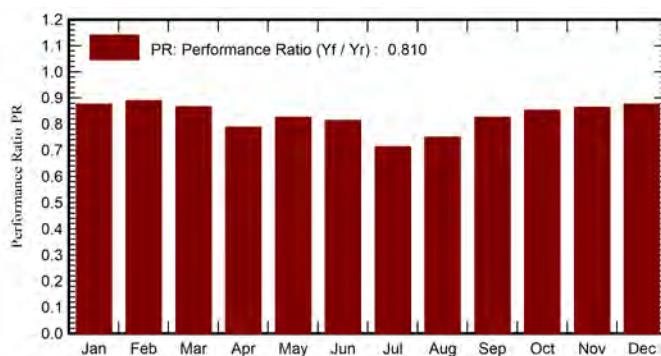
Perf. Ratio PR

81.03 %

Normalized productions (per installed kWp)



Performance Ratio PR



Balances and main results

	GlobHor kWh/m ²	DiffHor kWh/m ²	T_Amb °C	GlobInc kWh/m ²	GlobEff kWh/m ²	EArray kWh	E_Grid kWh	PR ratio
January	45.7	19.52	-4.60	67.5	62.6	4102	3910	0.877
February	66.3	25.80	-3.55	87.8	82.1	5370	5163	0.890
March	110.5	44.43	1.98	132.0	123.8	7824	7553	0.866
April	148.2	59.26	6.69	162.2	152.4	9406	8445	0.788
May	181.3	71.69	11.99	188.3	177.2	10606	10269	0.826
June	201.5	74.26	16.75	203.8	192.1	11311	10962	0.814
July	221.4	59.49	23.16	227.7	214.9	12263	10743	0.714
August	178.9	64.99	21.04	192.4	180.9	10588	9543	0.751
September	128.6	44.07	14.82	149.7	140.8	8470	8178	0.826
October	82.3	36.14	7.35	103.3	96.7	6055	5821	0.853
November	50.8	21.23	0.38	71.4	66.5	4269	4077	0.864
December	40.3	17.99	-4.61	61.4	56.8	3738	3552	0.876
Year	1455.8	538.86	7.69	1647.6	1546.8	94003	88217	0.810

Legends

GlobHor Global horizontal irradiation

DiffHor Horizontal diffuse irradiation

T_Amb Ambient Temperature

GlobInc Global incident in coll. plane

GlobEff Effective Global, corr. for IAM and shadings

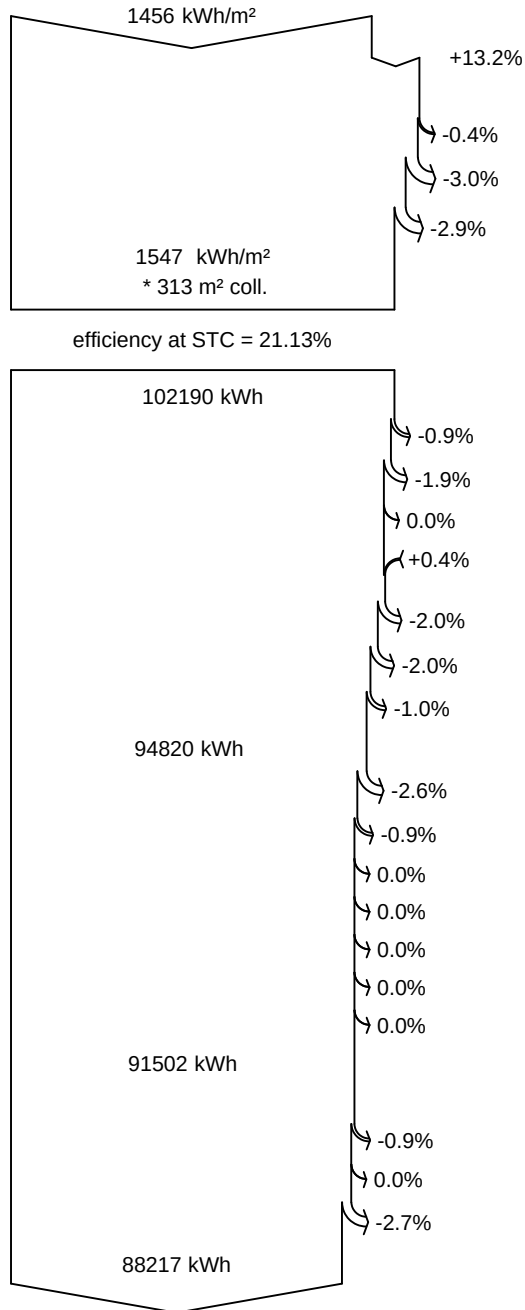
EArray Effective energy at the output of the array

E_Grid Energy injected into grid

PR Performance Ratio



Loss diagram



Global horizontal irradiation

Global incident in coll. plane

Near Shadings: irradiance loss

Soiling loss factor

IAM factor on global

Effective irradiation on collectors

PV conversion

Array nominal energy (at STC effic.)

PV loss due to irradiance level

PV loss due to temperature

Shadings: Electrical Loss acc. to strings

Module quality loss

LID - Light induced degradation

Module array mismatch loss

Ohmic wiring loss

Array virtual energy at MPP

Inverter Loss during operation (efficiency)

Inverter Loss over nominal inv. power

Inverter Loss due to max. input current

Inverter Loss over nominal inv. voltage

Inverter Loss due to power threshold

Inverter Loss due to voltage threshold

Night consumption

Available Energy at Inverter Output

Auxiliaries (fans, other)

AC ohmic loss

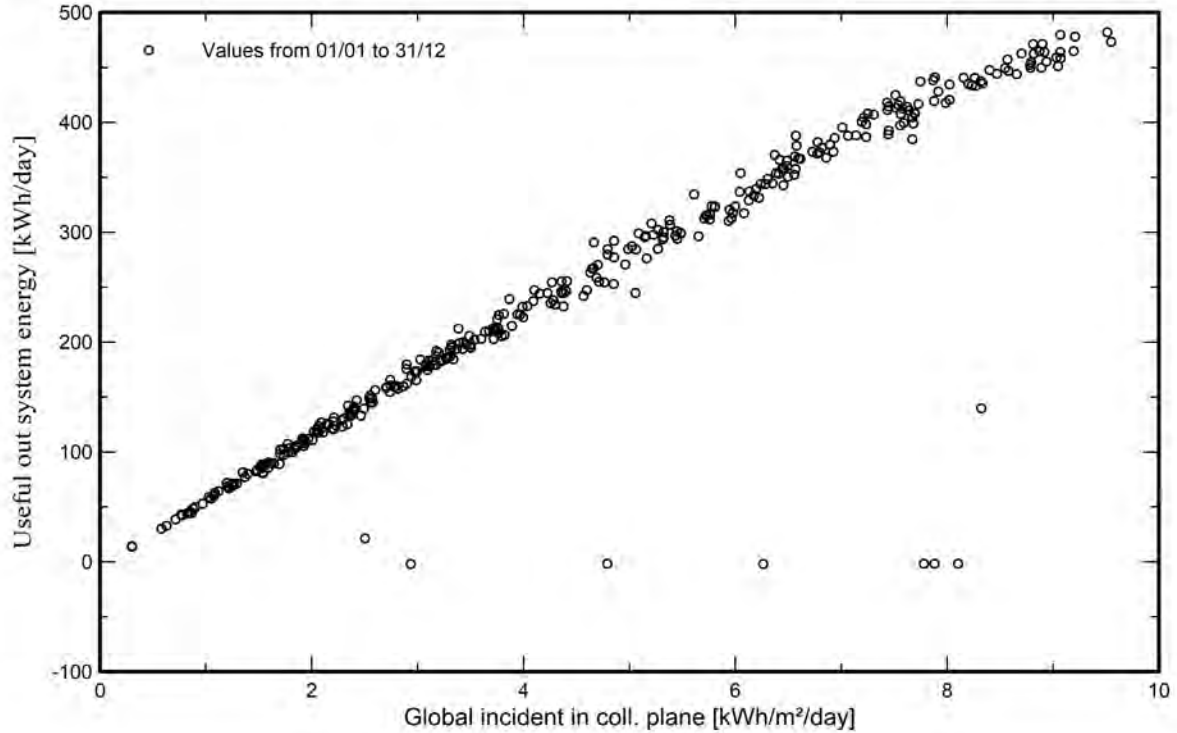
System unavailability

Energy injected into grid

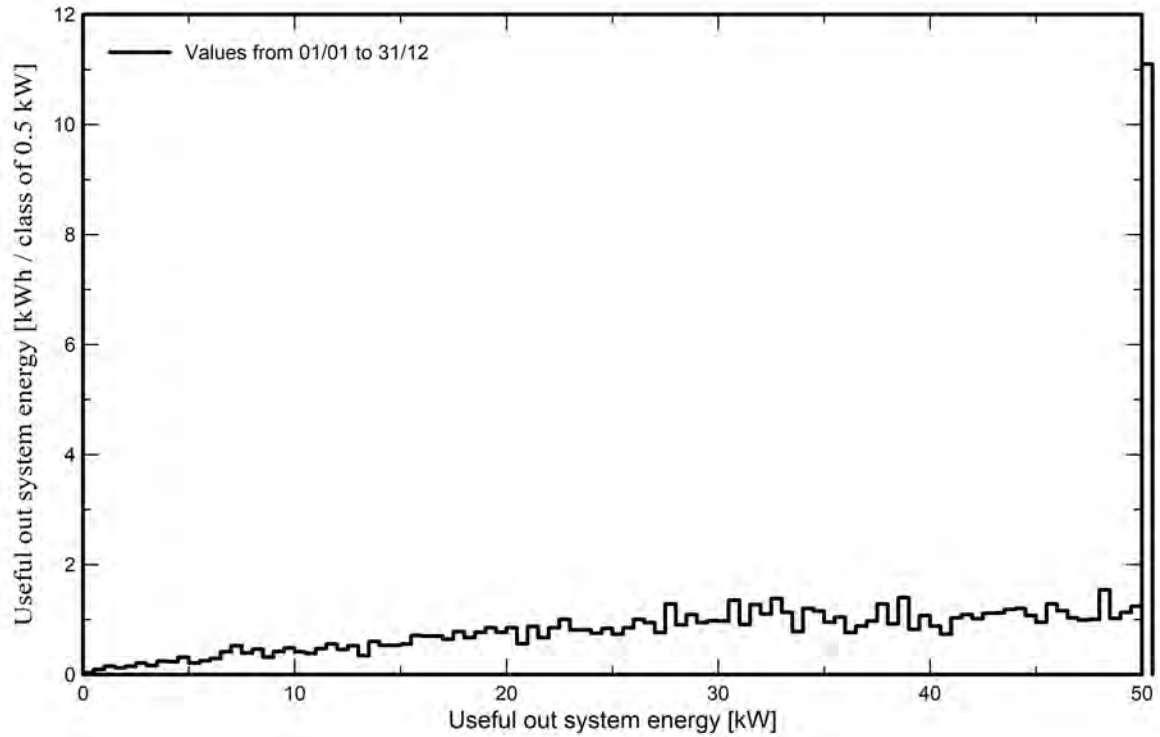


Predef. graphs

Daily Input/Output diagram



System Output Power Distribution



PVsyst - Simulation report

Grid-Connected System

Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED-W/bess

Sheds on ground

System power: 86.4 kWp

Helena Valley Northwest - United States

Author

Gemini - Tetra Tech (United states)



complex world | CLEAR SOLUTIONS®



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED-W/bess

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC6, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:50

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

Project summary

Geographical Site	Situation	Project settings
Helena Valley Northwest	Latitude 46.72 °N	Albedo 0.20
United States	Longitude -112.02 °W	
	Altitude 1152 m	
	Time zone UTC-7	
Weather data		
Helena Valley Northwest		
Meteonorm 8.2 (1991-2005) - Synthetic		

System summary

Grid-Connected System	Sheds on ground	
Orientation #1	Near Shadings	User's needs
Fixed plane	According to strings : Slow (simul.)	Unlimited load (grid)
Tilt/Azimuth 15 / 0 °	Electrical effect 100 %	
System information		
PV Array	Inverters	
Nb. of modules 180 units	Nb. of units 5 units	
Pnom total 86.4 kWp	Pnom total 48.0 kWac	
	Pnom ratio 1.800	

Results summary

Produced Energy	99232 kWh/year	Specific production	1149 kWh/kWp/year	Perf. Ratio PR	69.71 %
-----------------	----------------	---------------------	-------------------	----------------	---------

Table of contents

Project and results summary	2
General parameters, PV Array Characteristics, System losses	3
Near shading definition - Iso-shadings diagram	5
Main results	6
Loss diagram	7
Predef. graphs	8



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED-W/bess

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC6, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:50

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

General parameters

Grid-Connected System

Sheds on ground

Orientation #1

Fixed plane

Tilt/Azimuth 15 / 0 °

Sheds configuration

Nb. of sheds 20 units

Set of tables

Shading limit angle

Limit profile angle 11 °

Sizes

Sheds spacing 5.08 m

Collector width 2.22 m

Average GCR 43.6 %

Models used

Transposition Perez

Diffuse Perez, Meteonorm

Circumsolar separate

Horizon

Free Horizon

Near Shadings

According to strings : Slow (simul.)

Electrical effect 100 %

User's needs

Unlimited load (grid)

PV Array Characteristics

PV module

Manufacturer Hanwha Q Cells

Model Q.Peak-Duo-XL-G10-480

(Original PVsyst database)

Unit Nom. Power 480 Wp

Number of PV modules 180 units

Nominal (STC) 86.4 kWp

Modules 20 string x 9 In series

At operating cond. (50°C)

Pmpp 79.0 kWp

U mpp 367 V

I mpp 215 A

Total PV power

Nominal (STC) 86 kWp

Total 180 modules

Module area 417 m²

Inverter

Manufacturer

SMA

Model

Sunny Boy Smart Energy

(Custom parameters definition)

Unit Nom. Power 9.60 kWac

Number of inverters 5 units

Total power 48.0 kWac

Operating voltage 168-480 V

Pnom ratio (DC:AC) 1.80

Power sharing within this inverter

Total inverter power

Total power 48 kWac

Number of inverters 5 units

Pnom ratio 1.80

Array losses

Array Soiling Losses

Loss Fraction 3.0 %

Thermal Loss factor

Module temperature according to irradiance

Uc (const) 29.0 W/m²K

Uv (wind) 0.0 W/m²K/m/s

DC wiring losses

Global array res. 38 mΩ

Loss Fraction 2.0 % at STC

Serie Diode Loss

Voltage drop 0.7 V

Loss Fraction 0.2 % at STC

LID - Light Induced Degradation

Loss Fraction 2.0 %

Module Quality Loss

Loss Fraction -0.8 %

Module mismatch losses

Loss Fraction 2.0 % at MPP

IAM loss factor

Incidence effect (IAM): Fresnel, AR coating, n(glass)=1.526, n(AR)=1.290

0°	30°	50°	60°	70°	75°	80°	85°	90°
1.000	0.999	0.987	0.963	0.892	0.814	0.679	0.438	0.000



Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED-W/bess

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC6, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:50

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

System losses

Unavailability of the system

Time fraction

2.0 %

7.3 days,

3 periods

Auxiliaries loss

Night aux. cons.

1000 W

AC wiring losses

Inv. output line up to injection point

Inverter voltage

240 Vac mono

Loss Fraction

0.00 % at STC

Inverter: Sunny Boy Smart Energy

Wire section (5 Inv.)

Copper 5 x 2 x 16 mm²

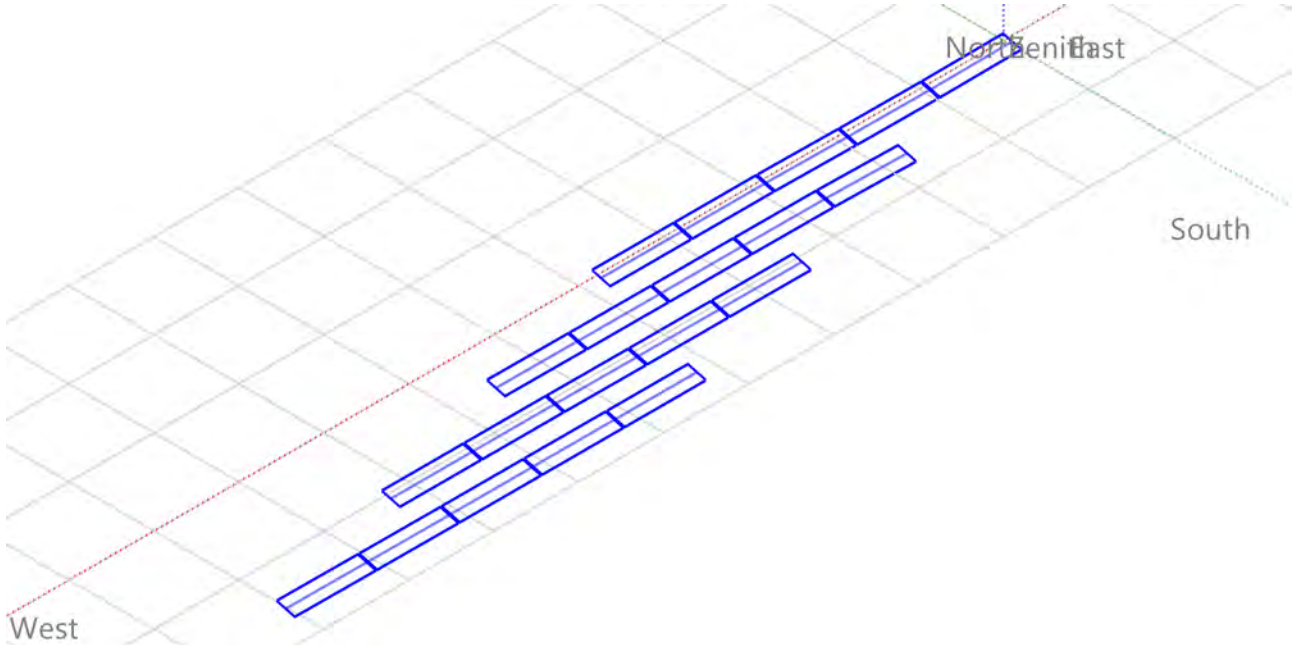
Average wires length

0 m



Near shadings parameter

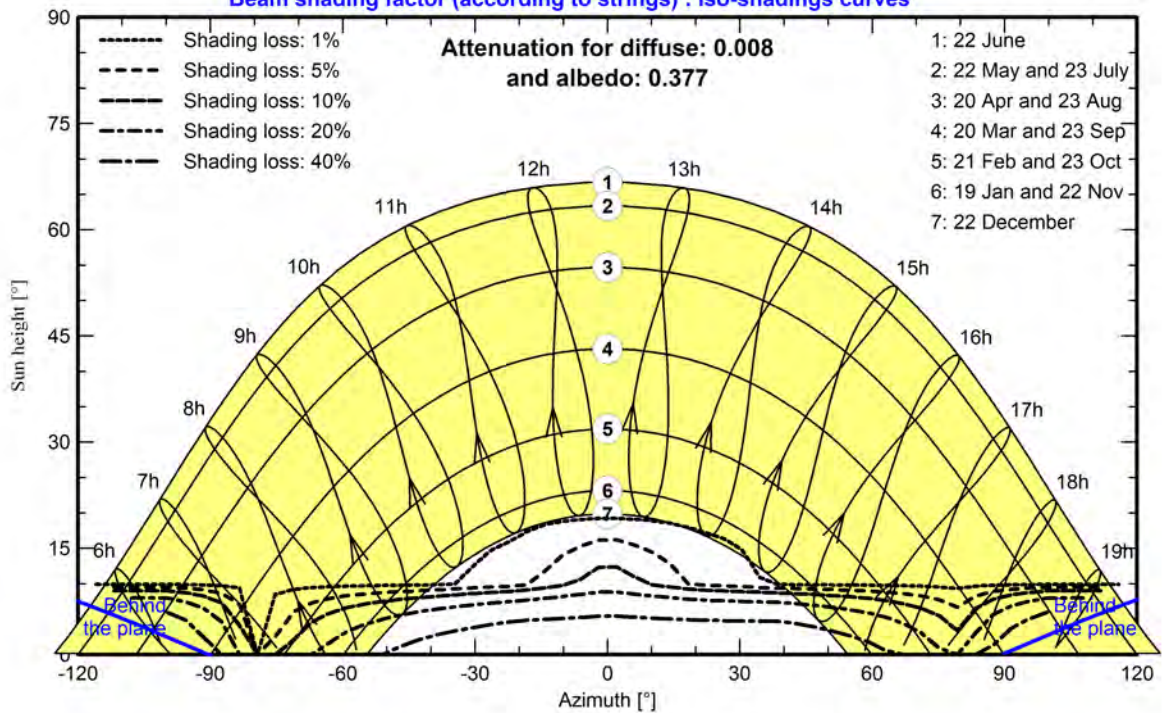
Perspective of the PV-field and surrounding shading scene



Iso-shadings diagram

Orientation #1 - Fixed plane, Tilts/azimuths: 15°/ 0°

Beam shading factor (according to strings) : Iso-shadings curves





Project: Ranchview County Water Dist.

Variant: RCWD_FIXED-W/bess

PVsyst V8.0.7

VC6, Simulation date:

06/03/25 10:50

with V8.0.7

Tetra Tech Inc.

Main results

System Production

Produced Energy 99232 kWh/year

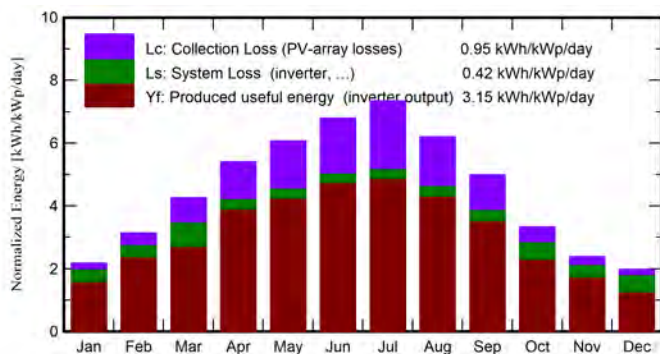
Specific production

1149 kWh/kWp/year

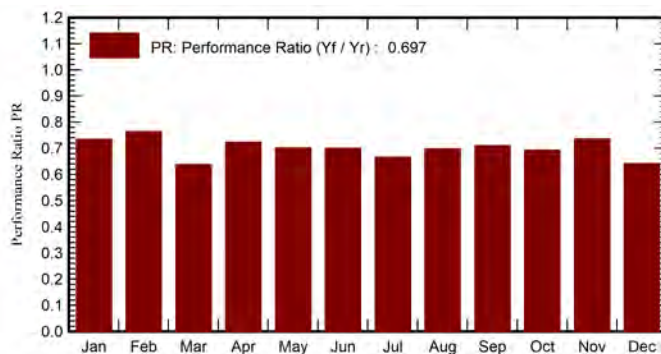
Perf. Ratio PR

69.71 %

Normalized productions (per installed kWp)



Performance Ratio PR



Balances and main results

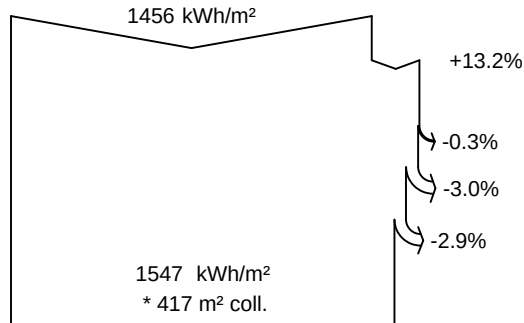
	GlobHor kWh/m ²	DiffHor kWh/m ²	T_Amb °C	GlobInc kWh/m ²	GlobEff kWh/m ²	EArray MWh	E_Grid MWh	PR ratio
January	45.7	19.52	-4.60	67.5	62.6	5.37	4.28	0.735
February	66.3	25.80	-3.55	87.8	82.1	6.72	5.79	0.763
March	110.5	44.43	1.98	132.0	123.8	9.38	7.28	0.638
April	148.2	59.26	6.69	162.2	152.5	11.01	10.14	0.723
May	181.3	71.69	11.99	188.3	177.3	12.26	11.41	0.702
June	201.5	74.26	16.75	203.8	192.2	13.13	12.34	0.701
July	221.4	59.49	23.16	227.7	214.9	13.94	13.10	0.666
August	178.9	64.99	21.04	192.4	181.0	12.48	11.59	0.697
September	128.6	44.07	14.82	149.7	140.8	10.10	9.18	0.709
October	82.3	36.14	7.35	103.3	96.8	7.68	6.19	0.693
November	50.8	21.23	0.38	71.4	66.5	5.56	4.54	0.735
December	40.3	17.99	-4.61	61.4	56.8	4.90	3.40	0.642
Year	1455.8	538.86	7.69	1647.5	1547.3	112.54	99.23	0.697

Legends

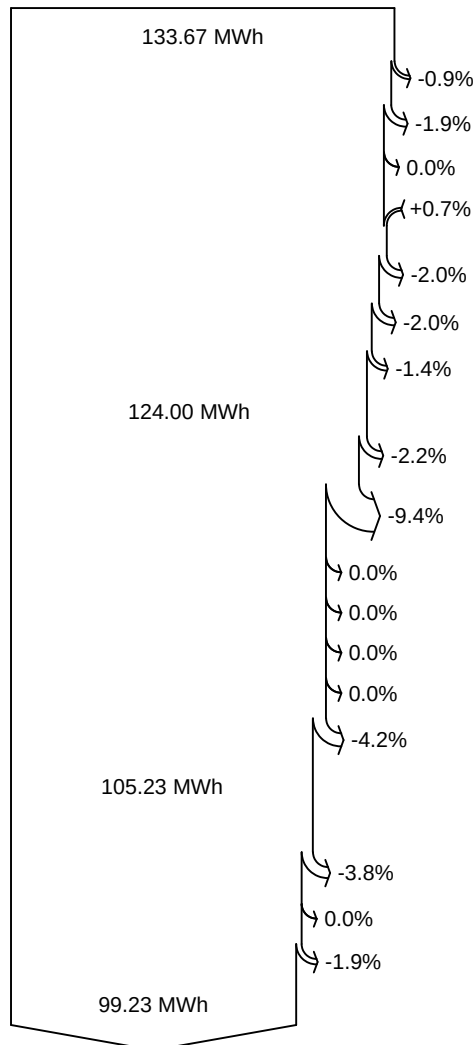
GlobHor	Global horizontal irradiation	EArray	Effective energy at the output of the array
DiffHor	Horizontal diffuse irradiation	E_Grid	Energy injected into grid
T_Amb	Ambient Temperature	PR	Performance Ratio
GlobInc	Global incident in coll. plane		
GlobEff	Effective Global, corr. for IAM and shadings		



Loss diagram



efficiency at STC = 20.72%



Global horizontal irradiation

Global incident in coll. plane

Near Shadings: irradiance loss

Soiling loss factor

IAM factor on global

Effective irradiation on collectors

PV conversion

Array nominal energy (at STC effic.)

PV loss due to irradiance level

PV loss due to temperature

Shadings: Electrical Loss acc. to strings

Module quality loss

LID - Light induced degradation

Module array mismatch loss

Ohmic wiring loss

Array virtual energy at MPP

Inverter Loss during operation (efficiency)

Inverter Loss over nominal inv. power

Inverter Loss due to max. input current

Inverter Loss over nominal inv. voltage

Inverter Loss due to power threshold

Inverter Loss due to voltage threshold

Night consumption

Available Energy at Inverter Output

Auxiliaries (fans, other)

AC ohmic loss

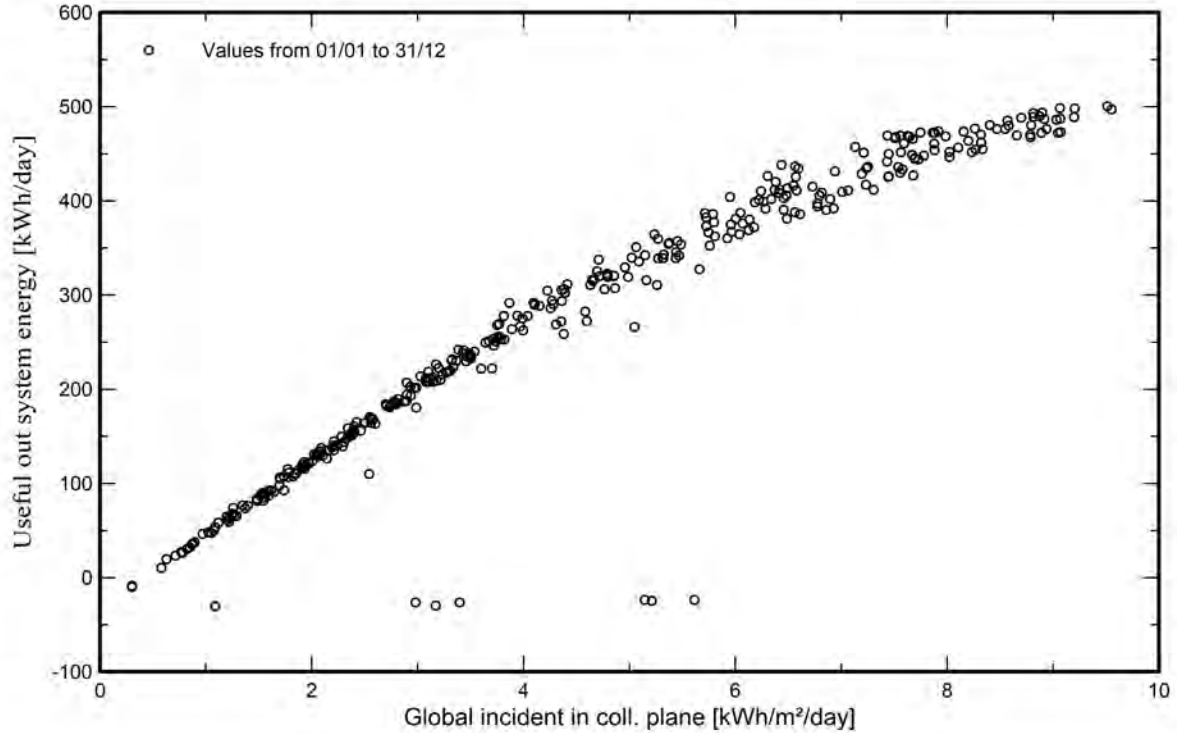
System unavailability

Energy injected into grid

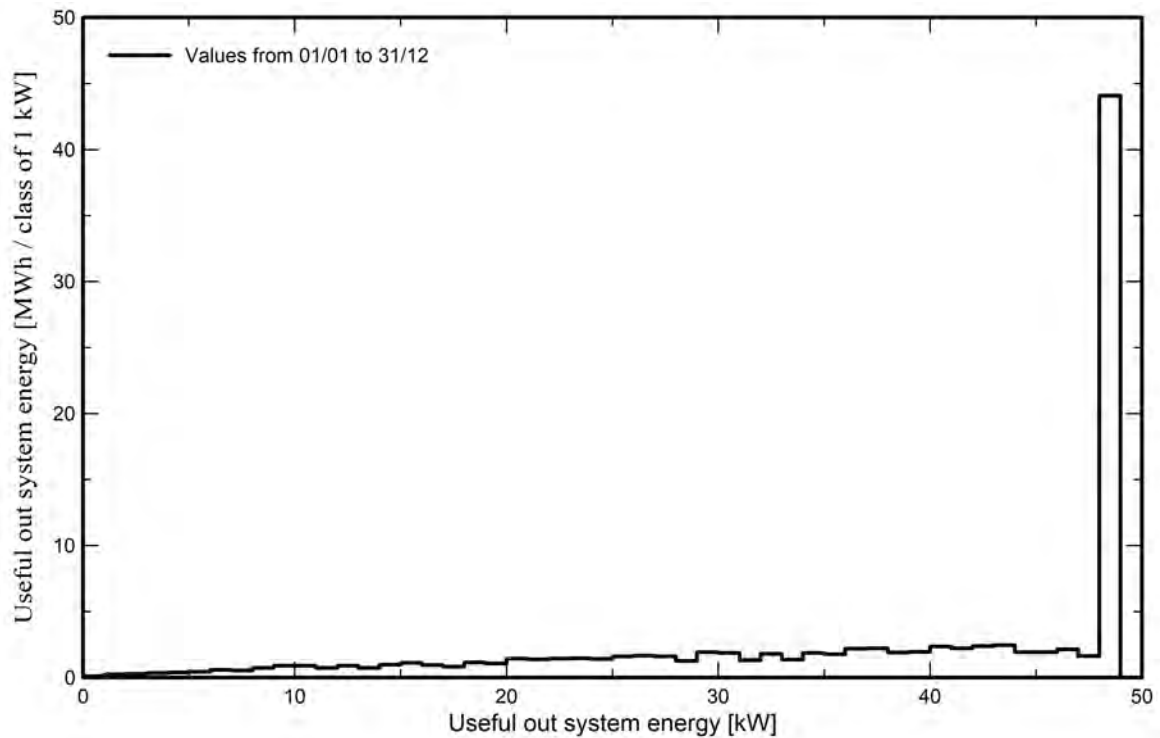


Predef. graphs

Daily Input/Output diagram



System Output Power Distribution



3/18/2025 5:06:47 PM - C:\USERS\ALAN\TENNERY\DESKTOP\ROWD_UPDATE\E-101 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT AND LAYOUT PLAN - SAT DWG - TENNERY, ALAN

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DISTRICT -
SOLAR PLANT CONCEPTUAL DESIGN:

SCENARIO #1 - SINGLE-AXIS TRACKER PV RACKING



GENERAL NOTES:

- THIS IS A CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT FOR ELECTRICAL DESIGN. SEE THE RACKING MANUFACTURER LAYOUT AND SHOP DRAWINGS FOR MORE DETAIL ON RACKING STRUCTURES.
- SITE ACCESS WILL BE THROUGH EXISTING ACCESS DRIVES. SEE CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR PROPOSED SITE ACCESS ROAD DETAILS.
- UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL AND COMM SHALL BE INSTALLED THROUGH TRENCHING.
- THE UNITS OF THE DIMENSIONS IN THIS CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT ARE IN FEET, DECIMAL FORMAT.

LEGEND

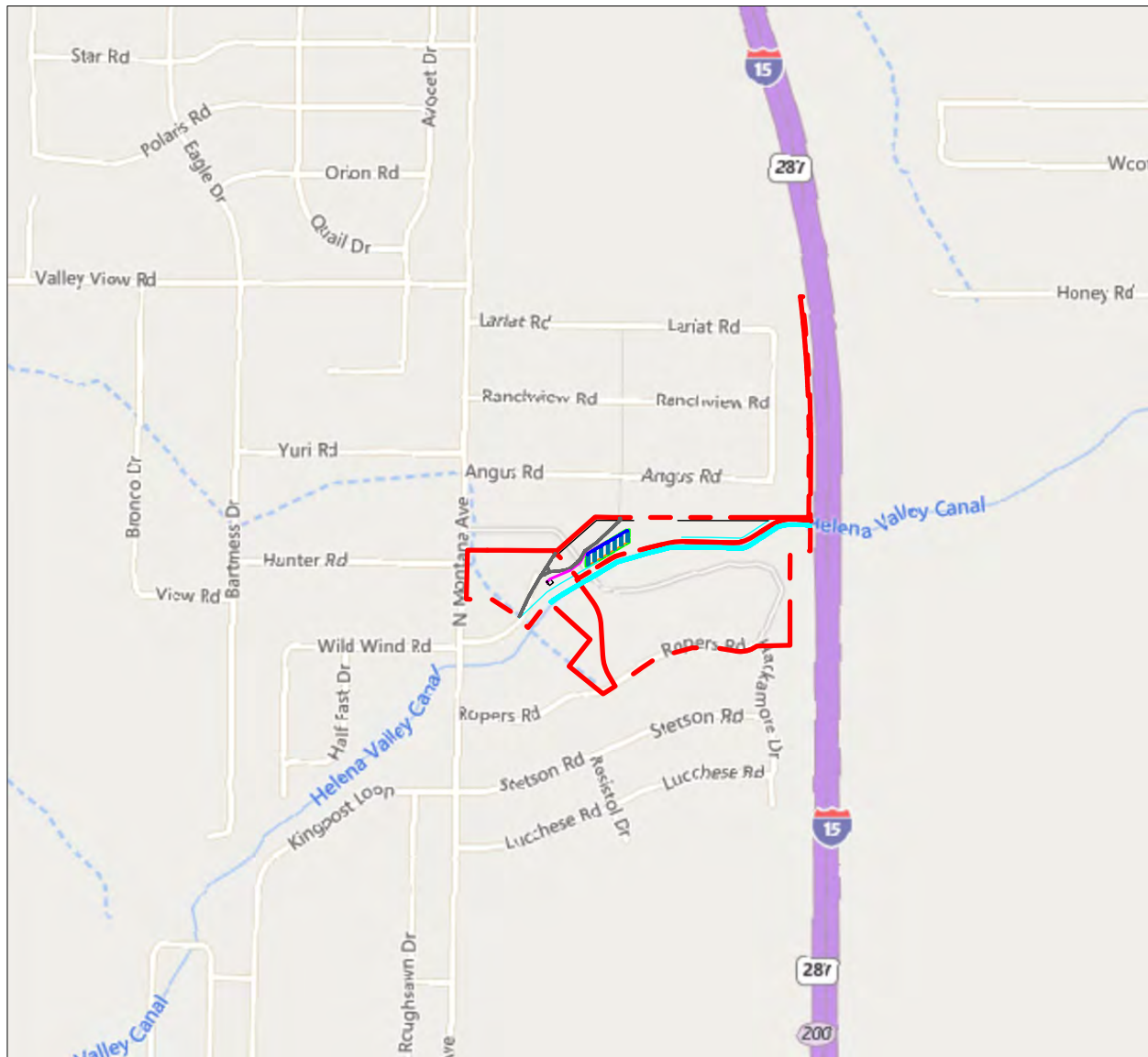
	INVERTER		CANAL
	SINGLE-AXIS TRACKER		50' WATER SETBACK
	PARCEL BOUNDARY		20' PARCEL SETBACK
	FENCE		EXISTING ACCESS ROADS
	PV AREA		DC TRENCH ROUTING
	AC TRENCH ROUTING		

SITE CONDITIONS

METEO STATION	HELENA, MT, USA (WMO: 727720)
EXTREME ANNUAL LOW TEMP (°C)	-28.3
AVERAGE HIGH AMBIENT TEMP (°C)	37
TILT	+/- 55

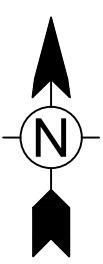
SYSTEM SPECS

DC CAPACITY (kW)	66.08
DC CAPACITY - BSTC (kW)	72.28
AC CAPACITY (KVA)	50
DC/AC RATIO (%)	1.32
DC/AC RATIO - BSTC (%)	1.45
MODULE MODEL	Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590
TOTAL NUMBER OF MODULES	112
TOTAL NUMBER OF STRINGS	7
INVERTER MODEL	SMA SUNNY TRIPOWER CORE1 50-US
TOTAL NUMBER OF INVERTERS	1
TILT	+/- 55
AZIMUTH	180
RACKING	SINGLE-AXIS TRACKER



VICINITY MAP

Scale: NTS



TETRA TECH



www.tetratech.com

NOT FOR
CONSTRUCTION

DRAFT

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DIST.

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
& LAYOUT PLAN

7788-7784 COUNTY RD 229

RANCHVIEW COUNTY,
HELENA, MT 59602

PROJ:	194-0117-0117
DESN:	BEP
DRWN:	BEP
CHKD:	MLC

E-101

Copyright: Tetra Tech

Bar Measures 1 inch, otherwise drawing not to scale

3/18/2025 5:11:59 PM - C:\USERS\ALAN\TENNERY\DESKTOP\ROWD_UPDATE\E-201 SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM.DWG - TENNERY, ALAN

STRING INVERTER SCHEDULE						
INVERTER TAG	FEEDER TAG	NOMINAL OUTPUT CURRENT (A)	MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT ± 1.25 (A)	AC OCPD RATING (A)	THWN-2 CABLE SIZE (90 DEG) CABLE SIZE	AMPACITY (A) (75°)
INV 01	FDR-INV 01	64	80	90	(3) #3 AWG CU + (1) #8AWG GND	100
ACD	FDR-ACD	64	80	90	(3) #3 AWG CU + (1) #8AWG GND	100
IX	FDR-IX	64	80	90	(3) #3 AWG CU + (1) #6 AWG GND	100

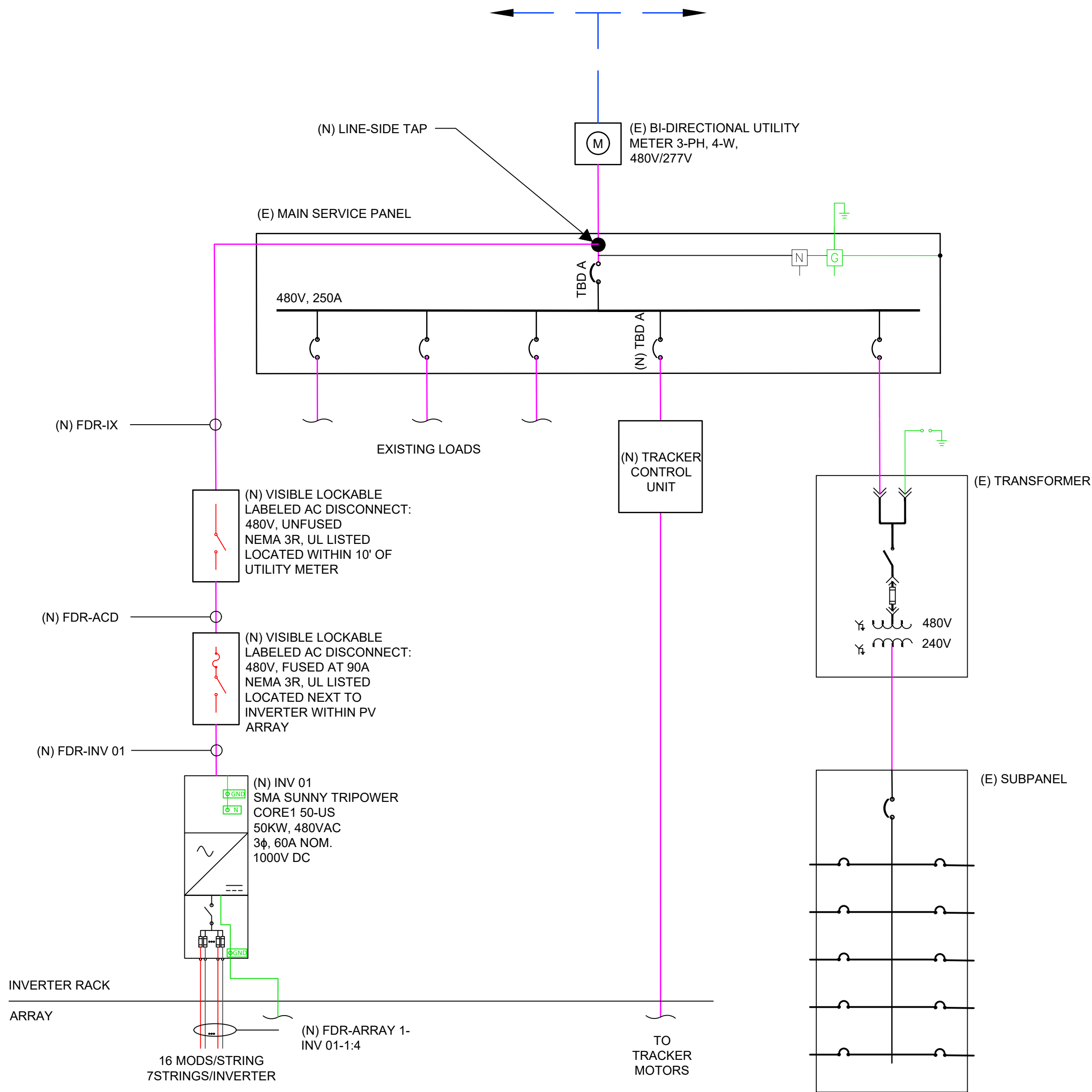
INVERTER SPECS	
MAKE/MODEL: SMA SUNNY TRIPOWER CORE1 50-US	
QUANTITY	1
MAX DC CURRENT Isc (A)	120
MAX DC VOLTAGE (V)	1000
MPPT VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	150-1000
NOMINAL PHASE-TO-PHASE VOLTAGE (V)	480
NOMINAL AC POWER (kW)	50
MAX OUTPUT CURRENT (A)	64

MODULE SPECS	
MAKE/MODEL: Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590	
MODULE POWER (W)	590
MODULE Vmp (V)	44.96
MODULE Voc (V)	53.60
MODULE Imp (A)	13.12
MODULE Isc (A)	13.74

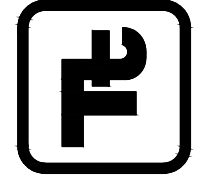
MODULE SPECS (BSTC)	
MAKE/MODEL: Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590 (BSTC)	
MODULE POWER (W)	645
MODULE Vmp (V)	44.95
MODULE Voc (V)	53.79
MODULE Imp (A)	14.36
MODULE Isc (A)	15.04

STRING SPECS	
MODULES PER STRING	16
STRING POWER (W)	9,440
NOMINAL STRING Vmp (V)	719.36
STRING Voc (V)	857.60
STRING Imp (A)	13.12
STRING Isc (A)	13.74
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT (A)	17.18
MIN STRING OCPD RATING (A)	21.47
CORRECTED MAX STRING Voc (V)	16.00
CORRECTED MIN STRING VOLTAGE (V)	981.02

STRING SPECS (BSTC)	
MODULES PER STRING	16
STRING POWER (W)	10,326
NOMINAL STRING Vmp (V)	719.20
STRING Voc (V)	860.64
STRING Imp (A)	14.36
STRING Isc (A)	15.04
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT (A)	18.80
MIN STRING OCPD RATING (A)	23.50
CORRECTED MAX STRING Voc (V)	16.00
CORRECTED MIN STRING VOLTAGE (V)	984.49



DC FEEDER SCHEDULE							
FEEDER TAG	STRING SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (Isc) (A)	MIN. OVERCURRENT DEVICE (FUSE) RATING (A)	No. CIRCUITS PER CONDUIT	(No.) CU CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT SIZE (PVC SCH. 80)	AMPACITY DERATING FACTOR	CALCULATED WORSE CASE CONDUCTOR AMAPACITY (PER NEC TABLE 310.15 (B)(3)(a))
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 01-1:7	15.0	23.50	7	(14) #10 AWG	2"	0.5	20.0



TETRA TECH

www.tetrattech.com

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
DRAFT

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DIST.
AC SINGLE LINE
DIAGRAM
7788-7784 COUNTY RD 229
RANCHVIEW COUNTY,
HELENA, MT 59602

PROJ: 194-0117-0117
DESN: BEP
DRWN: BEP
CHKD: MLC

E-201

Copyright: Tetra Tech

Bar Measures 1 inch, otherwise drawing not to scale

Scale: NTS

1 SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM

F

E

D

C

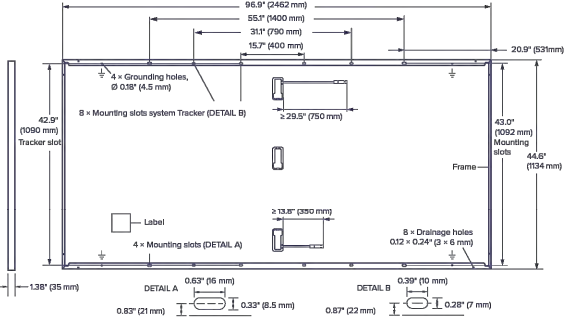
B

A

Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S SERIES

Mechanical Specification

Format	96.9 in × 44.6 in × 1.38 in (including frame) (2462 mm × 1134 mm × 35 mm)
Weight	76.9 lbs (34.9 kg)
Front Cover	0.08 in (2.0 mm) thermally prestressed glass with anti-reflection technology
Back Cover	0.08 in (2.0 mm) semi-tempered glass
Frame	Anodized aluminum
Cell	6 × 26 monocrystalline QANTUM solar half cells
Junction box	2.09.3.98 × 1.26.2.36 × 0.59.0.7 in (53.102 mm × 32.60 mm × 15.18 mm) Protection class IP67, with bypass diodes
Cable	4-core Solar cable (1 × 25.5 in (750 mm) (1 × 13.8 in (350 mm))
Connector	Siluxit MCA, Siluxit MCA Evo2, - IP68



Electrical Characteristics

POWER CLASS		590		595		600		605			
MINIMUM PERFORMANCE AT STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS, STC (POWER TOLERANCE: ±5 W/-0 W)											
		BESTC		BESTC		BESTC		BESTC			
Minimum	Power at MPP ¹	P _{MPP}	[W]	590	645.4	595	650.8	600	656.3	605	661.8
	Short Circuit Current ¹	I _{sc}	[A]	13.74	15.04	13.77	15.07	13.80	15.10	13.82	15.13
	Open Circuit Voltage ¹	V _{oc}	[V]	53.60	53.79	53.63	53.82	53.66	53.85	53.68	53.87
	Current at MPP	I _{MPP}	[A]	13.12	14.36	13.17	14.41	13.22	14.46	13.27	14.52
	Voltage at MPP	V _{MPP}	[V]	44.96	44.95	45.18	45.17	45.39	45.38	45.60	45.59
	Efficiency ¹	η	[%]	≥21.1	≥21.3	≥21.5	≥21.7	≥21.9	≥22.1	≥22.3	≥22.5

Bifaciality of P_{MPP} and I_{sc} 70% ±5% • Bifaciality given for rear side irradiation on top of STC (front side) • According to IEC 60904-3-2

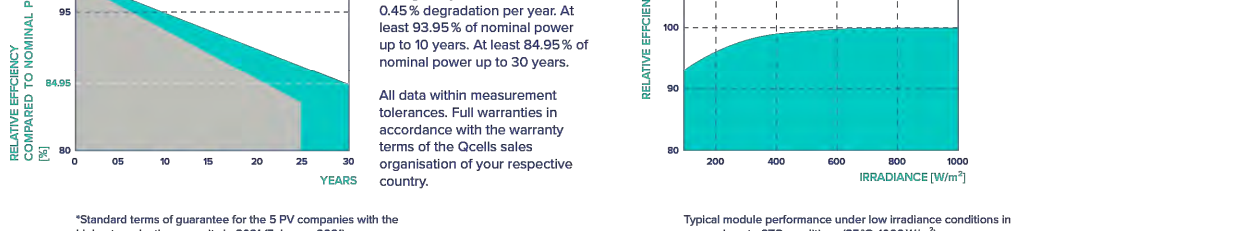
¹Measurement tolerances: P_{MPP} ±3%; I_{sc}, V_{oc} ±5% at STC: 1000 W/m², ρ = 135 W/m²; at BESTC: 1000 W/m², ρ = 135 W/m², 25 ±2 °C, AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3

MINIMUM PERFORMANCE AT NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS, NMOT¹

Power at MPP	P _{MPP} [W]	444.2	448.0	451.8	455.5
Short Circuit Current	I _{sc} [A]	11.07	11.09	11.11	11.13
Open Circuit Voltage	V _{oc} [V]	50.69	50.72	50.75	50.77
Current at MPP	I _{MPP} [A]	10.34	10.38	10.42	10.47
Voltage at MPP	V _{MPP} [V]	42.97	43.15	43.34	43.52

¹Measurement tolerances: P_{MPP} ±3%; I_{sc}, V_{oc} ±5% at STC: 1000 W/m², 25 ±2 °C, AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3 • 700 W/m² NMOT, spectrum AM 1.5

Qcells PERFORMANCE WARRANTY



¹Standard terms of guarantee for 2 PV components with the highest production capacity in 2015 (January 2015)

Typical module performance under low irradiance conditions in comparison to STC conditions (STC: 1000 W/m²)

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS	α	β
Temperature Coefficient of I _{sc}	[%/K]	+0.04
Temperature Coefficient of V _{oc}	[%/K]	-0.27
Temperature Coefficient of P _{MPP}	[%/K]	-0.34

Nominal Module Operating Temperature NMOT [°F] 59 ±1.4 (42 ±3.2 °C)

Properties for System Design

Maximum System Voltage	V _{sys} [V]	1500	PV module classification	Class II
Maximum Series Fuse Rating	[A DC]	30	Fuse Rating based on ANSI/UL 61730	TYPE 29*
Max. Push Load ¹ , Test/Design	[lbs/ft ²]	113 (6.400 Pa) / 75 (6600 Pa)	Permitted Module Temperature on Continuous Duty	-40 °F, up to +85 °F (-40 °C, up to +35 °C)
Max. Pull Load ¹ , Test/Design	[lbs/ft ²]	78 (7.750 Pa) / 52 (2500 Pa)		

* See Installation Manual for instructions

* New Type is similar to Type 3 but with metallic frame

Qualifications and Certificates

UL 61730-1 & UL 61730-2, CE compliant, IEC 61215-2016, IEC 61739-2:2016, U.S. Patent No. 9,893,215 (bifacial cells)

* Contact your Qcells Sales Representative for details regarding the module's eligibility to be Buy American Act (BAA) compliant.

Qcells pursues minimizing paper output in consideration of the global environment.

Qcells Solar America Inc., 400 Spectrum Center Drive, Suite 1400, Irvine, CA 92618, USA | TEL: +1 888 748 98 98 | EMAIL: hq-enquiry@qcells.com | 1788 www.qcells.com

qcells

Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S SERIES



590 - 605 Wp | 156 Cells
21.7% Maximum Module Efficiency

MODEL Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S-3/BFG



Bifacial energy yield gain of up to 21%
Bifacial QANTUM solar cells make efficient use of light shining on the module rear-side for radically improved LCOE.

Low electricity generation costs
QANTUM DUO technology with optimized module layout to boost module power and improve LCOE.

A reliable investment
Double glass module design enables extended lifetime with 12-year product warranty and improved 30-year performance warranty¹.

Enduring high performance
Long-term yield security with Anti-LID and Anti-PID Technology², Hot-Spot Protect.

Frame for versatile mounting options
High-tech aluminum alloy frame protects from damage, enables use of a wide range of mounting structures and is certified regarding IEC for high snow (5400 Pa) and wind loads (3750 Pa³).

Innovative all-weather technology
Optimal yields, whatever the weather with excellent low-light and temperature behavior.

The ideal solution for:
Ground-mounted solar power plants



STP 33-US-41 / STP 50-US-41 / STP 62-US-41



Sunny Tripower CORE1-US

33 / 50 / 62

It stands on its own

New! Complies with IEEE 1547-2018 and UL 1741 SB standards



Fully integrated
• No additional racking required for rooftop installation
• Integrated DC and AC disconnects and overvoltage protection
• 12 direct string inputs for reduced labor and material costs
• Up to 60% faster commercial PV system installation

Increased power, flexibility
• Six MPPT trackers for flexible stringing and maximum power production
• ShadeFix, SMA's proprietary shade management solution, optimizes at the string level
• Intelligent string monitoring to pinpoint array performance issues

Enhanced safety, reliability
• Integrated SunSpec PFC signal for module-level rapid shutdown
• DC AFCI arc-fault protection certified to Standard UL 1699B Ed. 1

Smart monitoring, control, service
• IV curve diagnostic function to visualize and document PV string electrical characteristics
• Increased ROI with SMA ennoCS cross sector energy management platform
• SMA Smart Connected proactive O&M solution reduces time spent diagnosing and servicing in the field

The Sunny Tripower CORE1 is the world's first free-standing PV inverter for commercial rooftops, carports, ground mount and repowering legacy solar projects.

From distribution to construction to operation, the Sunny Tripower CORE1 enables logistical, material, labor and service cost reductions, and is the most versatile, cost-effective commercial solution available. Integrated SunSpec PFC for rapid shutdown and enhanced DC AFCI arc-fault protection ensure compliance to the latest safety codes and standards. With Sunny Tripower CORE1 and SMA's ennoCS cross sector energy management platform, system integrators can deliver comprehensive commercial energy solutions for increased ROI.



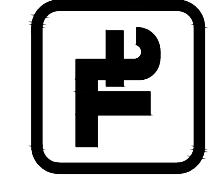
Technical data	Sunny Tripower CORE1 33-US	Sunny Tripower CORE1 50-US	Sunny Tripower CORE1 62-US
Input (DC)			
Maximum array power	50000 Wp STC	75000 Wp STC	92750 Wp STC
Maximum system voltage	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V
Rated MPPT voltage range	330 V...800 V	500 V...800 V	550 V...800 V
MPPT operating voltage range	150 V...1000 V	150 V...1000 V	150 V...1000 V
Minimum DC voltage / start voltage	150 V / 158 V	150 V / 158 V	150 V / 158 V
MPPT tracking / strings per MPPT input	6 / 2	6 / 2	6 / 2
Maximum usable operating input current / per MPPT tracker	120 A / 20 A	120 A / 20 A	120 A / 20 A
Maximum short circuit current per MPPT / per string input	32 A / 20 A	32 A / 20 A	32 A / 20 A
Output (AC)			
AC nominal power	33000 W	50000 W	62500 W
Maximum apparent power	33000 VA	50000 VA	62500 VA
Output phases / line connections	3 / 3-Phase PE	3 / 3-Phase PE	3 / 3-Phase PE
Rated AC voltage	480 V / 277 V WYE	480 V / 277 V WYE	480 V / 277 V WYE
AC voltage range	244 V...355 V	244 V...355 V	244 V...355 V
Maximum output current	40 A	64 A	80 A
Rated grid frequency	60 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz
Grid frequency / range	50 Hz, 60 Hz / 4 Hz...+6 Hz	50 Hz, 60 Hz / 4 Hz...+6 Hz	50 Hz, 60 Hz / 4 Hz...+6 Hz
Power factor at rated power / adjustable displacement	1 / 0.0 leading...0.0 lagging	1 / 0.0 leading...0.0 lagging	1 / 0.0 leading...0.0 lagging
Harmonics THD	<3%	<3%	<3%
Efficiency			
CEC efficiency	97.5%	97.5%	97.5%
Protection and safety features			
Load rated DC disconnect	•	•	•
Load rated AC disconnect	•	•	•
Ground fault monitoring: Riso / Differential current	•	•	•
DC AFCI arc-fault protection	•	•	•
SunSpec PFC signal for rapid shutdown	•	•	•
DC reverse polarity protection	•	•	•
AC short circuit protection	•	•	•
DC surge protection: Type 2 / Type 1+2	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0
AC surge protection: Type 2 / Type 1+2	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0
Protection class / overvoltage category (as per UL 840)	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1
General data			
Device dimensions (W / H / D)	621 mm / 733 mm / 569 mm (24.4 in x 28.8 in x 22.4 in)	621 mm / 733 mm / 569 mm (24.4 in x 28.8 in x 22.4 in)	621 mm / 733 mm / 569 mm (24.4 in x 28.8 in x 22.4 in)
Device weight	84 kg (185 lb)	84 kg (185 lb)	84 kg (185 lb)
Operating temperature range	-25 °C...+40 °C (-13 °F...+104 °F)	-25 °C...+40 °C (-13 °F...+104 °F)	-25 °C...+40 °C (-13 °F...+104 °F)
Storage temperature range	-40 °C...+70 °C (-40 °F...+158 °F)	-40 °C...+70 °C (-40 °F...+158 °F)	-40 °C...+70 °C (-40 °F...+158 °F)
Available noise emissions (10 m and 25 °C)	65 dB(A)	65 dB(A)	65 dB(A)
Topology	Transformerless	Transformerless	Transformerless
Cooling concept	OptiCool (forced convection, variable speed fans)	OptiCool (forced convection, variable speed fans)	OptiCool (forced convection, variable speed fans)
Enclosure protection rating	Type 4X, 355 (as per UL 508)	Type 4X, 355 (as per UL 508)	Type 4X, 355 (as per UL 508)
Connectivity classification according to IEC 61701	C3*	C3*	C3*
Maximum permissible relative humidity (non-condensing)	100%	100%	100%
Additional information			
Mounting	Free-standing with included mounting feet	Free-standing with included mounting feet	Free-standing with included mounting feet
DC connection	Amphenol LUTX PV or MPA16 connectors	Amphenol LUTX PV or MPA16 connectors	Amphenol LUTX PV or MPA16 connectors
Screen approvals	4 AWG to 4/0 AWG CU/AL	4 AWG to 4/0 AWG CU/AL	4 AWG to 4/0 AWG CU/AL
LED indicators (Status / Fault / Communication)	•	•	•
Network interfaces: Ethernet / WLAN / RS485	•	•	•
Data protocols: SMA Modbus / SunSpec IEEE 1547 Modbus / Webconnect	•	•	•
ShadeFix technology for string level optimization	•	•	•
Intelligent string performance monitoring	•	•	•
IV curve diagnostic function	•	•	•
Integrated Plant Control / G on Demand 24/7	•	•	•
SMA Smart Connected (passive monitoring and service support)	•	•	•
Certifications			
Certification and approvals	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1699B, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1699B, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1699B, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741
IEC compliance	IEC 61730-1, IEC 61730-2, IEC 61739-2, IEC 61739-3, IEC 61739-4, IEC 61739-5, IEC 61739-6, IEC 61739-7, IEC 61739-8, IEC 61739-9, IEC 61739-10, IEC 61739-11, IEC 61739-12, IEC 61739-13, IEC 61739-14, IEC 61739-15, IEC 61739-16, IEC 61739-17, IEC 61739-18, IEC 61739-19, IEC 61739-20, IEC 61739-21, IEC 61739-22, IEC 61739-23, IEC 61739-24, IEC 61739-25, IEC 61739-26, IEC 61739-27, IEC 61739-28, IEC 61739-29, IEC 61739-30, IEC 61739-31, IEC 61739-32, IEC 61739-33, IEC 61739-34, IEC 61739-35, IEC 61739-36, IEC 61739-37, IEC 61739-38, IEC 61739-39, IEC 61739-40, IEC 61739-41, IEC 61739-42, IEC 61739-43, IEC 61739-44, IEC 61739-45, IEC 61739-46, IEC 61739-47, IEC 61739-48, IEC 61739-49, IEC 61739-50, IEC 61739-51, IEC 61739-52, IEC 61739-53, IEC 61739-54, IEC 61739-55, IEC 61739-56, IEC 61739-57, IEC 61739-58, IEC 61739-59, IEC 61739-60, IEC 61739-61, IEC 61739-62, IEC 61739-63, IEC 61739-64, IEC 61739-65, IEC 61739-66, IEC 61739-67, IEC 61739-68, IEC 61739-69, IEC 61739-70, IEC 61739-71, IEC 61739-72, IEC 61739-73, IEC 61739-74, IEC 61739-75, IEC 61739-76, IEC 61739-77, IEC 61739-78, IEC 61739-79, IEC 61739-80, IEC 61739-81, IEC 61739-82, IEC 61739-83, IEC 61739-84, IEC 61739-85, IEC 61739-86, IEC 61739-87, IEC 61739-88, IEC 61739-89, IEC 61739-90, IEC 61739-91, IEC 61739-92, IEC 61739-93, IEC 61739-94, IEC 61739-95, IEC 61739-96, IEC 61739-97, IEC 61739-98, IEC 61739-99, IEC 61739-100	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1699B, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1699B, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741
Grid interconnection standards	IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SA/58 - CA Rule 21, HECO S&B V2.0	IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SA/58 - CA Rule 21, HECO S&B V2.0	IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SA/58 - CA Rule 21, HECO S&B V2.0
Advanced grid support capabilities	L/HVRT, L/HVET, Volt-VAr, Volt-Watt, Frequency-Watt, Ramp Rate Control, Fixed Power Factor	L/HVRT, L/HVET, Volt-VAr, Volt-Watt, Frequency-Watt, Ramp Rate Control, Fixed Power Factor	L/HVRT, L/HVET, Volt-VAr, Volt-Watt, Frequency-Watt, Ramp Rate Control, Fixed Power Factor
Warranty			
Standard	10 years	10 years	10 years
Optional extensions	15 / 20 years	15 / 20 years	15 / 20 years
Optional features	•	•	•
Type designation	STP 33-US-41	STP 50-US-41	STP 62-US-41



Toll Free +1 888 4 SMA USA
www.SMA-America.com

SMA America, LLC

TETRA TECH



www.tetrattech.com

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
DRAFT

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DIST.
EQUIPMENT
DATA SHEETS
7788-7784 COUNTY RD 229
RANCHVIEW COUNTY,
HELENA, MT 59602

PROJ: 194-0117-0117
DESN: BEP
DRWN: BEP
CHKD: MLC

E-1001

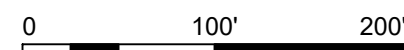
Copyright: Tetra Tech

SCENARIO #2 - FIXED TILT PV RACKING



1 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT AND LAYOUT PLAN

SCALE: 1" = 100'

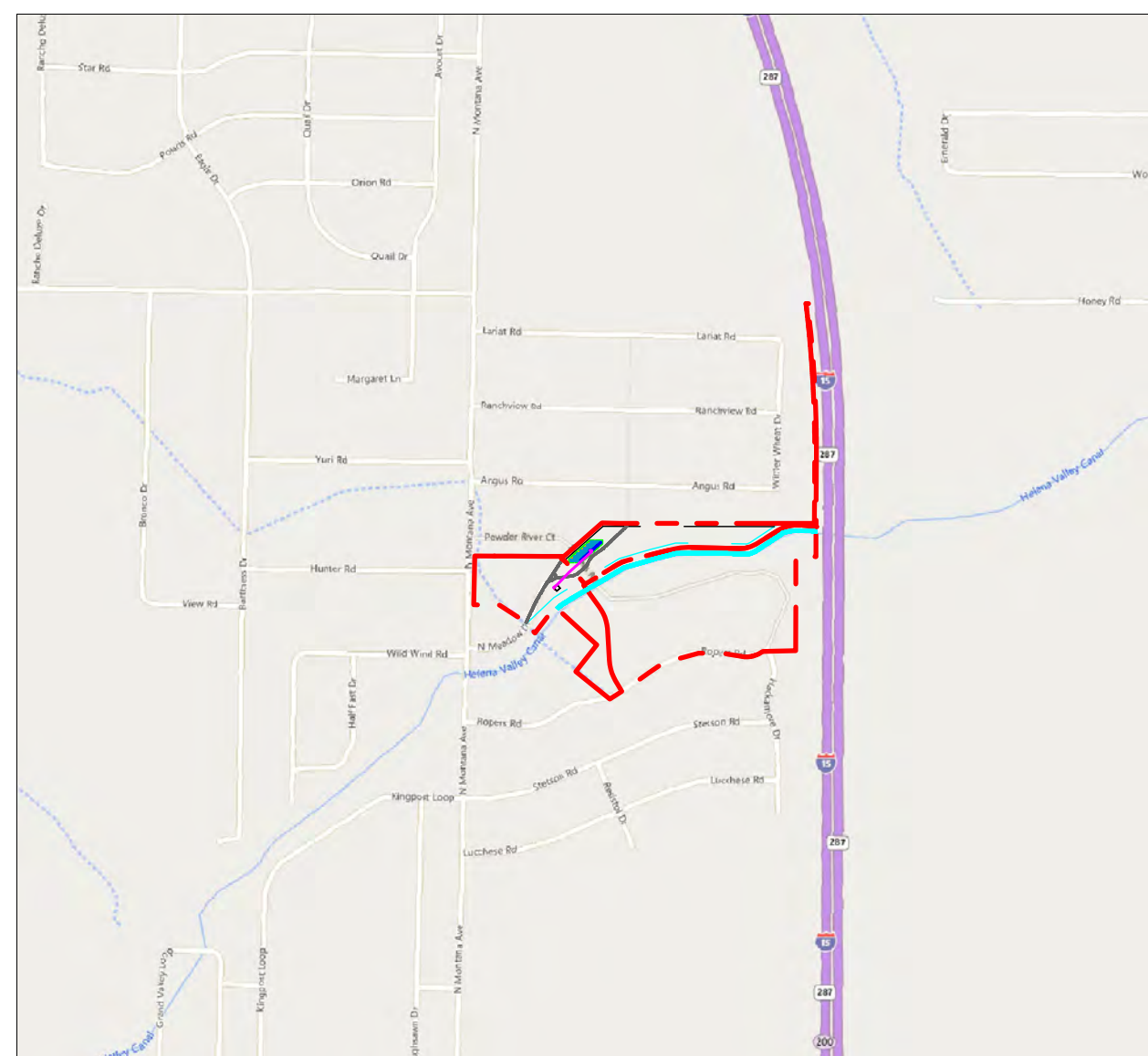


1. THIS IS A CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT FOR ELECTRICAL DESIGN. SEE THE RACKING MANUFACTURER LAYOUT AND SHOP DRAWINGS FOR MORE DETAIL ON RACKING STRUCTURES.
2. SITE ACCESS WILL BE THROUGH EXISTING ACCESS DRIVES. SEE CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR PROPOSED SITE ACCESS ROAD DETAILS.
3. UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL AND COMM SHALL BE INSTALLED THROUGH TRENCHING.
4. THE UNITS OF THE DIMENSIONS IN THIS CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT ARE IN FEET, DECIMAL FORMAT.

	INVERTER		CANAL
	PV RACKING (16 MODULES)		50' WATER SETBACK
	PARCEL BOUNDARY		20' PARCEL SETBACK
	FENCE		EXISTING ACCESS ROADS
	PV AREA		DC TRENCH ROUTING
	AC TRENCH ROUTING		

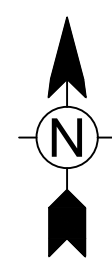
SITE CONDITIONS	
METEO STATION	HELENA, MT, USA (WMO: 727720)
EXTREME ANNUAL LOW TEMP (°C)	-28.3
AVERAGE HIGH AMBIENT TEMP (°C)	37
TILT	15

SYSTEM SPECS	
DC CAPACITY (kW)	66.08
DC CAPACITY - B5TC (kW)	72.28
AC CAPACITY (kVA)	50
DC/AC RATIO (%)	1.32
DC/AC RATIO - B5TC (%)	1.45
MODULE MODEL	Q PEAK DLO XL-G11S3 / BFG 590
TOTAL NUMBER OF MODULES	112
TOTAL NUMBER OF STRINGS	7
INVERTER MODEL	SMA SUNNY TRIPOWER CORE1 50-US
TOTAL NUMBER OF INVERTERS	1
TILT	15°
AZIMUTH	180°
RACKING	FIXED-TILT



2 VICINITY MAP

Scale: NTS



TETRA TECH



NOT FOR
CONSTRUCTION

DRAFT

**RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DIST.
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
& LAYOUT PLAN
7788-7784 COUNTY RD 229
RANCHVIEW COUNTY,
HELENA, MT 59602**

PROJ:	194-0117-0117
DESN:	BEP
DRWN:	BEP
CHKD:	MLC

E-101

Copyright: Tetra Tech

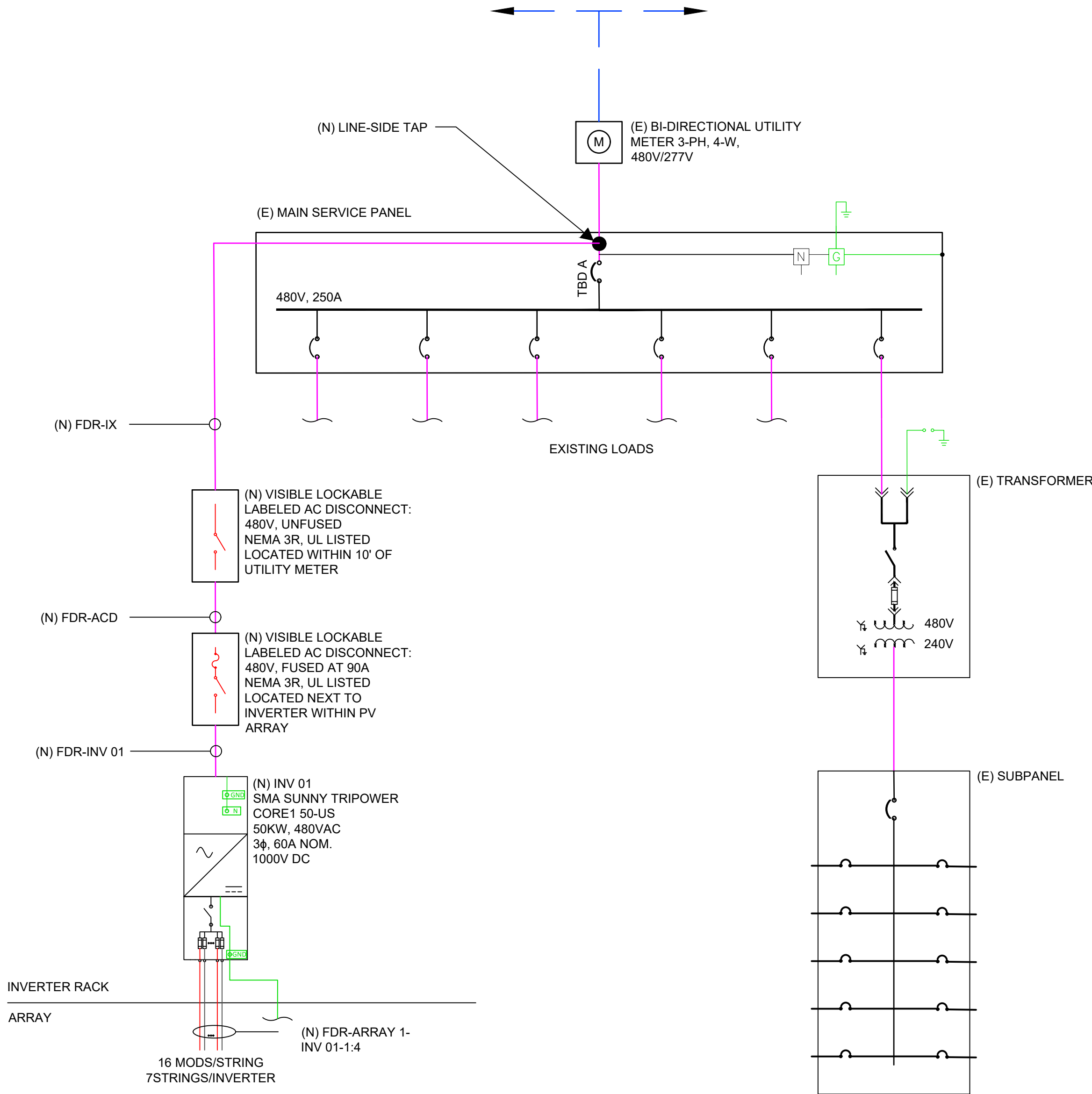
3/18/2025 5:13:15 PM - C:\USERS\ALAN\TENNERY\DESKTOP\ROWD_UPDATE\E-201 SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM.DWG - TENNERY, ALAN

1 SINGLE LINE DIAGRAM

Scale: NTS

Bar Measures 1 inch, otherwise drawing not to scale

DC FEEDER SCHEDULE							
FEEDER TAG	STRING SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (Isc) (A)	MIN. OVERCURRENT DEVICE (FUSE) RATING (A)	No. CIRCUITS PER CONDUIT	(No.) CU CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT SIZE (PVC SCH. 80)	AMPACITY DERATING FACTOR	CALCULATED WORSE CASE CONDUCTOR AMPACITY (PER NEC TABLE 310.15 (B)(3)(a))
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 01-1:7	15.0	23.50	7	(14) #10 AWG	2"	0.5	20.0



STRING INVERTER SCHEDULE						
INVERTER TAG	FEEDER TAG	NOMINAL OUTPUT CURRENT (A)	MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT x1.25 (A)	AC OCPD RATING (A)	THWN-2 CABLE SIZE (90 DEG) CABLE SIZE	AMPACITY (A) (75°)
INV 01	FDR-INV 01	64	80	90	(3) #3 AWG CU + (1) #8AWG GND	100
ACD	FDR-ACD	64	80	90	(3) #3 AWG CU + (1) #8AWG GND	100
IX	FDR-IX	64	80	90	(3) #3 AWG CU + (1) #6 AWG GND	100

MODULE SPECS	
MAKE/MODEL:	Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590
MODULE POWER (W)	590
MODULE Vmp (V)	44.96
MODULE Voc (V)	53.60
MODULE Imp (A)	13.12
MODULE Isc (A)	13.74

STRING SPECS	
MODULES PER STRING	16
STRING POWER (W)	9,440
NOMINAL STRING Vmp (V)	719.36
STRING Voc (V)	857.60
STRING Imp (A)	13.12
STRING Isc (A)	13.74
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT (A)	17.18
MIN STRING OCPD RATING (A)	21.47
CORRECTED MAX STRING Voc (V)	16.00
CORRECTED MIN STRING VOLTAGE (V)	981.02

MODULE SPECS (BSTC)	
MAKE/MODEL:	Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S.3 / BFG 590 (BSTC)
MODULE POWER (W)	645
MODULE Vmp (V)	44.95
MODULE Voc (V)	53.79
MODULE Imp (A)	14.36
MODULE Isc (A)	15.04

STRING SPECS (BSTC)	
MODULES PER STRING	16
STRING POWER (W)	10,326
NOMINAL STRING Vmp (V)	719.20
STRING Voc (V)	860.64
STRING Imp (A)	14.36
STRING Isc (A)	15.04
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT (A)	18.80
MIN STRING OCPD RATING (A)	23.50
CORRECTED MAX STRING Voc (V)	16.00
CORRECTED MIN STRING VOLTAGE (V)	984.49

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DIST.
AC SINGLE LINE
DIAGRAM
7788-7784 COUNTY RD 229
RANCHVIEW COUNTY,
HELENA, MT 59602

PROJ: 194-0117-0117
DESN: BEP
DRWN: BEP
CHKD: MLC

E-201

NOT FOR
CONSTRUCTION
DRAFT

TETRA TECH



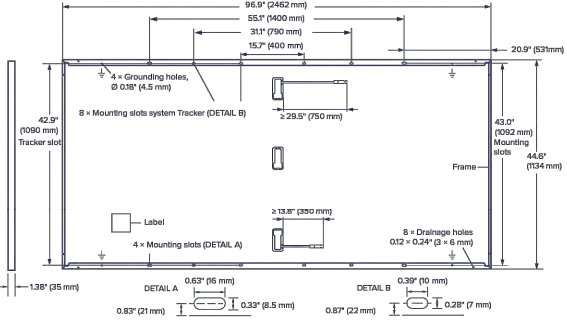
www.tetrattech.com

Copyright: Tetra Tech

Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S SERIES

Mechanical Specification

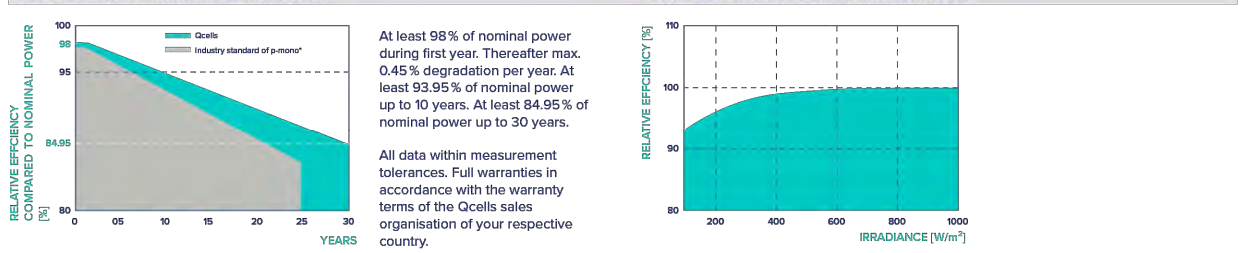
Format	96.9 in × 44.6 in × 1.38 in (including frame) (2462 mm × 1134 mm × 35 mm)
Weight	76.9 lbs (34.9 kg)
Front Cover	0.08 in (2.0 mm) thermally prestressed glass with anti-reflection technology
Back Cover	0.08 in (2.0 mm) semi-tempered glass
Frame	Anodized aluminum
Cell	6 × 26 monocrystalline QANTUM solar half cells
Junction box	2.09.3.98 × 1.26.2.36 × 0.59.0.7 in (53.102 mm × 32.60 mm × 15.18 mm) Protection class IP67, with bypass diodes
Cable	4-core Solar cable (1 × 25.5 in (750 mm) (1 × 13.8 in (350 mm))
Connector	Siluxit MCA, Siluxit MCA Evo2, - IP68



Electrical Characteristics

POWER CLASS		590		595		600		605			
MINIMUM PERFORMANCE AT STANDARD TEST CONDITIONS, STC (POWER TOLERANCE: ±5 W/-0 W)											
Minimum		BESTC		BESTC		BESTC		BESTC			
	Power at MPP ¹	P _{MPP}	[W]	590	645.4	595	650.8	600	656.3	605	661.8
	Short Circuit Current ¹	I _{sc}	[A]	13.74	15.04	13.77	15.07	13.80	15.10	13.82	15.13
	Open Circuit Voltage ¹	V _{oc}	[V]	53.60	53.79	53.63	53.82	53.66	53.85	53.68	53.87
	Current at MPP	I _{MPP}	[A]	13.12	14.36	13.17	14.41	13.22	14.46	13.27	14.52
	Voltage at MPP	V _{MPP}	[V]	44.96	44.95	45.18	45.17	45.39	45.38	45.60	45.59
	Efficiency ¹	η	[%]	≥21.1	≥21.3	≥21.5	≥21.7	≥21.9	≥22.1	≥22.3	≥22.5

Measurement tolerances P_{MPP} ±3%; I_{sc} V_{oc} ±5% at STC: 1000 W/m ² , ρ = 135 W/m ² ; at BESTC: 1000 W/m ² , ρ = 135 W/m ² , T_c = 70% $\pm$ 2 °C, AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3						
MINIMUM PERFORMANCE AT NORMAL OPERATING CONDITIONS, NMOT ¹						
Minimum	Power at MPP	P_{MPP} [W]	444.2	448.0	451.8	455.5
	Short Circuit Current	I_{sc} [A]	11.07	11.09	11.11	11.13
	Open Circuit Voltage	V_{oc} [V]	50.69	50.72	50.76	50.77
	Current at MPP	I_{MPP} [A]	10.34	10.38	10.42	10.47
	Voltage at MPP	V_{MPP} [V]	42.97	43.15	43.34	43.52
Measurement tolerances P_{MPP} ±3%; I_{sc} V_{oc} ±5% at STC: 1000 W/m ² , ρ = 135 W/m ² ; at BESTC: 1000 W/m ² , ρ = 135 W/m ² , T_c = 70% $\pm$ 2 °C, AM 1.5 according to IEC 60904-3						
Cells, PERFORMANCE WARRANTY			PERFORMANCE AT NMOT: spectrum AM 1.5			



*Standard terms of guarantee for the 5 IVV complies with the highest production capacity in 2021 (February 2022)			Typical module performance under low irradiance conditions in comparison to STC conditions (25°C, 1000 W/m²)				
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS							
Temperature Coefficient of I_{sc}	α	[%/K]	+0.04	Temperature Coefficient of V_{oc}	β	[%/K]	-0.27
Temperature Coefficient of P_{MPP}	γ	[%/K]	-0.34	Nominal Module Operating Temperature	NMOT	[°F]	108 ± 5.4 (42 ± 3 °C)

Properties for System Design

Maximum System Voltage	V _{sys} [V]	1500	PV module classification	Class II
Maximum Series Fuse Rating	[A DC]	30	Fuse Rating based on ANSI/UL 61730	TYPE 29*
Max. Push Load ¹ , Test/Design	[lbs/ft ²]	113 (6.400 Pa) / 75 (6600 Pa)	Permitted Module Temperature on Continuous Duty	-40 °F, up to +85 °F (-40 °C up to +85 °C)
Max. Pull Load ¹ , Test/Design	[lbs/ft ²]	78 (7.750 Pa) / 52 (2500 Pa)		

Qualifications and Certificates

UL 61730-1 & UL 61730-2, CE compliant, IEC 61215-2016, IEC 61218-2016, U.S. Patent No. 9,893,215 (bifacial cells)

Ocells pursues minimizing paper output in consideration of the global environment.

USA: 400 Spectrum Center Drive, Suite 1400, Irvine, CA 92618, USA | TEL: +1 949 748 98 98 | EMAIL: hq-enquiry@oceans.com | 1988 www.oceans.com

USA: 400 Spectrum Center Drive, Suite 1400, Irvine, CA 92618, USA | TEL: +1 949 748 98 98 | EMAIL: hq-enquiry@oceans.com | 1988 www.oceans.com

Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S SERIES



590-605 Wp | 156 Cells
21.7% Maximum Module Efficiency

MODEL Q.PEAK DUO XL-G11S-3/BFG



- Bifacial energy yield gain of up to 21%**
Bifacial QANTUM solar cells make efficient use of light shining on the module rear-side for radically improved LCOE.
- Low electricity generation costs**
QANTUM DUO technology with optimized module layout to boost module power and improve LCOE.
- A reliable investment**
Double glass module design enables extended lifetime with 12-year product warranty and improved 30-year performance warranty¹.
- Enduring high performance**
Long-term yield security with Anti-LID and Anti-PID Technology², Hot-Spot Protect.
- Frame for versatile mounting options**
High-tech aluminum alloy frame protects from damage, enables use of a wide range of mounting structures and is certified regarding IEC for high snow (5400 Pa) and wind loads (3750 Pa³).
- Innovative all-weather technology**
Optimal yields, whatever the weather with excellent low-light and temperature behavior.

The ideal solution for:
Ground-mounted solar power plants



STP 33-US-41 / STP 50-US-41 / STP 62-US-41



Sunny Tripower CORE1-US

33 / 50 / 62

It stands on its own

New! Complies with IEEE 1547-2018 and UL 1741 SB standards



Fully integrated

- No additional racking required for rooftop installation
- Integrated DC and AC disconnects and overvoltage protection
- 12 direct string inputs for reduced labor and material costs
- Up to 60% faster commercial PV system installation

Increased power, flexibility

- Six MPPT trackers for flexible stringing and maximum power production
- ShadeFix, SMA's proprietary shade management solution, optimizes at the string level
- Intelligent string monitoring to pinpoint array performance issues

Enhanced safety, reliability

- Integrated SunSpec PFC signal for module-level rapid shutdown
- DC AFCI arc-fault protection certified to Standard UL 1699B Ed. 1

Smart monitoring, control, service

- IV curve diagnostic function to visualize and document PV string electrical characteristics
- Increased ROI with SMA ennoCS cross sector energy management platform
- SMA Smart Connected proactive O&M solution reduces time spent diagnosing and servicing in the field

The Sunny Tripower CORE1 is the world's first free-standing PV inverter for commercial rooftops, carports, ground mount and repowering legacy solar projects.

From distribution to construction to operation, the Sunny Tripower CORE1 enables logistical, material, labor and service cost reductions, and is the most versatile, cost-effective commercial solution available. Integrated SunSpec PFC for rapid shutdown and enhanced DC AFCI arc-fault protection ensure compliance to the latest safety codes and standards. With Sunny Tripower CORE1 and SMA's ennoCS cross sector energy management platform, system integrators can deliver comprehensive commercial energy solutions for increased ROI.



Technical data	Sunny Tripower CORE1 33-US	Sunny Tripower CORE1 50-US	Sunny Tripower CORE1 62-US
Input (DC)			
Maximum array power	50000 Wp STC	75000 Wp STC	92750 Wp STC
Maximum system voltage	1000 V	1000 V	1000 V
Rated MPPT voltage range	330 V...800 V	500 V...800 V	550 V...800 V
MPPT operating voltage range	150 V...1000 V	150 V...1000 V	150 V...1000 V
Minimum DC voltage / start voltage	150 V / 185 V	150 V / 185 V	150 V / 185 V
MPPT tracking / strings per MPPT input	6 / 2	6 / 2	6 / 2
Maximum usable operating input current / per MPPT tracker	120 A / 20 A	120 A / 20 A	120 A / 20 A
Maximum short circuit current per MPPT / per string input	32 A / 20 A	32 A / 20 A	32 A / 20 A
Output (AC)			
AC nominal power	33000 W	50000 W	62500 W
Maximum apparent power	33000 VA	50000 VA	62500 VA
Output phases / line connections	3 / 3-phase PE	3 / 3-phase PE	3 / 3-phase PE
Rated AC voltage	480 V / 277 V WYE	244 V...355 V	244 V...355 V
AC voltage range	480 V / 277 V WYE	244 V...355 V	244 V...355 V
Maximum output current	40 A	64 A	80 A
Rated grid frequency	60 Hz	60 Hz	60 Hz
Grid frequency / range	50 Hz, 60 Hz / 4 Hz...+6 Hz	50 Hz, 60 Hz / 4 Hz...+6 Hz	50 Hz, 60 Hz / 4 Hz...+6 Hz
Power factor at rated power / adjustable displacement	1 / 0.0 leading...0.0 lagging	1 / 0.0 leading...0.0 lagging	1 / 0.0 leading...0.0 lagging
Efficiency (THD)	<3%	<3%	<3%
CEC efficiency	97.5%	97.5%	97.5%
Protection and safety features			
Load rated DC disconnect	•	•	•
Load rated AC disconnect	•	•	•
Ground fault monitoring: Riso / Differential current	•	•	•
DC AFCI arc-fault protection	•	•	•
SunSpec PFC signal for rapid shutdown	•	•	•
DC reverse polarity protection	•	•	•
AC short circuit protection	•	•	•
DC surge protection: Type 2 / Type 1+2	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0
AC surge protection: Type 2 / Type 1+2	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0
Protection class / overvoltage category (as per UL 840)	1 / 1	1 / 1	1 / 1
General data			
Device dimensions (W / H / D)	621 mm / 773 mm / 569 mm (24.4 in x 28.8 in x 22.4 in)	621 mm / 773 mm / 569 mm (24.4 in x 28.8 in x 22.4 in)	621 mm / 773 mm / 569 mm (24.4 in x 28.8 in x 22.4 in)
Device weight	84 kg (185 lb)	84 kg (185 lb)	84 kg (185 lb)
Operating temperature range	-25 °C...+40 °C (-13 °F...+104 °F)	-25 °C...+40 °C (-13 °F...+104 °F)	-25 °C...+40 °C (-13 °F...+104 °F)
Storage temperature range	-40 °C...+70 °C (-40 °F...+158 °F)	-40 °C...+70 °C (-40 °F...+158 °F)	-40 °C...+70 °C (-40 °F...+158 °F)
Available noise emissions (1 m and 25 °C)	65 dB(A)	65 dB(A)	65 dB(A)
Topology	Transformerless	Transformerless	Transformerless
Cooling concept	OptiCool (forced convection, variable speed fans)	OptiCool (forced convection, variable speed fans)	OptiCool (forced convection, variable speed fans)
Enclosure protection rating	Type 4X, 355 (as per UL 508)	Type 4X, 355 (as per UL 508)	Type 4X, 355 (as per UL 508)
Connectivity classification according to IEC 61701	C3*	C3*	C3*
Maximum permissible relative humidity (non-condensing)	100%	100%	100%
Additional information			
Mounting	Free-standing with included mounting feet	Free-standing with included mounting feet	Free-standing with included mounting feet
DC connection	Amphenol LUTX PV or MPA16 connectors	Amphenol LUTX PV or MPA16 connectors	Amphenol LUTX PV or MPA16 connectors
Screen approvals	4 AWG to 4/0 AWG CU/AL	4 AWG to 4/0 AWG CU/AL	4 AWG to 4/0 AWG CU/AL
LED indicators (Status / Fault / Communication)	•	•	•
Network interfaces: Ethernet / WLAN / RS485	•	•	•
Data protocols: SMA Modbus / SunSpec IEEE 1547 Modbus / Webconnect	•	•	•
ShadeFix technology for string level optimization	•	•	•
Intelligent string performance monitoring	•	•	•
IV curve diagnostic function	•	•	•
Integrated Plant Control / G on Demand 24/7	•	•	•
SMA Smart Connected (passive monitoring and service support)	•	•	•
Certifications			
Certification and approvals	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1996, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1996, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741	UL 1741, UL 1699B Ed. 1, UL 1996, CSA 22.2 107.3, PV Input Shutdown System Engineering, UL 3741
IEC compliance	IEC 61701-1 Class A	IEC 61701-1 Class A	IEC 61701-1 Class A
Grid interconnection standards	IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SA/58 - CA Rule 21, HECO S&B V2.0	IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SA/58 - CA Rule 21, HECO S&B V2.0	IEEE 1547-2018, UL 1741 SA/58 - CA Rule 21, HECO S&B V2.0
Advanced grid support capabilities	L/HVRT, L/HVET, Volt-VAr, Volt-Watt, Frequency-Watt, Ramp Rate Control, Fixed Power Factor	L/HVRT, L/HVET, Volt-VAr, Volt-Watt, Frequency-Watt, Ramp Rate Control, Fixed Power Factor	L/HVRT, L/HVET, Volt-VAr, Volt-Watt, Frequency-Watt, Ramp Rate Control, Fixed Power Factor
Warranty			
Standard	10 years	10 years	10 years
Optional extensions	15 / 20 years	15 / 20 years	15 / 20 years
Optional features	•	•	•
Type designation	STP 33-US-41	STP 50-US-41	STP 62-US-41
Accessories			
SMA Data Manager M1 EDMA1010	•	•	•
SMA Sensor Module MS2-SN-US-40	•	•	•
Universal Mounting System SM1-KIS-10	•	•	•
AC Surge Protection Module Kit AC-SPS-001-10, AC-SPS-002-112, DC Surge Protection Module Kit DC-SPS-001-10, DC-SPS-002-112	•	•	•

Toll Free +1 888 4 SMA USA
www.SMA-America.com

SMA America, LLC

3/18/2025 5:09:46 PM - C:\USERS\ALAN\TENNERY\DESKTOP\ROWD_UPDATE\E-101 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT AND LAYOUT PLAN - FIXED TILT ESS DWG - TENNERY, ALAN

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DISTRICT -
SOLAR PLANT CONCEPTUAL DESIGN:

SCENARIO #3 - FIXED-TILT PV RACKING WITH BACK-UP
ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM



GENERAL NOTES:

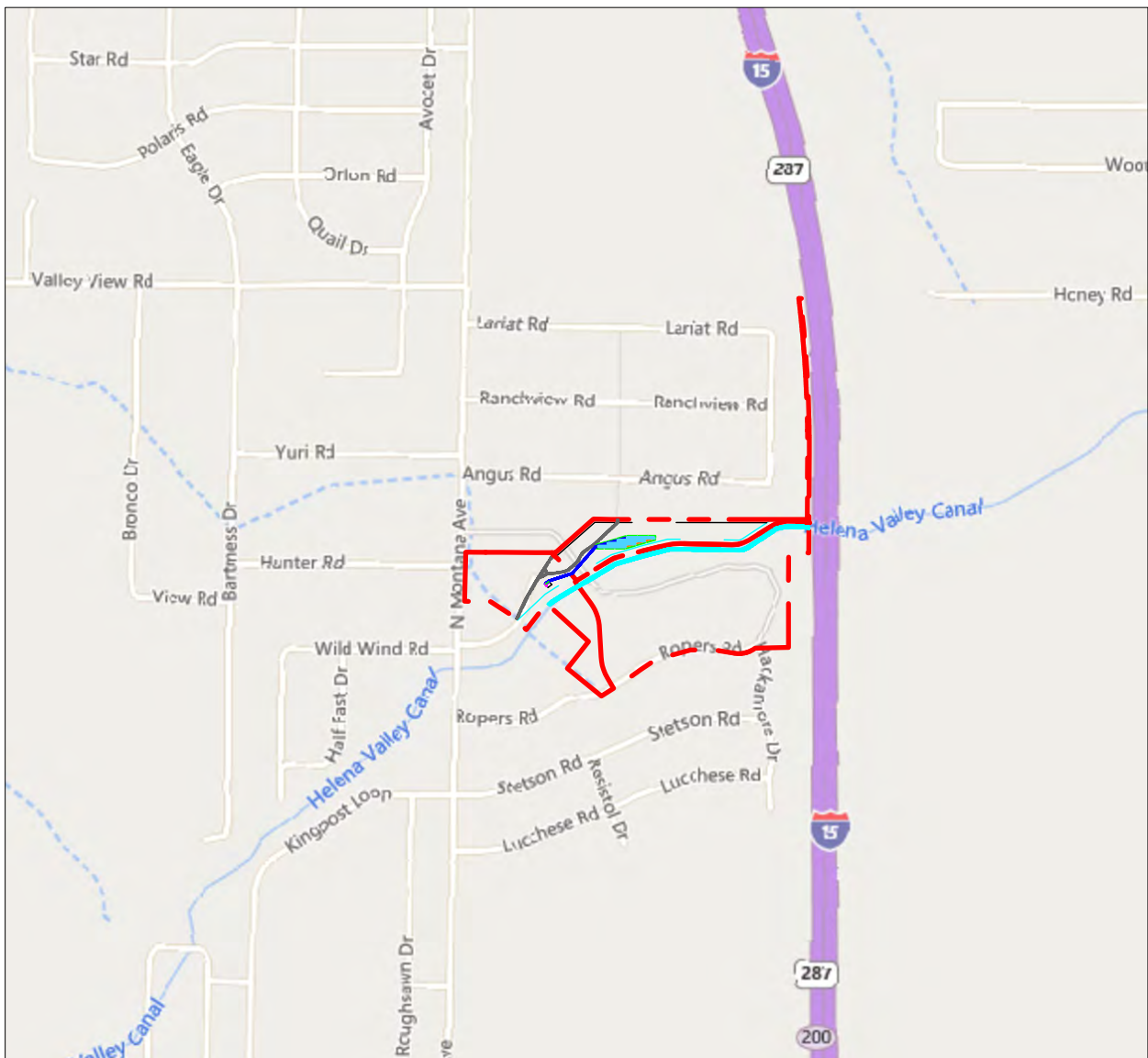
- THIS IS A CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT FOR ELECTRICAL DESIGN. SEE THE RACKING MANUFACTURER LAYOUT AND SHOP DRAWINGS FOR MORE DETAIL ON RACKING STRUCTURES.
- SITE ACCESS WILL BE THROUGH EXISTING ACCESS DRIVES. SEE CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR PROPOSED SITE ACCESS ROAD DETAILS.
- UNDERGROUND ELECTRICAL AND COMM SHALL BE INSTALLED THROUGH TRENCHING.
- THE UNITS OF THE DIMENSIONS IN THIS CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT ARE IN FEET, DECIMAL FORMAT.

LEGEND

	INVERTER		CANAL
	PV RACKING (9 MODULES)		50' WATER SETBACK
	PARCEL BOUNDARY		20' PARCEL SETBACK
	FENCE		EXISTING ACCESS ROADS
	PV AREA		DC TRENCH ROUTING
	AC TRENCH ROUTING		BATTERY

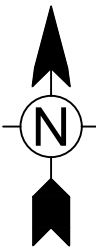
SITE CONDITIONS	
METEO STATION	HELENA, MT, USA (WMO: 727720)
EXTREME ANNUAL LOW TEMP (°C)	-28.3
AVERAGE HIGH AMBIENT TEMP (°C)	37
TILT	15

SYSTEM SPECS	
DC CAPACITY (kW)	86.40
DC CAPACITY - BSTC (kW)	94.50
AC CAPACITY (KVA)	48
DC/AC RATIO (%)	1.80
DC/AC RATIO - BSTC (%)	1.97
MODULE MODEL	Q PEAK DUO XL-G10.3/BFG 480
TOTAL NUMBER OF MODULES	180
TOTAL NUMBER OF STRINGS	20
INVERTER MODEL	SMA SUNNY BOY SMART ENERGY-LS 9.6
TOTAL NUMBER OF INVERTERS	5
BATTERY MODEL	SMA HOME STORAGE-US 18.9
BATTERY CAPACITY (kWh)	18.9
TOTAL NUMBER OF BATTERIES	5
TOTAL BATTERY CAPACITY (kWh)	94.5
TILT	15
AZIMUTH	180
RACKING	FIXED-TILT



2 VICINITY MAP

Scale: NTS



TETRA TECH



www.tetratech.com

NOT FOR
CONSTRUCTION

DRAFT

RANCHVIEW COUNTY WATER DIST.
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT
& LAYOUT PLAN
7788-7784 COUNTY RD 229
RANCHVIEW COUNTY,
HELENA, MT 59602

PROJ: 194-0117-0117
DESN: BEP
DRWN: BEP
CHKD: MLC

E-101

Copyright: Tetra Tech

Bar Measures 1 inch, otherwise drawing not to scale



INVERTER SPECS		
MAKE/MODEL: SMA SUNNY BOY SMART ENERGY-US 9.6		
QUANTITY		5
MAX DC CURRENT Isc (A)		60
MAX DC VOLTAGE (V)		600
MPPT VOLTAGE RANGE (V)		168-480
NOMINAL PHASE-TO-PHASE VOLTAGE (V)		240
NOMINAL AC POWER (kW)		9.6
MAX OUTPUT CURRENT (A)		40

MODULE SPECS (BSTC)	
MAKE/MODEL: Q PEAK DUO XL-G10.3/BFG 480 (BSTC)	
MODULE POWER (W)	525
MODULE V_{mp} (V)	45.32
MODULE V_{oc} (V)	53.58
MODULE I_{mp} (A)	11.58
MODULE I_{sc} (A)	12.17

STRING SPECS (BSTC)	
MODULES PER STRING	9
STRING POWER (W)	4.725
NOMINAL STRING Vmp (V)	407.88
STRING Voc (V)	482.22
STRING Imp (A)	11.58
STRING Isc (A)	12.17
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT (A)	15.21
MIN STRING OCPD RATING (A)	19.02
FUSE RATING (A)	20
CORRECTED MAX STRING Voc (V)	551.62
CORRECTED MIN STRING VOLTAGE (V)	363.50

DC FEEDER SCHEDULE							
FEEDER TAG	SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (Isc) (A)	MIN. OVERCURRENT DEVICE (FUSE) RATING (A)	No. CIRCUITS PER CONDUIT	(No.) CU CONDUCTOR	CONDUIT SIZE (PVC SCH. 80)	AMPACITY DERATING FACTOR	CALCULATED WORSE CASE CONDUCTOR AMPACITY (PER NEC TABLE 310.15 (B)(3)(a))
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 01-1-4	12.2	20	4	(8) #10 AWG	1-1/2"	0.7	28.0
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 02-1-4	12.2	20	4	(8) #10 AWG	1-1/2"	0.7	28.0
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 03-1-4	12.2	20	4	(8) #10 AWG	1-1/2"	0.7	28.0
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 04-1-4	12.2	20	4	(8) #10 AWG	1-1/2"	0.7	28.0
FDR-ARRAY 1-INV 05-1-4	12.2	20	4	(8) #10 AWG	1-1/2"	0.7	28.0
FDR-BATTERY-SEGMENT #1-1-1	52.0	65.0	1	(2) #4 AWG	3/4"	1	70.0
FDR-BATTERY-SEGMENT #2-2-2	52.0	65.0	1	(2) #4 AWG	3/4"	1	70.0
FDR-BATTERY-SEGMENT #3-3-3	52.0	65.0	1	(2) #4 AWG	3/4"	1	70.0
FDR-BATTERY-SEGMENT #4-4-4	52.0	65.0	1	(2) #4 AWG	3/4"	1	70.0
FDR-BATTERY-SEGMENT #5-5-5	52.0	65.0	1	(2) #4 AWG	3/4"	1	70.0

Unit Definitions

(kW) kilowatt – a standard measure of electrical capacity, equal to 1000 Watts.

(kWh) kilowatt hour – a standard measure of electrical output. A 1 kW generator operating at rated capacity for one hour will produce 1 kWh of electricity.

(DC) direct current – the unidirectional flow of electric charge

(AC) alternating current – the multidirectional flow of electric charge

(\$/kW-yr) – an annual expense (or revenue) based on generator capacity

(\$) – All CREST model values are in nominal dollars

(¢/kWh) – cents per kilowatt hour

(%) – an input with units expressed as a percentage

(years or year) – an input applicable to a specified duration or project year

(\$/yr) – inputs measured in dollars and applied annually

(months) – designates the number of months to which an input applies

Pass/Fail – denotes whether the two debt service coverage ratio tests have passed or failed.

Unit Definitions

(kW) kilowatt – a standard measure of electrical capacity, equal to 1000 Watts.

(kWh) kilowatt hour – a standard measure of electrical output. A 1 kW generator operating at rated capacity for one hour will produce 1 kWh of electricity.

(DC) direct current – the unidirectional flow of electric charge

(AC) alternating current – the multidirectional flow of electric charge

(\$kW-yr) – an annual expense (or revenue) based on generator capacity

(\$) – All CREST model values are in nominal dollars

(¢kW/h) – cents per kilowatt hour

(%) – an input with units expressed as a percentage

(years or year) – an input applicable to a specified duration or project year

(\$/yr) – inputs measured in dollars and applied annually

(months) – designates the number of months to which an input applies

Pass/Fail – denotes whether the two debt service coverage ratio tests have passed or failed.

Lookup for State Average Capacity Factor		
State List	DC Capacity factor	
AK	9.0%	
AL	15.1%	
AR	15.1%	
AZ	19.4%	
CO	18.0%	
CT	17.7%	
DE	14.5%	
FL	16.0%	
GA	15.3%	
HI	16.9%	
IA	13.8%	
ID	16.2%	
IL	14.0%	
IN	13.7%	
KS	16.4%	
KY	14.0%	
LA	15.1%	
MA	13.3%	
MD	14.6%	
ME	13.1%	
MI	13.2%	
MN	13.5%	
MO	14.9%	
MS	15.3%	
MT	15.0%	
NC	15.5%	
ND	14.2%	
NE	15.8%	
NH	13.2%	
NJ	14.5%	
NM	19.5%	
NV	18.6%	
NY	13.3%	
OH	13.2%	
OK	16.5%	
OR	14.6%	
PA	13.5%	
RI	13.8%	
SC	15.8%	
SD	14.8%	
TN	14.9%	
TX	16.2%	
UT	17.9%	
VA	14.9%	
VT	12.9%	
WA	13.7%	
WV	13.1%	
WY	17.1%	

Unit	Definition
(kW)	kilowatt – a standard measure of electrical capacity, equal to 1000 Watts.
(kWh)	kilowatt hour – a standard measure of electrical output. A 1 kW generator operating at rated capacity for one hour will produce 1 kWh of electricity.
(DC)	direct current – the unidirectional flow of electric charge
(AC)	alternating current – the multidirectional flow of electric charge
(\$/kW-yr)	– an annual expense (or revenue) based on generator capacity
(\$)	– All CREST model values are in nominal dollars
¢/kWh	– cents per kilowatt hour
(%)	– an input with units expressed as a percentage
(years or year)	– an input applicable to a specified duration or project year
(\$/yr)	– inputs measured in dollars and applied annually
(months)	– designates the number of months to which an input applies
Pass/Fail	– denotes whether the two debt service coverage ratio tests have passed or failed.

APPENDIX E: NWE ELECTRICAL PERMIT



Received:

Level 1 Small Generator Facility Interconnection Request

Applicability

For interconnecting an electric Small Generator Facility with aggregate Nameplate Capacity of up to 50 kilowatts ("kW") alternating current ("AC") using certified interconnection equipment.

Electric Distribution Company: NorthWestern Energy ("NorthWestern")

Designated Contact Person: Interconnection Specialist

Address: 11 East Park
Butte, MT 59701

Telephone: 406-497-4165

E-Mail: northwesternenergymeter@northwestern.com

Request for Interconnection ("Request") is considered complete when all applicable information required below is provided. Additional information to evaluate the Request may be required.

Preamble and Instructions

When used in this Request, with initial capitalization, the terms specified shall have the meanings indicated or specified in the Request. This Request applies to a Small Generator Facility located on the utility Customer's premises that:

- is connected, or will be connected, to NorthWestern's Electric Distribution System,
- has an aggregate Nameplate Capacity of generation and storage components of not more than 50 kW AC,
- has storage components that store and discharge only electrical energy produced from the net metering system and do not store or discharge electrical energy received from NorthWestern's Electric Distribution System, and
- is designed to operate in parallel with the Electric Distribution System, and has equipment-labeled and publicly listed by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory at the time of the Request.

For Level 1 Small Generator Facilities that include a net meter, refer to NorthWestern's Electric Tariff Rule No. 16 Electric Net Metering for applicability, terms and conditions, and additional relevant information.

The Customer installing the Small Generator Facility must be in Good Standing with NorthWestern.

An Applicant may submit this Request by hand delivery, mail, or e-mail to NorthWestern's Interconnection Department.

Processing Fee

A non-refundable processing fee of \$200 must accompany this Request.

Applicant

Legal Name of Applicant (or, if a business, business's name) – Must be the NorthWestern Customer, or the owner of the premises if the Customer is a tenant.

Name: _____

Contact Person: _____

Mailing Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Telephone (Day): _____ (Evening): _____

E-Mail: _____

Facility Location (if Different from mailing address):

Alternate Contact Information (if different from Applicant)

Contact Name: _____

Title: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

Telephone (Day): _____ (Evening): _____

E-Mail: _____

- Request is for:**
- ☐ New Small Generator Facility on existing electric service that will be net metered
 - ☐ New Small Generator Facility on existing electric service that will **not** be net metered
 - ☐ Capacity addition to existing Small Generator Facility
 - ☐ New Small Generator Facility on new electric service (New Construction)

For installations at locations with existing electric service to which the proposed Small Generator Facility will interconnect, provide:

Premises Address of Existing Service:

Existing Electric Account Number:

Existing Electric Meter Number (located on bill - is meter that will be replaced if net meter will be installed):



NorthWestern Energy Net Metering Department
Interconnection Specialist
NorthWesternEnergyNetMeter@northwestern.com

☎ 406-497-4165

11 E Park St
Butte, MT 59701-1711

Small Generator Facility Information – Check all that apply (Note: Net metered facilities can only be fueled by solar, wind, and/or hydropower)

Energy Source: Solar ☐ Wind ☐ Hydro ☐ Diesel ☐ Natural Gas ☐
 Fuel Oil ☐ Battery ☐ Other (describe) _____

Prime Mover: Reciprocating Engine ☐ Fuel Cell ☐ Turbine ☐

Other (state type) _____ ☐ Not Applicable ☐

Generator Type: Synchronous Generator ☐ Induction Generator ☐

Inverter Based Generator ☐ Not Applicable ☐

Total Nameplate Capacity (Aggregate of all Sources): _____ (kW) _____ (kVA)

Generator Nameplate Capacity: _____ (kW) _____ (kVA) (list for each source, if multiple generating sources)

Storage Nameplate Capacity _____ (kW) _____ (kVA) _____ (kWh)

Phase: Single Phase ☐ Three Phase ☐

Estimated Small Generator Facility Installation Date: _____

Estimated Small Generator Facility In-Service Date: _____

Will the external, visible load break switch (generator disconnect switch) be located more than 10 feet from the meter? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, NorthWestern's written approval, which may require a site visit, will be required. Please show the proposed location of the disconnect switch in the detailed site diagram referenced below, and include an explanation for why it is preferable for the disconnect switch to be located more than 10 feet from the meter.

List components of the Small Generator Facility electrical equipment package, the certifying entity, and standard number. Attach additional sheets as needed for the components list and attach manufacturer specification sheets for all certified or standardized equipment, including Manufacturer and Model information. See Example below.

Electrical Equipment Description	Certifying Entity (IEEE 1547, NRTL*)	Standard #
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

*Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory

Enclose copy of site electrical one-line diagram showing the configuration of all Small Generator Facility equipment, current and potential circuits, and protection and control schemes if applicable. See example below. Is One-Line Diagram enclosed? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Enclose a detailed site diagram and any other documentation necessary to indicate the precise physical location of the proposed Small Generator Facility and related equipment (e.g., solar array diagram, inverter location, storage location, USGS topographic map or other diagram or documentation including solar array, inverter location, disconnect location, etc.). An example has been provided below.

If the proposed net metering system includes storage components, please provide an explanation of the charging, discharging, and operating plan for the storage device, including a one-line diagram that includes the storage device. Prior to connection of the net metering system to NorthWestern Energy's Electric Distribution System, Customer must be prepared to demonstrate that the net metering system's storage charge and discharge functions comply with Rule 16 of NorthWestern Energy's Electric Tariff.

Is Physical Location Documentation enclosed? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Form No. _____

Include in this Request a Line Diagram, Site Map of the proposed Small Scale Generator Facility and product specification sheets. See examples A, B and C as reference.

For installations requiring a net meter, provide the information required in Exhibit A, attached.

Applicant Signature

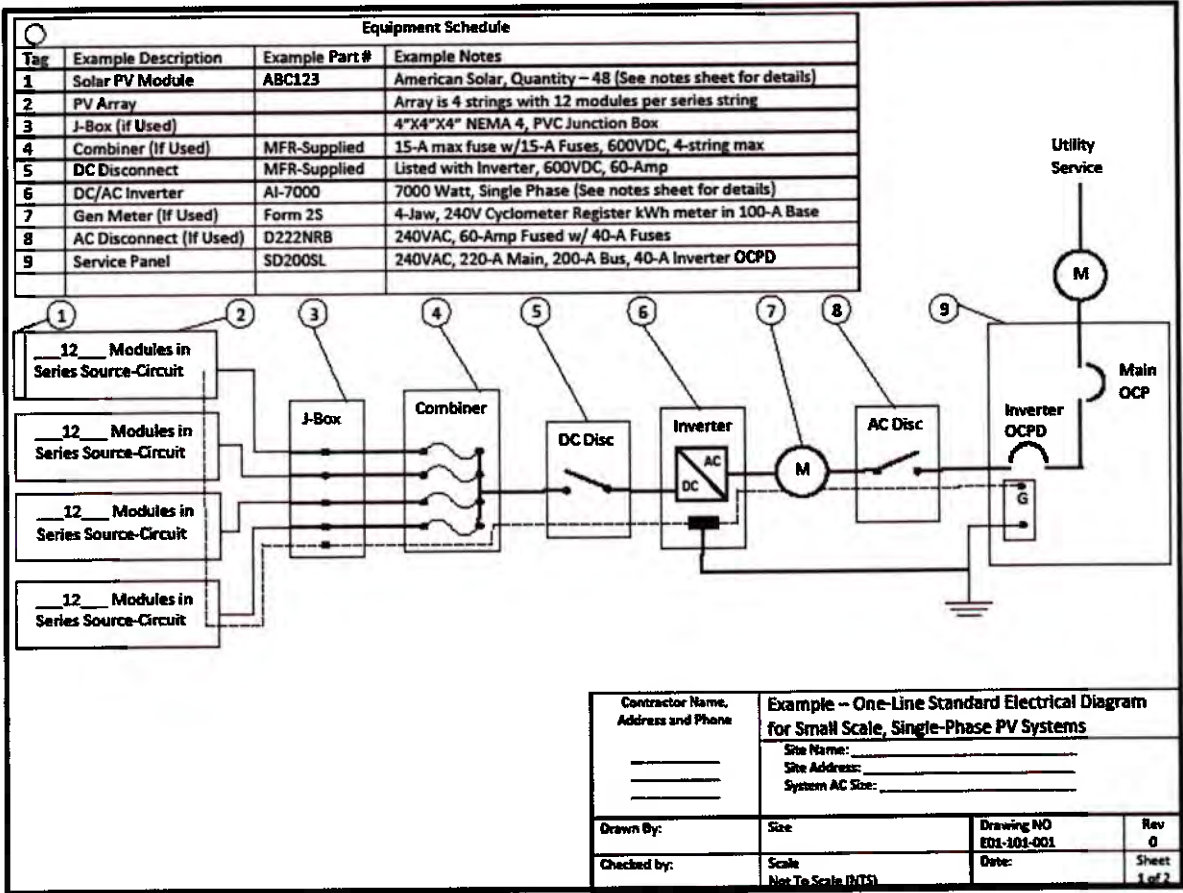
I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this Request is true.

Print Name: _____

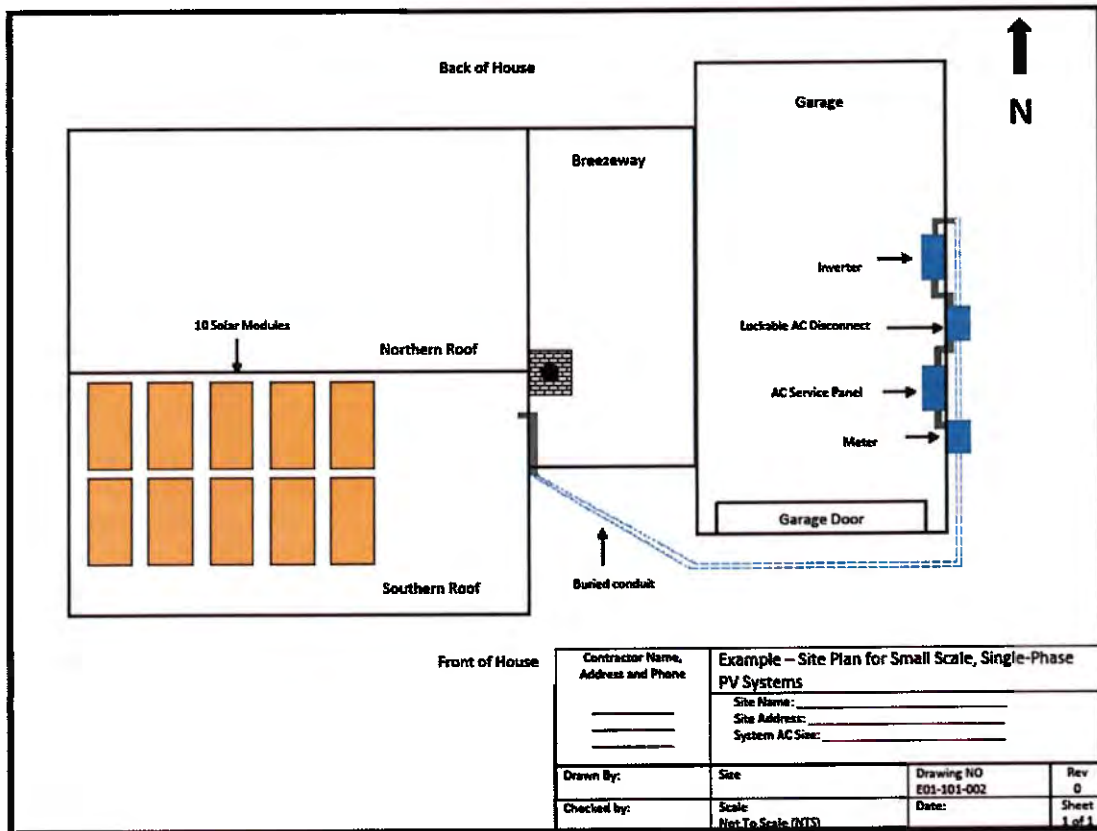
Signature: _____

Title (if applicable): _____ Date: _____

EXAMPLE 1: Line Diagram



EXAMPLE 2: Site Plan



Example 3: Equipment Specification Sheets

PV Module Ratings @STC	
Module Make	
Module Model	
Max Power-Point Current (I_{mp})	A
Max Power-Point Voltage (V_{mp})	V
Open-Circuit Voltage (V_{oc})	V
Short-Circuit Current (I_{sc})	A
Max Series Fuse (OCPD)	A
Max Power (P_{max})	W
Max Voltage (TYP 600V _{oc})	V
VOC Temp Coeff (mV/°C □ or %/°C □)	
If Coeff Supplied, Circle Units	

Inverter Ratings	
Inverter Make	
Inverter Model	
Max DC Volt Rating	V
Max Power @ 40 °C	W
Nominal AC Voltage	V
Max AC Current	A
Max OCPD Rating	A

Contractor Name, Address and Phone _____ _____ _____	Example -- One-Line Standard Electrical Diagram for Small Scale, Single-Phase PV Systems		
	Site Name: _____		
	Site Address: _____		
	System AC Size: _____		
Drawn By: _____	Size _____	Drawing NO E01-101-001	Rev 0
Checked by: _____	Scale Not To Scale (N.T.S.)	Date: _____	Sheet 2 of 2

Exhibit A

Required Net Meter Applicant Information

Generally, Applicants utilizing a Net Meter strive to reduce their monthly total billed usage and minimize their unused excess energy balance (kilowatt-hour) at the time of the annual settle-up at the end of the selected 12-month billing period. This is very important because the excess energy balance resets to zero at that time.

In order to receive a Net Meter, please choose a settle-up month below. In accordance with normal metering practices, your applicable meter reading day during the selected settle-up month will be your annual settle-up date for the 12-month billing period. Depending on the date that the Small Generator Facility commences Interconnected operation, the first settle-up period may be more than 12 months. Tracking of excess electricity for billing purposes begins only after the Applicant is authorized for Interconnected operation of the Small Generator Facility in accordance with the Applicant's Interconnection Agreement. The Applicant should be aware that any generation from the Small Generator Facility that is exported onto NorthWestern's Electric Distribution System before a net meter installation is complete will be registered by the existing non-net meter and billed as consumption.

Settle-up Month for the 12-month Billing Period

January ☐April ☐July ☐October ☐

The selection of the settle-up month for the 12-month billing period is an important decision. Applicants are encouraged to examine and understand their electrical usage patterns and renewable energy system output in order to select the settle-up month that works best. A graph of the most recent 12 months of electrical usage is shown on your monthly electric bill. It may also be helpful to consult with a renewable energy installer.

Once the original settle-up month has been selected, the Applicant could choose to change their settle-up month. NorthWestern will grant a one-time change to the settle-up month for the 12-month billing period. After the one-time change has been confirmed by NorthWestern, the Applicant's applicable meter reading day in the new settle-up month will then become the permanent settle-up date.

For Applicant:

Print Name: _____

Signature: _____

Title: (if applicable) _____

Date: _____

APPENDIX F: NWE PROJECT QUALIFICATIONS AND PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS



NorthWestern Energy E+ Renewable Custom Incentive Proposal Requirements For Non-Profit or Government/Public Buildings

The E+ Renewable Energy Program provides custom incentives for projects that benefit organizations and communities for non-profit or government facilities. Projects must provide civic value including education and visible representation of renewable energy technologies to a broad audience. A limited amount of electric Universal System Benefits (USB) funding is available.

Qualifications and Requirements:

- Incentives are available to approved commercial electric customers that are a non-profit or a government/public building. Final determination of eligibility rests solely with NorthWestern Energy
- Proposals are considered twice a year:
 - Spring Proposals: Received by 5 p.m., Mountain Time on May 1
 - Fall Proposals: Received by 5 p.m., Mountain Time on November 1
- Project must be installed by NorthWestern Energy Renewable Energy Qualified Installer
- Project may not exceed total Alternating Current (AC) nameplate capacity of 50 kilowatts (kW)
- Project must meet NorthWestern's Interconnection Standards at the time of the installation
- Project must be net metered
- Projects that are not selected may submit for consideration in a future funding cycle

A cover letter and proposal are required. The cover letter must include:

- Organization name (name of non-profit organization or government/public building)
- Contact information (address, phone #, e-mail)
- Short project summary
 - Amount of incentive requested
 - Sector (i.e. government/public or non-profit)
 - Non-profit organizations—include summary of the organization's purpose or mission statement
 - Detailed Education Plan

A sample cover letter and Custom Incentive Proposal requirements are provided.

Projects are selected based upon ranking of the following five criteria:

- Non-Profit or Government/Public building
- Geographic Location – NorthWestern looks at locations of past projects and where there are geographic gaps or need for public purpose balance
- Participant Match (at least 10%)
- Educational Value – Detailed plan for providing education on the benefits of the project
- System Maintenance – Include equipment warranty and detailed future maintenance strategy

Email (preferred) the Proposal and supporting documents:
E+Programs@northwestern.com

Questions may be directed to the email above or by calling
888-700-6878

Or mail the Proposal and supporting documents:

NorthWestern Energy
E+ Renewable Program
11 E Park St.
Butte, MT 59701-1711

NorthWestern Energy E+ Renewable Custom Incentive Proposal Requirements

The Proposal must include the following details, be accompanied with a cover letter, and submitted by the deadline in order to be considered. Contracts will be developed for selected projects in advance of installations. Project must be net metered and meet NorthWestern Interconnection Standards.

Item	What is Required?
1. Organization	Government or non-profit entity name. If non-profit, provide documentation of non-profit status.
2. Project description	Project type, nameplate size, and information such as component manufacturer(s) and mounting type (for solar PV), or component manufacturer(s), design, and tower height (for wind power).
3. Project location	Address of installation (use physical location - not PO box). If multiple buildings exist, give location description (i.e. – shop, main office) and the meter number associated with the interconnection.
4. Project parts list and costs	Include bid sheet (show complete and detailed parts list and costs).
5. Project design costs	If design costs are incurred, list amount and design contractor(s) name and contact information.
6. Project labor costs	Include labor costs, when applicable.
7. Project total costs	Total parts, design, and labor costs (total lines 3 + 4 + 5).
8. Amount of incentive requested	Provide amount and/or percentage of funding requested through the E+ Renewable Program.
9. Other sources of funding	Include other funding sources that will support the project and amount of funding. (i.e. - self funded, Montana Alternative Energy Revolving Loan).
10. Past projects	List and describe any other projects that were funded using USB renewable funding at this location.
11. Nameplate capacity of system	Total Alternating Current (AC) nameplate capacity in kilowatts (kW).
12. Projected system capacity factor	Expected average output divided by capacity.
13. Projected yearly output of system	Provide in annual kilowatt hours (kWh).
14. Projected life expectancy of system	Provide in years.
15. Projected lifetime output of system	Provide in kilowatt hours (kWh).
16. Describe if the system is being used in tandem with any other source of generation or storage.	List other system type (i.e. - gas generator, small wind, small hydro, battery storage).
17. Describe monitoring and verification plan for the project.	What methods will customer use to track kWh produced and how will system performance be determined?
18. Describe the system warranty and plan in place for system maintenance.	Include equipment warranty and detailed future maintenance strategy.
19. Permits and permit jurisdictions that are applicable to this project.	List type of permit and jurisdiction (i.e. Electrical permit, City of Billings).
20. Identify the customer group the project will most benefit.	List primary group (i.e. - residential, low-income, general public, government).
21. List environmental impacts of the project.	List impacts -positive and negative (i.e. - greenhouse gas reductions, visual impacts of installations).
22. NorthWestern Energy Renewable Energy Qualified Installer.	Provide the name of the NorthWestern Energy Renewable Energy Qualified Installer. (If to be competitively bid, please note.)
Education Plan is Required. Plans must include the Following:	
23. Projected costs for educational seminars, media, tours, publications.	Provide type and projected cost.
24. Projected number of people impacted.	Provide both direct and indirect contact statistics.
25. List target audience group(s).	Provide all types (i.e. students, general public, and industry professionals).
26. How will you verify project success?	Provide how contact statistics will be verified - if seminars or education, how will success be verified?

ANYWHERE MT LIBRARY 123 MAIN STREET ANYWHERE, MT 59700 406-555-5555

November 1, 2022

NorthWestern Energy E+ Renewable Program
11 E Park Street
Butte, MT 59701-1711
Email: E+Programs@northwestern.com

Attached is the proposal for the 25.8 kW total Alternating Current (AC) nameplate capacity solar PV system on the Anywhere Library. The total cost of the project is \$86,700.00 for which we are requesting an incentive through Universal System Benefits dollars of \$69,360. We have secured 20% matching funds for the balance of the project funding.

Prior to seeking an E+ Renewable incentive for this project for this Public Building, our library formed a study group to research renewable energy technologies for our library as both a way to reduce energy costs over the long haul and to provide additional education to our clients on renewable energy. We have contacted a contractor listed on the NorthWestern Energy Renewable Energy Qualified Installer list to complete this project.

We have had an energy audit on our building. We are making progress on the recommendations of the audit to reduce our energy costs separate of the installation of the renewable generation. We have already changed out our lights to LEDs and taken advantage of NorthWestern's E+ Commercial Lighting Rebate program to help offset costs.

Our library is a taxpayer-supported community gathering place in Anywhere. The orientation of the solar panels will allow them to be highly visible from Main Street in our community. Additionally, we plan to have information about the solar energy in a display area near our public meeting rooms and we have submitted an education plan as part of our application to reach the broad audience of clients who use the library and its services. Additional details of our education plan is provided in our proposal. We believe this project will benefit the library and provide the community with a better understanding of renewable energy.

Complete project details are provided in the proposal.

Please contact me Jane Doe, at 406-555-5555, jane.doe@anywherelibrary.com or at the Anywhere Library with any questions.

Thank you very much for your consideration of this proposal.

Sincerely,

Jane Doe
Anywhere Library Director